June 1, 1769. NUMB. 2110.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

THE Adventurers in the First Claſs of the PHILADELPHIA and WORCESTER LOTTERY, are deſired to take Notice, That the Time allowed them by Act of Aſſembly, to renew their Tickets in the Second Claſs, will expire the 27th Day of July:---The MANAGERS therefore requeſt thoſe that intend to renew, to apply within the Time, as many People are waiting to take up any Tickets that may be forfeited. The Drawing will begin on Monday, the 31ſt of July, at Mr. Joſiah Davenport's Long Room, in Third-ſtreet.

Lower Merion, May 27, 1769.

To be ſold at public vendue, on Thurſday, the 22d day of June next, on the premiſes,

THE meſſuage and plantation formerly of Mr. Daniel Biles, deceaſed, ſituate in Merion, 7 miles diſtant from Philadelphia, containing 217 acres of land. Its ſite being, for health and proſpect, as agreeable as any place in the county; the ſoil good, and well watered, a ſufficient quantity of woodland, 12 acres of meadow, and more may be made, a large and good orchard of the beſt fruit, as apples, pears, cherries, &c. a large commodious dwelling-houſe and kitchen, with a good well of water adjoining the ſame, a large barn, barracks, and convenient ſheds for cattle, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe, over a never-failing ſpring, with many other conveniencies, ſuitable for a gentleman or farmer. A draft of the ſame may be ſeen at the London Coffee-houſe, or on the premiſes, which will be ſhewn to any perſons inclined to view the ſame before the day of ſale; the conditions whereof, with the title, will be made known by the owners. JENET, WILLIAM and JOHN ADDUDDLE, Execut. of WILLIAM ADDUDDLE, deceaſed. ‡

LATELY came to the plantation of Richard Gardiner, in Blockley townſhip, near the Middle Ferry, on Schuylkill, a bay mare, of about 13 hands high, has neither brand nor ear mark as yet diſcovered; ſhe has a ſmall white mark on the top of her neck. The owner may have her again, by proving his property, and applying to ROBERT WICKERSHAM, *living on ſaid plantation.* §

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land, containing 200 acres, ſituate in Reeding-Iſland Neck, St. George's Hundred, in the county of New-Caſtle, within a quarter of a mile of Delaware river, and a public landing, 40 acres thereof good meadow, the remainder upland, of which about one half is cleared, the reſt woodland, very well timbered; there is upon the premiſes, a convenient dwelling-houſe, a barn, ſtables, and other out-houſes. Alſo to be ſold, 100 acres of marſh, near ſaid tract. An indiſputable title will be made to the purchaſer, who (on giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt) may have a conſiderable time given for payment of the purchaſe money, if deſired; for further particulars, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. ‡

CORNELIUS CARTY.

This is to inform the PUBLIC,

THAT WILLIAM PARKINSON, Flax-dreſſer from Lancaſter, in Old-England, late of Elm-ſtreet, has now opened his ſtore in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, three doors from the Croſs Keys, where he keeps for ſale dreſſed flax, and hemp of all ſorts.-----Such of his former cuſtomers, and others, who pleaſe to favour him with their commands, may depend on having goods no ways inferior to any here, or in Europe, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

N. B. Any perſon wanting hemp milled, or heckled, by applying to the ſaid William Parkinſon, may have it done in the beſt and ſpeedieſt manner, and at the cheapeſt rate. §

WHEREAS Matthew Hallowell, late of the Townſhip of Horſham, in the county of Philadelphia, hath aſſigned over to us the ſubſcribers, all his eſtate in truſt, for the Uſe of his creditors. Theſe are therefore to requeſt all perſons that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, to meet at the houſe of Aſaph Wilſon, at the ſign of the Crooked Billet, in the Manor of Moreland, on the 19th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive their dividends of ſaid eſtate, otherwiſe be excluded from the ſame.

EZEKIEL CLEAVER, DANIEL THOMAS, Aſſignees. ‡

RUN away on the 14th of May laſt, from the Subſcriber, living in New-Britain townſhip, Bucks county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named John Hollahon, about 18 or 19 years of age, ſlim built, about 5 feet 2 inches high, has ſhort light curled hair, wears an old dark coloured bearſkin coat, much torn about the arms, and one of the cuffs torn off, a white linen jacket, home made ſhirt and trowſers, black ſtockings, old ſhoes, with ſtrings, and an old felt hat; pretends he has got the King's evil on his thigh, and loves drink. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him to his maſter, or ſecures him in any goal or workhouſe, and gives notice thereof, ſo as he may get him again, ſhall have Four Dollars reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN PENINGTON. ¶

Juſt imported in the Unity, Captain Story, from London, and other ſhips lately from England, and to be ſold by

JAMES GORDON,

At his ſtore in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, upon the loweſt terms, for caſh or credit, not exceeding ſix months,

CALICOES and cottons, cambricks and lawns, Iriſh linens, brown and white Ruſſia ſheeting, Iriſh ditto, raven duck and drills, quad. Sileſias, red, blue and white linen handkerchiefs, bandanoes, romals and culgees, Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, ell wide and half yard perſians, black ſattin and peelongs, black, blue and white figured mode, white ſarſnet, ſewing ſilk, humhums and muſlin, minionet lawn, kenting handkerchiefs, marking canvas and crewels, mens and womens white and coloured gloves, wax beeds, childrens Morocco ſhoes, Scotch thread, Whitechapel and London needles, pins, tape and bobbin, mohair, death-head and baſket buttons, buckram, knee garters, quality and ſhoe binding, white, black and figured ribbons, mens, womens, boys and girls ſilk, cotton, thread and worſted hoſe, ivory and horn combs, ſtriped Bengals, ſtriped gauze, flaxen ſprig linen and ozenbrigs, broadcloths, ſhaloons and ratinets, calimancoes, durants, tammies, dorſetteens, worſted damaſk, plain and ſtriped camblets, naps, halfthicks, emboſſed ſerge, kerſeys and plains, linſey woolley, poplins, crape, ſagathies and duroys, damaſcus and ſooſee, cotton ſtripe, 10 and 11 nail, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yard wide, and yard 3-8ths linen and cotton checks, velvets, fuſtian and jeans, cutlery, lead, powder and ſhot, &c. &c. &c.

All perſons indebted to ſaid JAMES GORDON, for goods ſold above 6 months, are deſired to pay, to prevent trouble. Tbc.

[*For more new Adwertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

WILLIAMSBURG, May 11.

To his Excellency the Right Hon. NORBORNE *Baron de* BOTETOURT, *his Majeſty's Lieutenant and Governor General of the Colony and Dominion of* Virginia, *and Vice Admiral of the ſame,*

The humble ADDRESS of the HOUSE *of* BURGESSES.

MY LORD,

WE His Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Burgeſſes of *Virginia*, now met in General Aſſembly, humbly beg Leave to return your Excellency our ſincere and unfeigned Thanks for your very affectionate Speech at the Opening of this Seſſion; and we do, with the higheſt Satisfaction and Pleaſure, embrace this firſt Opportunity which has been offered us, as well for ourſelves, as in Behalf of all our Conſtituents, to congratulate your Excellency on your Appointment to this Government, and your ſafe and early Arrival.

The Aſſurances of the Royal Favour, communicated to us through your Excellency, cannot but impreſs the Heart of every *Virginian* with the moſt lively and indelible Sentiments of Duty and Affection. Permit us then, my Lord, to renew our Aſſurances to your Excellency, of our moſt cordial and inviolable Attachment to His Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, the real Happineſs and Proſperity of which have ever been the grand leading Objects of our warmeſt Wiſhes.

His Majeſty's gracious Appointment of your Lordſhip to ſo important a Station, at the ſame Time that it holds forth to the World the ſtrongeſt Evidence of your Lordſhip's exceeding Merit, is a recent Proof to us of his paternal Affection for this his ancient and loyal Colony.

We receive, with equal Pleaſure and Gratitude, the Intimation of his Majeſty's gracious Purpoſe, that his chief Governors of *Virginia* ſhall in future reſide within their Government, as from hence we are perſuaded, that much Honour, and many ſignal Advantages, will redound to the Colony; and we do aſſure your Lordſhip, with that Sincerity which Truth ought ever to inſpire, that we eſteem, as a peculiar Mark of the Royal Attention to our Happineſs, your Lordſhip's Appointment to preſide over us, ſince we cannot but regard the Diſplay of ſo many Virtues and Abilities, during the ſhort Time of your Reſidence here, as a ſure Preſage, that Wiſdom and Benevolence will eminently diſtinguiſh your Lordſhip's Adminiſtration.

As we ſhall ever participate even of His Majeſty's domeſtic Felicity, we do very cordially congratulate your Lordſhip, as the immediate Repreſentative of the beſt of Sovereigns, on the late Birth of a Princeſs, an additional and endearing Pledge to the *Britiſh* Nation, and all its Connections; and it is with great Pleaſure we learn, that Her Majeſty and the Royal Infant are in perfect Health.

It is an indiſpenſible Duty which we owe to our Conſtituents, and which at preſent is ſtrongly enforced by your Lordſhip's Recommendation and Advice, that we ſhould diſpaſſionately, and with the greateſt Candour, conſider the important Buſineſs upon which we are now aſſembled; and we beg Leave to aſſure your Excellency, that if, in the Courſe of our Deliberations, any Matters ſhould ariſe, which may in any Sort affect *Great-Britain*, they ſhall be diſcuſſed on this ruling Principle, that both our Intereſts are inſeparably the ſame.

It only remains, my Lord, for us to offer up our moſt fervent Prayers to that Supreme Being, the Sovereign Diſpenſer of every good and perfect Gift, beſeeching him to inſpire your Lordſhip with all Wiſdom, and that His Majeſty will long continue you the happy Ruler of a free and happy People."

To which his EXCELLENCY was pleaſed to return the following

ANSWER.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,

I CORDIALLY pray for that Wiſdom which you have kindly implored the Almighty to grant me.

My Situation calls for it, and the People of Virginia *have a Right to expect it.*

When my gracious Maſter ordered me here, he commanded me to do Juſtice, and to maintain the Rights of all his Subjects; I joyfully accepted the glorious Command, and in the Execution of it, will exert that honeſt Zeal, which all good Men will approve.

His Majeſty ſhall be fully informed of your Expreſſions of Gratitude, Loyalty, and Attachment to his ſacred Perſon and Government, and ſhall be told of your Kindneſs to me.

THURSDAY, *May* 18.

YESTERDAY, at 12 o'Clock, his Excellency the Governor went to the Capitol, and having ſent a Meſſage by Mr. Walthoe to the Hon. the Speaker and Houſe of Burgeſſes, commanding their immediate Attendance in the Council Chamber, which they inſtantly obeyed, he ſpoke to them as follows:

Mr. SPEAKER, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of BURGESSES,

I HAVE heard of your Reſolves, and augur ill of their Effects. You have made it my Duty to diſſolve you, and you are diſſolved accordingly.

WEDNESDAY, *May* 17, 1769.

THE late Repreſentatives of the People then judging it neceſſary that ſome Meaſures ſhould be taken in their diſtreſſed Situation, for preſerving the true and eſſential Intereſts of the Colony, reſolved upon a Meeting for that very ſalutary Purpoſe, and therefore immediately, with the greateſt Order and Decorum, repaired to the Houſe of Mr. *Anthony Hay*, in this City, where being aſſembled, it was firſt propoſed, for the more decent and regular Diſcuſſion of ſuch Matters as might be taken into Conſideration, that a Moderator ſhould be appointed, and, on the Queſtion being put, *Peyton Randolph*, Eſq; late Speaker of the Houſe of Burgeſſes, was unanimouſly elected.

The true State of the Colony being then opened, and fully explained, and it being propoſed that a regular Aſſociation ſhould be formed, a Committee was appointed to prepare the neceſſary and moſt proper Regulations for that Purpoſe, and they were ordered to make their Report to the General Meeting the next Day, at 10 o' Clock.

THURSDAY, *May* 18.

AT a farther Meeting, according to Adjournment, the Committee appointed Yeſterday, made their Report, which being read, ſeriouſly conſidered, and approved, was ſigned by a great Number of the principal Gentlemen of the Colony then preſent, and is as follows:

WE, his Majeſty's moſt dutiful Subjects, the late Repreſentatives of all the Freeholders of the Colony of *Virginia*, avowing our inviolable and unſhaken Fidelity and Loyalty to our moſt gracious Sovereign, our Affection for all our Fellow Subjects of *Great-Britain*; proteſting againſt every Act or Thing, which may have the moſt diſtant Tendency to interrupt, or in any wiſe diſturb his Majeſty's Peace, and the good Order of his Government in this Colony, which we are reſolved, at the Riſque of our Lives and Fortunes, to maintain and defend; but, at the ſame Time, being deeply affected with the Grievances and Diſtreſſes, with which his Majeſty's *American* Subjects are oppreſſed, and dreading the Evils which threaten the Ruin of ourſelves and our Poſterity, by reducing us from a free and happy People, to a wretched and miſerable State of Slavery; and having taken into our moſt ſerious Conſideration the preſent State of the Trade of this Colony, and of the *American* Commerce in general, obſerve with Anxiety, that the Debt due to *Great-Britain* for Goods imported from thence, is very great, and that the Means of paying this Debt, in the preſent Situation of Affairs, are likely to become more and more precarious; that the Difficulties, under which we now labour, are owing to the Reſtrictions, Prohibitions, and ill adviſed Regulations, in ſeveral late Acts of Parliament of *Great-Britain*, in particular, that the late unconſtitutional Act, impoſing Duties on Tea, Paper, Glaſs, &c. for the ſole Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in *America*, is injurious to Property, and deſtructive to Liberty, hath a neceſſary Tendency to prevent the Payment of the Debt due from this Colony to *Great-Britain*, and is, of Conſequence, ruinous to Trade; that, notwithſtanding the many earneſt Applications already made, there is little Reaſon to expect a Redreſs of thoſe Grievances: Therefore, in Juſtice to ourſelves and our Poſterity, as well as to the Traders of *Great-Britain* concerned in the *American* Commerce, we, the Subſcribers, have voluntarily and unanimouſly entered into the following Reſolutions, in Hopes that our Example will induce the good People of this Colony to be frugal in the Uſe and Conſumption of *Britiſh* Manufactures, and that the Merchants and Manufacturers of *Great-Britain* may, from Motives of Intereſt, Friendſhip, and Juſtice, be engaged to exert themſelves to obtain for us a Redreſs of thoſe Grievances, under which the Trade and Inhabitants of *America* at preſent labour; We do therefore moſt earneſtly recommend this our Aſſociation to the ſerious Attention of all Gentlemen, Merchants, Traders, and other Inhabitants of this Colony, in Hopes, that they will very readily and cordially accede thereto.

First, *It is unanimouſly agreed on and reſolved, this 18th Day of May*, 1769, *that the Subſcribers, as well by their own Example, as all other legal Ways and Means in their Power, will promote and encourage Induſtry and Frugality, and diſcourage all Manner of Luxury and Extravagance.*

Secondly, *That they will not at any Time hereafter, directly or indirectly, import, or cauſe to be imported, any Manner of Goods, Merchandize, or Manufactures, which are, or ſhall hereafter be taxed by Act of Parliament, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in* America *(except Paper, not exceeding Eight Shillings Sterling per Ream, and except ſuch Articles only, as Orders have been already ſent for) nor purchaſe any ſuch after the First Day of* September *next, of any Perſon whatſoever, but that they will always conſider ſuch Taxation, in every Reſpect, as an abſolute Prohibition, and, in all future Orders, direct their Correſpondents to ſhip them no Goods whatever, taxed as aforeſaid, except as is above excepted.*

Thirdly, *That the Subſcribers will not hereafter, directly or indirectly, import, or cauſe to be imported from* Great-Britain, *or any Part of* Europe *(except ſuch Articles of the Produce or Manufacture of* Ireland, *as may be immediately and legally brought from thence, and except alſo all ſuch Goods as Orders have been already ſent for) any of the Goods herein after enumerated, viz. Spirits, Wine, Cyder, Perry, Beer, Ale, Malt, Barley, Peaſe, Beef, Pork, Fiſh, Butter, Cheeſe, Tallow, Candles, Oil, Fruit, Sugar, Pickles, Confectionary, Pewter, Hoes, Axes, Watches, Clocks, Tables, Chairs, Looking Glaſſes, Carriages, Joiner's and Cabinet Work of all Sorts, Upholſtery of all Sorts, Trinkets and Jewellery, Plate, and Gold and Silverſmith's Work of all Sorts, Ribbon and Millinery of all Sorts, Lace of all Sorts,* India *Goods of all Sorts, except Spices, Silks of all Sorts, except ſewing Silk, Cambrick, Lawn, Muſlin, Gauze, except Boulting Cloths, Calicoe or Cotton Stuffs, of more than Two Shillings per Yard, Linens of more than Two Shillings per Yard, Woollens, Worſted Stuffs of all Sorts, of more than One Shilling and Six-pence per Yard, Broadcloths of all Kinds, at more than Eight Shillings per Yard, Narrow Cloths of all Kinds, at more than Three Shillings per Yard, Hats, Stockings (Plad and* Iriſh *Hoſe excepted) Shoes and Boots, Saddles, and all Manufactures of Leather and Skins of all Kinds, until the late Acts of Parliament, impoſing Duties on Tea, Paper, Glaſs, &c. for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in* America, *are repealed; and that they will not, after the Firſt of* September *next, purchaſe any of the above enumerated Goods of any Perſon whatſoever, unleſs the above mentioned Acts of Parliament are repealed.*

Fourthly, *That in all Orders, which any of the Subſcribers may hereafter ſend to* Great-Britain, *they ſhall, and will, expreſly direct their Correſpondents not to ſhip them any of the before enumerated Goods, until the before mentioned Acts of Parliament are repealed; and if any Goods are ſhipped to them contrary to the Tenor of this Agreement, they will refuſe to take the ſame, or make themſelves chargeable therewith.*

Fifthly, *That they will not import any Slaves, or purchaſe any imported, after the Firſt Day of* November *next, until the ſaid Acts of Parliament are repealed.*

Sixthly, *That they will not import any Wines of any Kind whatever, or purchaſe the ſame from any Perſon whatever, after the Firſt Day of* September *next, except ſuch Wines as are already ordered, until the Acts of Parliament impoſing Duties thereon are repealed.*

Seventhly, *For the better Preſervation of the Breed of Sheep, That they will not kill, or ſuffer to be killed, any Lambs, that ſhall be yeaned before the Firſt Day of* May, *in any Year, nor diſpoſe of ſuch to any Butcher or other Perſon, whom they may have Reaſon to expect intends to kill the ſame.*

Eighthly *and* Laſtly, *That theſe Reſolves ſhall be binding on all and each of the Subſcribers, who do hereby each and every Perſon for himſelf, upon his Word and Honour, agree, that he will ſtrictly and firmly adhere to and abide by every Article in this Agreement, from the Time of his ſigning the ſame, for and during the Continuance of the before mentioned Acts of Parliament, or until a general Meeting of the Subſcribers, after one Month's public Notice, ſhall determine otherwiſe, the Second Article of this Agreement ſtill and for ever continuing in full Power and Force.*

The Buſineſs being finiſhed, the following Toaſts were drank, and then the Gentlemen retired.---The King---The Queen and Royal Family---His Excellency Lord Botetourt, and Proſperity to *Virginia*---A ſpeedy and laſting Union between *Great-Britain* and her Colonies.---The conſtitutional *Britiſh* Liberty in *America*, and all true Patriots, the Supporters thereof---Duke of Richmond---Earl of Shelburne---Col. Barre---The late Speaker---The Treaſurer of the Colony---The Farmer and Monitor.

RESOLVES *of the* HOUSE *of* BURGESSES, *passed the* 16*th of May*, 1769.

RESOLVED, *Nemine Contradicente*, THAT the ſole Right of impoſing Taxes on the Inhabitants of this his Majeſty's Colony and Dominion of *Virginia*, is now, and ever hath been, legally and conſtitutionally veſted in the Houſe of Burgeſſes, lawfully convened, according to the antient and eſtabliſhed Practice, with the Conſent of the Council, and of his Majeſty, the King of *Great-Britain*, or his Governor for the Time being.

RESOLVED, *Nemine Contradicente*, That it is the undoubted Privilege of the Inhabitants of this Colony, to petition their Sovereign for Redreſs of Grievances; and that it is lawful and expedient to procure the Concurrence of his Majeſty's other Colonies, in dutiful Addreſſes, praying the Royal Interpoſition in Favour of the violated Rights of *America*.

RESOLVED, *Nemine Contradicente*, That all Trials for Treaſon, Miſpriſion of Treaſon, or for any Felony or Crime whatſoever, committed and done in this his Majeſty's ſaid Colony and Dominion, by any Perſon or Perſons reſiding therein, ought of Right to be had, and conducted in and before his Majeſty's Courts, held within his ſaid Colony, according to the fixed and known Courſe of Proceeding; and that the ſeizing any Perſon or Perſons reſiding in this Colony, ſuſpected of any Crime whatſoever, committed therein, and ſending ſuch Perſon or Perſons to Places beyond the Sea to be tried, is highly derogatory of the Rights of *Britiſh* Subjects, as thereby the inеſtimable Privilege of being tried by a Jury from the Vicinage, as well as the Liberty of ſummoning and producing Witneſſes on ſuch Trial, will be taken away from the Party accuſed.

RESOLVED, *Nemine Contradicente*, That an humble, dutiful, and loyal Addreſs, be preſented to his Majeſty, to aſſure him of our inviolable Attachment to his ſacred Perſon and Government; and to beſeech his Royal Interpoſition, as the Father of all his People, however remote from the Seat of his Empire, to quiet the Minds of his loyal Subjects of this Colony, and to avert from them thoſe Dangers and Miſeries which will enſue, from the ſeizing and carrying beyond Sea any Perſon reſiding in *America*, ſuſpected of any Crime whatſoever, to be tried in any other Manner than by the antient and long eſtabliſhed Courſe of Proceeding.

The following Order is likewiſe in their Journal of that Date.

ORDERED, That the Speaker of this Houſe do tranſmit, without Delay, to the Speakers of the ſeveral Houſes of Aſſembly on this Continent, a Copy of the Reſolutions now agreed to by this Houſe, requeſting their Concurrence therein.

The following is an Addreſs to His Majeſty, in their Journal of the Day after.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent MAJESTY,

The humble ADDRESS *of His dutiful and loyal Subjects the* HOUSE *of* BURGESSES *of His Majeſty's antient Colony of* VIRGINIA, *met in General Aſſembly.*

May it pleaſe Your MAJESTY,

WE your Majeſty's moſt loyal, dutiful, and affectionate Subjects, the Houſe of Burgeſſes of this your Majeſty's antient Colony of Virginia, now met in General Aſſembly, beg Leave, in the humbleſt Manner, to aſſure your Majeſty, that your faithful Subjects of this Colony, ever diſtinguiſhed by their Loyalty and firm Attachment to your Majeſty and your Royal Anceſtors, far from countenancing Traitors, Treaſons, or Miſpriſions of Treaſon, are ready at any Time, to ſacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in Defence of your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government.

It is with the deepeſt Concern, and moſt Heart-felt Grief, that your Majeſty's dutiful Subjects of this Colony find that their Loyalty hath been traduced, and that thoſe Meaſures which a juſt Regard for the Britiſh Conſtitution (dearer to them than Life) made neceſſary Duties, have been miſrepreſented as rebellious Attacks upon your Majeſty's Government.

When we conſider that, by the eſtabliſhed Laws and Conſtitution of this Colony, the moſt ample Proviſion is made for apprehending and puniſhing all thoſe who ſhall dare to engage in any treaſonable Practices againſt your Majeſty, or diſturb the Tranquility of Government, we cannot without Horror think of the new, unuſual, and permit us, with all Humility, to add, unconſtitutional and illegal Mode, recommended to your Majeſty, of ſeizing and carrying beyond Sea the Inhabitants of America, ſuſpected of any Crime, and of trying ſuch Perſons in any other Manner than by the antient and long eſtabliſhed Courſe of Proceeding; for how truly deplorable muſt be the Caſe of a wretched American, who, having incurred the Diſpleaſure of any one in Power, is dragged from his native Home, and his deareſt domeſtic Connections, thrown into a Priſon, not to await his Trial before a Court, Jury or Judges, from a Knowledge of whom he is encouraged to hope for ſpeedy Juſtice, but to exchange his Impriſonment in his own Country for Fetters among Strangers: Conveyed to a diſtant Land, where no Friend, no Relation will alleviate his Diſtreſſes, or miniſter to his Neceſſities, and where no Witneſs can be found to teſtify his Innocence, ſhunned by the Reputable and Honeſt, and conſigned to the Society and Converſe of the Wretched and the Abandoned, he can only pray that he may ſoon end his Miſery with his Life.

Truly alarmed at the fatal Tendency of theſe pernicious Counſels, and with Hearts filled with Anguiſh by ſuch dangerous Invaſions of our deareſt Privileges, we preſume to proſtrate ourſelves at the Foot of your Royal Throne, beſeeching your Majeſty, as our King and Father, to avert from your faithful and loyal Subjects of America, thoſe Miſeries which muſt neceſſarily be the Conſequence of ſuch Meaſures.

After expreſſing our firm Confidence in your Royal Wiſdom and Goodneſs, permit us to aſſure your Majeſty, that the moſt fervent Prayers of your People of this Colony, are daily addreſſed to the Almighty, th t your Majeſty's Reign may be long and proſperous over Great-Britain, and all your Dominions; and that after Death your Majeſty may taſte the fulleſt Fruition of eternal Bliſs, and that a Deſcendant of your illuſtrious Houſe may reign over the extended Britiſh Empire, until Time ſhall be no more.

The following Order follows the Addreſs.

ORDERED, That Mr. Speaker do tranſmit the ſaid Addreſs to the Agent for this Colony, with Directions to cauſe the ſame to be preſented to his Moſt Excellent Majeſty, and afterwards to be printed and publiſhed in the Engliſh Papers.

ANNAPOLIS, May 25.

We have undoubted Advice, that Lord *Botetourt* has engaged a Veſſel to ſail immediately for *England*, in Conſequence of the Meaſures taken by the Aſſembly of *Virginia*.

Tueſday, the 20th of *June* next, is appointed for a Meeting here of Gentlemen, from the ſeveral Counties, to conſider of Reſolutions againſt the future Importation of Goods; and each County in the Province is entreated to ſend Four of its Inhabitants, by which it is hoped an Agreement may be formed on mutual Confidence, and with entire Unanimity.

LONDON, *March* 2.

BY a Letter from Sh-----ls, we are informed of the following cruel Affair. A Child about 11 Years of Age, Father- and Motherleſs (of whom his late Maſter gives an exceeding good Character) lives now with the ----------, in this Place; out of whoſe Houſe were miſſing, and ſuppoſed ſtolen, two Table and three Silver Tea Spoons, which were laid to the Charge of this unhappy Child: He was firſt offered a Reward, and then threatened, but ſaid he knew nothing about them: Without any further Ceremony, he was then abuſed in the following Manner: Firſt, they tied him up, and whipped him moſt inhumanly, after which, to add to his Torture, a Perſon pickled him with Salt Brine; he was then carried on board the Hulke, and hung till he was juſt expiring; then taken down, and carried into a Stable, where they ſet him in a Chair, tied his Legs to the Stales, and his Hands to the Elbows of it, then with Matches of Brimſtone burnt him between the Fingers, till you might have ſeen the Bones; he was afterwards carried back again, and put in Darkneſs among the Coals. Since when the Spoons have been found, and in ſuch a Place, where the Child could never have been ſuppoſed to lay them. We are further informed, That the Officers of Minſter Pariſh purpoſe to make a ſtrict Enquiry into this inhuman Affair.

March 14. It is ſaid that the Armaments making in Spain, as well by Land as by Sea, take their Riſe partly from the Expulſion of the Spaniſh Governor and his Retinue, and Troops from New Orleans, and the ceded Territory in Louiſiana, on the Miſſiſippi; and partly from the eager Forwardneſs of the French to gain the entire Dominion of Corſica. The Settlements on the Miſſiſippi were made over by the French to the Crown of Spain, in Conſideration of the Part of Hiſpaniola which they held; and it cannot be imagined, that the Rebellion of the French at New Orleans, againſt their new Sovereign, and the driving away his Officers and Forces, was brought about without ſome extraordinary Connivance or Inſtigation. For how could a ſmall Colony dare to take ſuch Meaſures, without Hopes of finding Protection from ſome higher Power; and if ſuch a Colluſion has been practiſed, it cannot but give Umbrage to the Spaniſh Court, and diſpoſe it to ſeek Redreſs. The intire Poſſeſſion of Corſica, which affects the Intereſt of the Neapolitan State, as well as that of all the other Italian Powers, is not an indifferent Matter to Spain; and we need not wonder to ſee her putting herſelf in a Condition to ſupport the Italian League, if Occaſion ſhould require it.

Extract of a Letter from Maeſtricht, February 20.

"The new raiſed Waldec Regiments, conſiſting of 8 Battalions, are expected to march into this Garriſon next Week, and the firſt Week in April, all the foreign Battalions in the Service of the States. Our Battalions are now raiſed to their full Complement. The Batteries of Fort St. Pierre, which you know cover this Garriſon on one Side, are lately put into the beſt State of Defence, and Quarters are fitting up within the Fort for 3 Battalions.

"A very large Quantity of Tents, Arms, and Ammunition, came up the Meaſe in covered Boats from Holland, and were landed in the Night. Moſt of the old Buildings of this Town are repairing for the Reception of Troops, and very conſiderable Quantities of Bedding is received here. From theſe great Preparations we conjecture, that an Army, and not a Reinforcement to the Garriſon, is expected at Maeſtricht. For ſome Days paſt a Party of Engineers, accompanied by a Detachment of Artillery Men, have been employed in marking out the Ground for an Encampment upon the Plain of La Felt: The Village is the Centre of the Rear. It is ſaid, that a Camp of 25 Battalions, and 4 Regiments of Cavalry, will be formed the Beginning of the Summer, that the Stadtholder may, upon the Plains of La Felt, review the Troops of Holland. This we are deſired to believe; but we take the Liberty of thinking, that from the immenſe Quantities of Ammunition, privately brought into this Garriſon, the Magazines forming within and near this Place, with the vaſt Piles of Ball and Shells upon our Ramparts, are not formed for a Camp of an inactive Nature."

A letter from Stockholm, dated Feb. 21, ſays, "The miſunderſtanding between the King and the Senate does not appear to diminiſh. The government of Weſteras having become vacant, a nomination of three perſons was preſented to his Majeſty, to elect one of them for that poſt; but the King diſpoſed of it in favour of the Baron de Tilas: As he was not one of the three who had been preſented to his Majeſty, the Senate would not acknowledge him, and have ſubſtituted in his room the Grand Bailiff Otton de Marnerfeld."

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, Feb. 17.

"The Engliſh frigate the *Æolus* is juſt ſailed from this port with two Engliſh Merchantſhips of the ſame nation. Theſe three veſſels have on board 63 bullocks, a quantity of biſcuits, about 300 cheſts of fuſils and ammunition, gun-powder, and a large ſum of money. At their departure they ſaid they were going to Port Mahon; we have no doubt, however, but that the whole is deſtined for Corſica, being ſuccours ſent by ſome Engliſh Gentlemen to General Paoli. We are aſſured, that he has alſo received a handſome ſum of money from Rome.

"According to the laſt advices from Corſica, the inhabitants, who are ſubject to the French, complain greatly of ſome new taxes impoſed on them; and General Paoli, to avail himſelf of this Circumſtance, hath ſignified to them to unite themſelves with the reſt of the nation, otherwiſe their poſſeſſions ſhall be confiſcated."

March 19. A few days ago, as a Cuſtomhouſe Officer was ſearching for ſome run goods in a houſe at Scots Roſs, near Berwick, he happened to creep below a bed, where the people had placed a double trap for catching of fulmarts, which had often deſtroyed their Ducks, when unfortunately his hand ſlipped into one of the ſides of the trap, and was there held faſt; in this ſituation, he was endeavouring with the other to releaſe himſelf, but unluckily it got into the other ſide of the trap, and was likewiſe ſecured; whereupon he immediately called out for help, when the people of the houſe, after ſome delay, came to his aſſiſtance, and after pulling him out by his heels, cut the binding of the trap, and releaſed him. Since which he has declared, he never more will creep under a bed, though in queſt of the beſt brandy that ever came over from France.

March 20. Although the Merchants of New-York and Boſton, have agreed to decline giving Orders for Britiſh Goods, yet we are told by the moſt recent Advices from North-America, that the moſt of the Conſumers are as fond of theſe Articles as ever; and that now is the Time for any of the Natives of this Iſland to make his Fortune, by exporting our Manufactures to the Weſtern Continent, as there is no doubt, but that they will find in theſe Colonies a readier Sale, and better Prices than uſual.

It is very remarkable, that in the Year 1704, but 65 Years ago, the whole Trade with our Plantations was but a few Thouſand Pounds more in the Export Article, and a Third leſs in the Import, than that which we now carry on with the Iſland of Jamaica:

Total Engliſh Plantations in 1704,		483,265	814,491
Jamaica, 1767,		467,681	1,243,242

March 23. We hear that letters from Berlin bring the following particulars of the diſcovery of the amour ſo much talked of: A great perſonage at that place being over fond of an Italian muſician, made him a preſent of a very valuable family diamond ring; which in a few days after he offered to ſale to a jeweller in that city, who knew the ring, and aſked him how he came by it? The Italian anſwered, where I had it, I can have more.---Upon which the jeweller ſtopped the ring, and made it known to a great Potentate, who ordered him at his peril not to divulge this affair to any body, till he heard from him---In the mean time orders were given for them to be privately watched; and the Italian being found in bed with her, he was taken out of the bed-chamber into the next room, and had his head ſevered from his body.

SAVANNAH, in GEORGIA, *March* 22.

From Grenada we have Advice, that on the 13th of laſt Month, near that Iſland, Captain Daniel Campbell (who formerly commanded a Brig that traded from St. Croix to this Place) in an armed Schooner belonging to the Cuſtom-Houſe there, fell in with a ſmuggling Schooner from Martinico, with a Dutch Pendant, mounting 12 guns, and having 18 white Men on board; and on his hailing them, and deſiring them to ſtrike, received a Broadſide from them; Campbell kept up his fire till he got cloſe to her, and gave them a Diſcharge of his ſmall Arms, and what Guns he could bring to bear on them, which killed the Captain, Boatſwain, and the Man at the Helm; they continued firing for half an Hour afterwards, when the Frenchman ſtruck, and Captain Campbell carried his Prize into Grenada. Her Cargoe of Claret, Oil, &c. is valued at between 2 and 3000 l. Campbell's Mate died of his Wounds ſoon after they got into Port, one of his Men received a Bullet in each Arm, and ſome others were ſlightly wounded; he had 15 Muſket Balls in his Foremaſt, and his Sails very much damaged; he had but 10 Whites and Blacks in all on board, and for his very ſpirited Behaviour has gained great Applauſe.

March 29. *The Reverend Mr.* GEORGE WHITEFIELD *having ſent over proper Workmen to erect the neceſſary* additional *Buildings for the intended Academy at the Orphan-Houſe, on Saturday laſt, being the* Anniverſary *of laying the Foundation of* that *Houſe in the Year* 1739, *his Excellency the Governor, attended by moſt of the Members of the Honourable Council, and a great Number of other Gentlemen, after the Service of the Church was performed, and a Sermon preached by the Reverend Mr. Samuel Frink, Rector of Chriſt Church Pariſh, laid the Foundation of both the intended Wings: And the whole Company, being entertained at Dinner in a plentiful and decent Manner, returned to their reſpective Habitations, ſeemingly much pleaſed with the Occaſion of their Meeting, and their Treatment there. From this Beginning we have the moſt ſanguine Hopes, that in a ſhort Time we ſhall enjoy the Advantage of educating our Youth within ourſelves, a Benefit we have in a great Meaſure been deprived of for Want of ſuch an Eſtabliſhment, and therefore have not the leaſt Doubt but every Well-wiſher to this Province, and its Inhabitants, will readily promote this beneficent Undertaking.*

April 19. *A few Days ago a Sloop was run away with from Sunbury, by one Sherman, the Maſter, having on board a Quantity of Rum, and* 700 *Dollars, belonging to one Mr. Shaddock, who had chartered her for the Weſt-Indies.*

BOSTON, *May* 22.

The Trial of the Perſons charged with the Murder of Lieutenant Panton, of his Majeſty's Ship Roſe, is to be at the Court-houſe in this Town To-morrow, at 9 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

We hear from Brooklyn, that on the 11th of this Month, a Number of Ladies aſſembled an Hour before Sun-riſe at the Houſe of the Rev. Mr. Jackſon, with their Flax and Wheels; and having ſpent the Day very diligently, they generouſly preſented Mrs. Jackſon with the Fruits of their Induſtry, exactly 92 Skeins of choice Linen Yarn, each Skein containing 20 Knots.

We hear from Salem, that at a Town Meeting held there the laſt Week, they made Choice of Mr. Richard Derby, jun. and Mr. John Pickering, jun. for their Repreſentatives---And that one of the famous Reſcinders being put up, he had juſt 17 Votes, which is the very identical deteſtable Number.

It is ſaid that the 14th Regiment, now here, is deſtined this Summer for New-York, and the Regiment in that City is to return home.

We hear that a petty Officer, belonging to one of the Veſſels employed in the Service of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at Cape-Ann, having been arreſted for Debt a few Days ago, offered to get Bail, if the Sheriff would go as far as where the Veſſel lay, which being complied with, the Captain, whoſe Name is Fellows, came aſhore with ſeveral of his Hands, armed, who, inſtead of giving Bail (gave *Ball!*) fired ſeveral Shot, and reſcued the Officer; providentially no one was wounded. The Particulars of this Affair we have not yet received; but Repreſentation has been made to Authority, and no doubt Juſtice will take Place.

On Thurſday, the 11th Inſtant, at Night, we had a conſiderable Fall of Snow in this Town and Neighbourhood.

A ſenſible Writer in the Gentleman's Magazine for February 1769, having ſhewn by an Induction of Particulars, that Slavery, in many hideous Forms, prevails over almoſt all Europe, concludes thus.

"Such are a few of the many Inſtances that I have ſeen of Slavery in Europe; but if we look a little farther Eaſtward, we ſhall find that the whole of Aſia is kept in the moſt abject State of Bondage; there is not a Man in that vaſt Region that breathes Liberty. Chains, Irons, and Whips, are there the Concomitants of Power, and therefore always attend the Monarch. May Great-Britain and her Colonies, which, at preſent, have ſuch a noble Senſe of Liberty, ever retain it; and may they always remember, that *Soldiers have undone the World*.---

"It is a moſt melancholy Reflection, that the Americans, who have been good and loyal Subjects for 150 Years paſt, ſhould, all on a ſudden, and within theſe 5 Years, be thought to have forgotten their Allegiance, and miſtakenly conſidered as diſloyal, ſeditious and factious; and therefore an Army is ſent among them, which, I think, cannot anſwer any one good Purpoſe, but is pregnant with a Thouſand Evils."

NEWPORT, *May* 22.

Laſt Thurſday 14 young Ladies met at the Houſe of Captain Henry Sowele, in this Town, where they ſpun 48 fifteen knotted Skeins, and 2 Knots of very good fine Linen.

There is now to be ſeen, at the Printing-Office, a Sample of Cloth, made by a young Lady in this Town, which is equal in Width, Fineneſs and Goodneſs, to an Engliſh Plan of 6s. Sterling per Yard, but coſt, with every Charge upon it, not quite 3s. 9d. Sterling per Yard.

By the beſt Calculation, there is more Wool raiſed in this Colony than would clothe the Inhabitants; and there might eaſily be raiſed double that Quantity in three Years Time.

Laſt Tueſday a Sloop from the Weſt-Indies, belonging to Providence in this Colony, was ſeized by the Officers of the Liberty Sloop of War.

Captain John Dupuy, in the Schooner Induſtry, arrived here laſt Friday from Hiſpaniola: On the 13th Inſtant, in Lat. 33:15, Long. 71:30, he ſpoke with Captain John Robinſon, of the Ship Hope, belonging to Philadelphia, bound from South-Carolina to London, 12 Days out, and all well on board.

NEW-LONDON, April 21.

Laſt Saturday a Sloop of about 50 Tons, belonging to Freetown, in the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, -------- Durfey, Maſter, was ſent into this Port by the Liberty Armed Cutter, Captain Reed, who in a *ſudden* Cruize up Connecticut River, came across ſaid Sloop, with a Quantity of Wood, and two Tierces of Melaſſes on board.---As this Cutter ſtill remains in the River, it is not doubted but the Navigation there will undergo a *thorough Inſpection*.

April 28. Yeſterday a coaſting Sloop, of about 40 Tons, Eliſha Beckwith, Maſter, was brought from Lyme, by ſome People belonging to the Tender in this Harbour; there being found on board ſaid Sloop, two Kegs of Spirits, and three raw Hides.

NEW-YORK, *May* 29.

Tueſday laſt Joſeph Andrews, or Anderſon, was executed here, agreeable to his Sentence, as mentioned in our laſt: After which his Body was hung in Chains on the moſt conſpicuous Part of Bedlow's Iſland, in our Bay: He ſaid he was born at Swanzey, in Wales, and made no other Confeſſion of any Conſequence, but that he was guilty of the Crime for which he was to ſuffer.

Thurſday laſt Mrs. RACHEL WILSON, an eminent Preacher among the Friends, arrived here from Philadelphia, and the next Day ſet out for Fluſhing, on Long-Iſland, to attend the Great Meeting held there Yeſterday and To-Day.

By ſome late Accounts from Hiſpaniola, we have a Confirmation of the Intelligence inſerted in our laſt under the Jamaica Head, with this Addition, That the French General had taken up ſome of the principal Planters of the Iſland, and cauſed them to be immediately executed; and that the Inhabitants had in Return hung ſeveral of the King's Troops.

The Hon. Robert R. Livingſton, Eſq; a Freeholder and Inhabitant of the Manor of Livingſton, was, on Thurſday, the 25th Inſtant, unanimouſly elected a Repreſentative for the ſaid Manor, in the Room of Philip Livingſton, Eſq; who was diſmiſſed by a Vote of the Houſe laſt Seſſions, on Account of his being a Non-Reſident.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.

By the HONOURABLE

JOHN PENN, Eſquire,

Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent* and *Suſſex*, upon *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS a Number of Perſons, chiefly belonging to the Colony of *Connecticut*, have lately, as well as at different Times heretofore, without any Licence or Grant from the Honourable the Proprietaries of this Province, or Authority from this Government, made Attempts to poſſeſs themſelves of, and ſettle upon a large Tract of Land within the Limits of this Province, lying at and between *Wyoming*, on the River *Saſquehanna*, and *Cayhietunk*, on the River *Delaware*, and by the Intelligence I have this Day received, a large Number of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Colony, in Defiance of all Law and Juſtice, are at this Time with Force and Arms actually poſſeſſing themſelves of, and ſeating the Lands at and near *Wyoming*, and other Parts of the North-eaſt Branch of *Saſquehanna*, which have lately been purchaſed of the *Indians* by the Proprietaries of this Province. AND WHERE-

AS divers People, belonging to the said Colony, have also at different Times, clandestinely removed to purloin and inveigle many of the Inhabitants of this and the neighbouring Provinces to confederate and join with them in such their illegal Designs, and to affist in settling and holding the said Lands by a strong Hand: AND WHEREFORE, as well to alert the just Rights of the Proprietaries of this Province, as to warn and prevent any of the Inhabitants of this Government, from being unwarily drawn or led away into the said Intruders in their unlawful Attempts to make Settlements, as aforesaid, I have judged it proper, by and with the Advice of the Council, to issue this Proclamation, hereby strictly charging and commanding all Persons, as well Inhabitants of this Government, as others, to forbear all Encouragement and Assistance to the said Intruders, and to withdraw themselves from the said Lands, without Delay. And I do hereby require and command all Magistrates, Sheriffs, and other Officers, as well as all the Freeholders and Inhabitants of this Province, to be aiding and assisting to the Proprietaries, their Deputies or Agents, in the Execution of this Proclamation, and to apprehend and secure all such Persons as shall refuse to depart from the said Lands, and to bring them before me, or some other of the Council, to be proceeded against according to Law. AND I DO hereby require and command all Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and other Officers, to be aiding and assisting to the Proprietaries, their Deputies or Agents, in the Execution of this Proclamation, and to apprehend and secure all such Persons as shall refuse to depart from the said Lands, and to bring them before me, or some other of the Council, to be proceeded against according to Law.

GIVEN under my Hand and the Great Seal of the Province of Pennsylvania, at *Philadelphia*, the Sixteenth Day of *May*, in the Ninth Year of his Majesty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty-nine.

By his Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, Junior, Secretary.

GOD Save the KING.

Saturday last the 6th Instant, at Night, the Assembly of this Province rose.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act, intituled, "An Act for granting the Sum of Sixty Thousand Pounds to the King's Use, and for striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in Bills of Credit;" striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in Bills of Credit, and providing a Fund for sinking the same."

An Act to continue an Act, intituled, "An Act for appointing Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and for the better regulating Pilotage to and from the River and Bay of Delaware, and the Port of Philadelphia," and for the better regulating Pilotage to and from the River and Bay of Delaware, and the Port of Philadelphia, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act to continue an Act, intituled, "An Act to amend the Act, intituled, "An Act to appoint Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and to regulate Pilots and Pilotage in the River Delaware, and the Ports thereof," and for the better Government of Pilots in the said River and Ports.

An Act to continue an Act, intituled, "An Act to amend the Act, intituled, "An Act to appoint Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and to regulate Pilots and Pilotage in the River Delaware, and the Ports thereof," and for the better Government of Pilots in the said River and Ports.

An Act for the better Regulation of Servants imported into this Province.

An Act for the better Regulation of Servants imported into this Province.

An Act for the better Regulation of Servants imported into this Province

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

By the Subscribers, on Monday, the 19th of June, at two o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises,

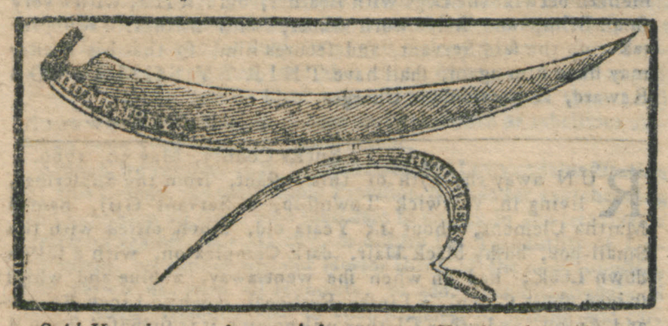
A LOT of GROUND, and a two story brick HOUSE, with a good cellar under it, and two rooms on a floor, a brick kitchen, wooden stable, and other buildings, situate in Arch-street, opposite the Friends Burying-ground; the house and lot contains 20 feet in front on said street, and the lot extends in depth to Cherry-alley; the whole subject to a yearly groundrent of Four Pounds sterling. At the same time and place will also be sold, a lot of marsh land on Petty's Island, containing 4 acres and 70 poles. Also, sundry houshold goods, consisting of beds, bedding, drawers, &c. &c. late the estate of John Gaul, deceased. MICHAEL BAKER, JACOB RENO, and MAGDALENE GAUL, Execut. ¶

MADE and SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at the corner of Spruce and Second streets, near the Drawbridge, various kinds of WIRE WORK, such as rolling screens for cleaning wheat or flaxseed, standing screens for cleaning wheat or corn, round and square sieves and riddles, wire work for cellar and spring-house windows, wire for short cloths for millers, which have been found by experience to exceed the hair cloth; also Dutch fans, made in the newest and best manner. And as the Subscriber has heretofore given general satisfaction to those who have been pleased to favour him with their custom, he hopes to make it appear, that his work is equal, if not superior, to any in the province, he having put his works in the most compleat order, being able to supply his customers at the shortest notice. MOSES COX.

N. B. Whereas one James Fortner, shoemaker, hired a small shop of me, which he left, and sent me the key, in which shop I found a piece of stripe, hid under some dirt, a remnant of diaper, and 3 door keps; and as the above things are supposed to be stolen, any person having lost such, proving their property, and paying the charges, may have them again. ‡

STEPHEN PASCHALL, living in Market-street, Philadelphia, between 4th and 5th Streets, and BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS, living at the Corner of Ninth-street, and Market-street, aforesaid, make, and have now by them, for Sale, Screws for Clothiers, Timber Carriages, Tobacconists, Packing, &c. also Iron Work for Grist-Mills, Saw-Mills, and Fulling-Mills, where any Person may be supplied, by applying to either of them, with the abovementioned Work, or any other Sort of Screws that their Business may require, made well, with the utmost Expedition, and at reasonable rates, by STEPHEN PASCHALL, *and* BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS.

Said Paschall makes, and has now by him, several Pair of Smith's Bellows, for Sale.



Said Humphreys makes, and has now on Hand, a large Quantity of good Sickles, Scythes, Strawknives, bayknives, and Briar Scythes, ready for Sale. He hopes the Distance from Market will not discourage his Friends, and others, from applying to him, who will serve them at reasonable Rates.

ABSCONDED from Moorestown, in the county of Burlington, West-Jersey, a certain native Irishman, who calls himself JOHN RYNE, about 22 or 23 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thick set, the small of his legs remarkably thick and fleshy, he wears his own brown straight hair, speaks bad English, is very talkative, much given to boasting of his abilities, is a very great liar, and a notorious rogue; had on and took with him, when he went away, a light coloured saggathy coat, one of the cuffs has four seams in it, a snuff coloured cloth jacket, lead coloured cloth breeches, several pair of stockings, one pair wove ribbed worsted stockings, one Philadelphia made hat, one English castor, and one fine shirt; his other clothes uncertain. Whoever takes up said John Ryne, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals in the province of New-Jersey, or Pennsylvania, and sends word to either of the Subscribers, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges. THOMAS MORTON, JOHN RISDON, SAMUEL BURROUGH, or STACY BUDD. §

RUN away from the Subscriber, living at Conegocheague, in Cumberland county, the 22d of May, an Irish servant man, named Matthew Cain, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a fair complexion, about 22 years of age, short brown frizzled hair; had on, an old felt hat, light coloured broadcloth coat, blue cloth jacket, with sleeves, one white flannel ditto, without sleeves, leather breeches, with a seam across the seat, mixed yarn stockings, good shoes, with brass buckles; he is remarkably talkative, and in answering, *yes sir*, with the brogue, to every thing. He broke into a house, and stole money, and goods, too tedious to mention. He came in here from Dublin last June, and pretends to be a coach-maker; he is a good scholar, and perhaps will forge a pass, and change his name; it is likely he will put Mr. Allison's, or Mr. Maxwell's name to it. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, or if brought home Five Pounds, paid by me DAVID SCOTT.

N. B. As he has been used to the sea, it is thought he will endeavour to get on board a vessel; therefore, all masters of vessels are forbid to take him off at their peril. ‡

RUN away from the Subscriber, living near the head of Chester river, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, in the night of the 14th instant, a convict servant man, named William Prees, about 50 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, is broad set, his hair almost white, the top of his head bald, and has a particular wink, or leer, with his eyes, when talking. Also a Negroe fellow, named Ben, between 30 and 40 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and very black. They took with them 4 pair of old leather breeches, a new white shirt, the linen about 3 s. per yard, 2 white, and 2 brown shirts, much worn, 2 white country kersey jackets, not milled, a dark coloured fearnought jacket, a white Welsh cotton ditto, a claret coloured and brown ditto, both cloth, a brown camblet coat, 3 felt hats, and 4 pair of shoes. Whoever takes up and secures the said convict and Negroe, or either of them, so that the Subscriber may have them again, shall receive Twenty Shillings each, if taken in the province, or Forty Shillings each, if taken out of the province, and reasonable charges.

May 22, 1769. JOHN SEALE. ¶

Lancaster, May 23, 1769.

WAS stolen out of the house of the subscriber, at the sign of the Bay Horse, and Groom, in Lancaster, last Saturday night, 6 silver tea spoons, marked M E, silver shoe and knee buckles, the shoe buckles marked I G, and knee buckles marked I H, one pair of mens shoes and stockings, and a black silk handkerchief, 2 pair of sheets and pillow cases, 5 yards of check linen, 1 pair of womens shift sleeves made up all but button-holes, childrens check shirts and aprons, and check trowsers, a little girl's shift of home made linen, marked on the bottom R M, 1 lincey check apron, 1 pair of little gloves, 1 E hand towel, 1 pair of scissars, a double reined bridle, blue worsted reins, 1 pair of striped ticken trowsers, mended with tow linen, and several other things. The thief is supposed to be a man who calls himself William Marry, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, dark complexion, black hair, tied behind, down look, and squints a little; had on, a dark brown coat, and a surtout coat of the same colour, a lightish coloured waistcoat and breeches, the lining of the waistcoat is much wore, fur hat, half worn, plain silver buckles, with bad tongues; perhaps he may change his name and clothes; he is a taylor by trade. Whoever takes up said thief, and goods, so that he may be convicted, shall have a reward of Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by MARY EACHUS. ‡

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 2d day of June, at 7 o'clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-house, a lot of ground, situate on the south side of Market and east side of Sixth-streets, containing in front on Market-street 39 feet 9 inches, and extending back on Sixth-street 180 feet to Minor-street, having a large well built 3 story brick messuage, 32 feet front, and 48 feet in depth, with large back buildings adjoining, thereon erected; also one other lot of ground, situate on the east side of Sixth-street, and south side of Minor-street, containing in front on Sixth-street 86 feet, and in depth on Minor-street 39 feet 9 inches, with a coach-house and stables erected thereon, both lots subject to a groundrent of £16 Pennsylvania currency per annum. At the same time will be sold, one other lot of ground, containing in front on Market-street 22 feet, and in depth 180 feet to Minor-street, adjoining the first described lot; also one other lot of ground, situate on the south side of Minor-street, containing in front 18 feet 10 inches, and in depth 86 feet; late the estate of Alexander Stedman Esq; seized and taken in execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Friday, the 2d of June, at 2 o' Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premises, a certain Plantation, or Tract of Land, situate on the Road, leading from Wissahickon to Germantown Road, commonly called Shute's Road, containing about 22 Acres, the greatest Part Meadow Ground, and a thriving Orchard, having a wooden Tenement and large Barn erected thereon, now in the Tenure of John Deel.

Also a certain Lot of Ground, situate on Manheim-street, in Germantown, containing about 13 Acres; bounded Eastward and Westward by Ground of Edward Shippen, Esq; seized and taken in Execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 6th day of June inst. at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation and tract of land, situate in the township of Lower Makefield, bounded by lands late of Edward Bailey, Richard Marjoram, and the river Delaware; containing about 320 acres, on which there are, a good stone house, barn and orchard, well situated, in good repair, and in a pleasant part of the country; late the property of Hezekiah Anderson, deceased; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. †

Bucks County, May 19, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on the 8th day of June inst. at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation and tract of land, situate in Tinicum township, bounded by lands of John Kelly, James Richey, and others, containing about 137 acres, with the appurtenances. Also one other messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in the said township, bounded by lands late of Jacob Fratz, Jacob Culp, and others, by Tinicum creek, and the river Delaware, containing about 264 acres, with the appurtenances. Also one other tract or parcel of land, situate in said township, bounded by lands late of Michael Kelly, Archibald Martin, and lands late the property of Stevens and Rutherford, containing about 254 acres, out of which is excepted a piece known by the name of the meadow lot, containing about 27 acres, late the property of Richard Stevens; seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

Also, at the same time and place abovementioned, will be exposed to public sale, a certain messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in the township aforesaid, bounded by lands of John Kelly, James Smith, Walter Rutherford, and others, containing 155 acres, with the apurtenances, also cows, horses and farming utensils, all late the property of Jacob Booher; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ¶

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship Chalkley, Peter Young, Commander, from BRISTOL, A Number of healthy, likely, English and Welch indented SERVANTS, most of them are Youths, from 14 to 21 Years of Age, amongst whom are several Tradesmen; also several young Women, whose Times are to be disposed of by JAMES and DRINKER, or by the Captain on board said Ship, at their Wharff.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 10th Day of June next ensuing the Date hereof, by the Subscribers (Executrix and Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Joshua Bond, late of Baltimore County, Maryland, deceased, and pursuant thereto, for Cash, or short Credit, on giving Security, if required,

A GOOD new Merchant-Mill and Grist-Mill, double geered, which are compleatly finished, with two Pair of Stones, two Boulting-Cloths and hoisting Geers, all going by Water. A good new framed Saw-Mill, well covered, and running Geers, in good Repair. The said Mills are built on an approved good Part of a never-failing Stream of Water, known by the Name of Winter's Run, and they being but about 6 Miles from Bush-River Landing, and 7 Miles from Joppa, in said County, and in a populous Neighbourhood, it renders the Grist-Mill extraordinary well situated for getting Grain, either for Merchant or Country Grist; and the Saw-Mill to have constant Employ, there being always great Demand for Plank of all Sorts. There is also to be sold, with said Mills, about 30 or 40 Acres of good Land adjoining thereto, well timbered, and great Part may (by little Expence) be made good Meadow of.

All Persons that have any just Demands against the Estate of the aforesaid Joshua Bond, are hereby desired to bring in their Accounts, regularly proved, that they may be adjusted. And all those that are indebted to the said Estate, are hereby once more requested to make immediate Payment, and by their so doing they will prevent Trouble (that must ensue from their Non-payment) to themselves, as well as to ANN BOND, Executrix,

May 13, 1769. ‖ WILLIAM BOND, Executor.

GIBSON and ASHETON,

In Market-street, near Fourth-street, have imported in the last Vessels from LONDON,

A LARGE Assortment of Spring GOODS, and CONGO TEA, in whole and Quarter Chests, which they will sell on the most reasonable Terms. Tbctf.

To be LETT, and entered on immediately,

A WELL accustomed PUBLIC HOUSE, in Walnut-street, near Front-street, now in the Tenure of Lambert Barnes, formerly kept by George Hawkins. For Terms apply to ROBERT MOORE, Cabinet-Maker, in Front-street, between Race and Vine Streets. ¶

TO be SOLD on board the HERCULES, CAPTAIN SCOTT, from Bristol, and now lying off Market-street wharff, a few servant MEN, WOMEN and BOYS, chiefly tradesmen, viz. A File-maker, Mathematician, Painters and Glaziers, Shoemakers, a Plaisterer, Coach-maker, Sawyer, &c. Also a few boxes of lemons, grindstones, Smith's and house coal. For terms apply to THOMAS SAVADGE, or said Master on board.

WANTED immediately, a WET NURSE, who can come well recommended from the country. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

Was LOST, on Monday last, the 15th instant, supposed to be between Walnut and Market-streets, in Third-street, a HEART DIAMOND HOOP RING. Whoever has found it, and will bring it to the PRINTERS, shall receive a reasonable REWARD. Tbctf.

FIFTY DOLLARS Reward.

BROKE out of goal, on the 15th of last April, from the subscriber, high Sheriff of the county of Orange, one Claudius Smith, alias James Read, alias John Wright, about 5 feet 8 inches high, straight and well built, and pale complexion, very light short hair, and white beard; he has had 4 or 5 grains of powder blown in under his right eye; he has short white teeth, and seldom shews them but when he laughs; he is a great bully, and will fight wherever he goes, being very conceited of his strength: He had on very bad clothes when he went away, but it is supposed he will not wear them long, as he is a remarkable thief. He was confined for debt, theft, and rioting.------He is a noted horse stealer. Any person who takes up and secures the said runaway, so that he may be had again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid, by Jesse Woodhull, high Sheriff of the county of Orange, or by Jeremiah Colman, deputy Sheriff of the said county. ¶

For LONDON,

The SHIP,
MARY & ELIZABETH,
JAMES SPARKS,
COMMANDER,

SHE is a good ship, and has extraordinary accommodations for passengers, part of her cargoe ready to go on board, will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to JOHN HEAD, the MASTER on board the Ship, at Riche's wharff, or at the London Coffee-House.

N. B. Said HEAD has imported in the above ship, and other vessels, a large assortment of European, with some India GOODS, suitable for the present and ensuing season, amongst which is Bohea tea of the best quality, which he will sell on reasonable terms. Philad. 5th Month 18, 1769.

For BRISTOL,

The Snow ANNA,
JOHN LIVINGSTON
MASTER,

NOW lying at THOMAS CLIFFORD'S Wharff, is a good Vessel, well accommodated for Passengers, great Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board, expected to sail about the 1st of June. For Freight or Passage apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD and SON.

DUFFIELD and DELANY, Druggists,

Have just imported in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Falconer, from London;

A General assortment of DRUGS and Medicines, of the very best quality, and in excellent order, both chymicals, and galenicals, which they continue to sell as usual at Boerhaave's head, the corner of Second and Walnut-streets.

They have also for sale, best SWEET or SALLAD OIL, by the gallon or smaller quantity; Turlington's balsam; Daffy's elixir; Bateman's drops; Godfrey's cordial; Walker's jesuits drops; British oil; Anderson's, Hooper's and Lockyer's pill's; balsam of honey; and most of the patent medicines now in use, warranted genuine, and from the original warehouses.

MEDICINE CHESTS are put up by them of any prices, with plain and particular directions, so as to render them very useful and necessary to masters of vessels, managers of iron works, and gentlemen who have large families, and live at a distance from a physician. ¶

THE partnership of HUGH MEANS and MATTHEW IRVIN being expired, all persons indebted to them by bond, note or book debt, are requested to make speedy payment to HUGH MEANS only, in whose hands the company's books, &c. are, and who is fully authorized to receive the same; and those who have any demands upon the company, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid.------Such as are indebted above twelve months to said HUGH MEANS, on his own particular account, are also requested to pay, without further delay.

He is now opening, at his store in Chestnut-street, between Front and Second-streets, a fresh assortment of Merchandize, suitable to the season, imported per Captains Falconer and Friend, from London, which he will sell on the lowest Terms for cash, or the usual credit.

All persons indebted to the estate of SAMUEL MEANS, late of New-Castle county, deceased, are desired to pay, and those who have any demands thereon, to apply to HUGH MEANS, of Philadelphia, or ROBERT BRATTAN, of New-Castle county, Executors. ¶

THE PUBLIC are hereby made acquainted, That the CHALYBEATE SPRINGS, in the Borough of BRISTOL, are now cleared, and a convenient BATH and HOUSE built over the same, ready for the Reception of such Persons whose Disorders may require their Use. By an ANALYSIS of these WATERS, published last Year by the Philosophical Society, they appear to contain a Portion of Iron dissolved and suspended by a vitriolish Acid, in Water perhaps as pure as any hitherto discovered in any Part of the World, and, from every Experiment, answers the Description of the celebrated GERMAN SPAW.

It will be needless to publish the Uses of these WATERS, it is sufficient to say, they every Day become more general, and that Numbers of Disorders have been cured by them, that have eluded the most powerful Medicines; whoever would use them to advantage, should do it with the Advice of their Physicians, who may be fully informed of their component Principles, by the above mentioned ANALYSIS.

Such Persons whose Circumstances do not admit the Expence of Advice, will have it GRATIS, by a Gentleman practising Physic in BRISTOL.

In order more fully to ascertain the Virtue of these Waters, an exact Register is intended to be kept of every Person using the same, with its Effect, for which Purposes it is desired, that the Persons who intend to try it, would bring with them a short Account of their Case, drawn up by the Doctor attending them.

Such Persons who intend to use these Waters, are desired to acquaint JOHN PRIESTLEY, or CHARLES BESSONETT, thereof, who will provide proper Lodgings. ¶ 6 W.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

Suſſex County, May 8, 1769.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

GENTLEMEN,

Pleaſe to inſert the Incloſed in your uſeful Paper, and oblige your humble Servant, JOHN CLOWES.

A DEFENCE *of the* GRAND JURY, *who were lately impriſoned by the Young Squires of* Suſſex, *againſt the Miſrepreſentations of Mr.* Boaz Manlove.

MUCH Noiſe, Diſpute, and Calumny, has been occaſioned by the Grand Jury's preſenting *Boaz Manlove* for falſe Swearing in *Auguſt* laſt, by himſelf, *Levin Crapper*, and their Abettors; the Echo whereof has reached your City, and through the Channel of yours, and the other public Papers, reverberated to this, and the neighbouring Provinces; and as unprecedented and unparalelled Proceedings, unknown to an *Engliſh* free Government, have been conſequent thereon, I thought it neceſſary to give a ſimple, but faithful Detail of the moſt material Circumſtances relative thereto, from its Beginning to this preſent Time:---But ſhall at preſent only make ſome ſhort Remarks on *Boaz Manlove*'s Anſwer to the Grand Jury's Defence and Remonſtrance, printed in the Supplement to the *Pennſylvania Gazette*, No. 2090. As he has now had his Trial, he cannot complain of prepoſſeſſing the Minds of the People before his Trial comes on.----He ſets out with a pompous Exclamation, that "it is ſaid to be the Privilege "of the meaneſt of the King's Subjects, to be preſumed Innocent, "until his Guilt ſhall be made appear by a fair Trial."---But he did not conſider the Injuſtice of murdering or maiming the Reputation of others, and leaving the bleeding Wounds to rankle and gangrene, until he ſhould *vouchſafe to take his Trial*, which, from the Delay he had then given to it, I had Reaſon to believe would be long retarded, and which Experience has ſince evinced. The Neceſſity therefore of a ſpeedy Antidote to their Venom, muſt be obvious to every diſcerning Perſon, and a full Juſtification of the Jury's Publication.---His ſecond Paragraph charges the Jury with Want of Truth and Decency---with *Falſhood*, and Abuſe of the Public; but whether they, or rather he, deſerve thoſe Charges, I hope, in the Courſe of theſe Remarks, to demonſtrate. And indeed the Gentleman, or ſome other for him, has been extremely liberal of ſuch *Grub-ſtreet* Epithets throughout the whole of their elaborate Piece.----But can he, or they, be ſo vain as to imagine the Public will credit their falſe Colouring, when oppoſed to a ſimple, plain, true and faithful Narrative of thirteen Freeholders, ſupported by other Teſtimonies; and publiſhed only to reſcue their injured Characters from the Slander and Defamation of virulent Tongues?----The ſame Obſervation may be made on their fourth Paragraph, where (as alſo in other Parts) they artfully endeavour to change the Attack on the *Whole* of the Jury, to their *Foreman* only; pretending they cannot ſee "how Mr. "*Clowes* could poſſibly perſuade the Jury, that it had any Tendency to fix a Charge of Malice on them."----But, if they are ſuch Owls and Buzzards, the Jury are ſurprized, in their Turn, to ſee an Attempt made to diſjoin them, and that the Act of near the Whole, ſhould be conſtrued as the Act of only One.---It is a Matter of Merriment to ſee the Pedant's Criticiſm on the Garniſhee Act, and may perhaps, with what will be ſaid hereafter, give us an Idea of the Man's Principles, when the Facts are known. Mr. *Manlove* was ſummoned as Garniſhee, in *September*, 1767, but refuſed to appear and declare till *April* following, when he was compelled thereto by Warrant of Contempt.----Now if his Doctrine is admitted, that he "*ſhall only declare* what Goods and Effects of the Defendant's he has *now at the preſent Time*," how eaſily might a Villain, in the Space of ſeven Months from the Time of Summons to appear, embezzel the Effects, defraud the honeſt Creditor, and elude the Law.----It can be therefore no Reflection on *John Clowes*, if he thought you Mr. *Manlove* perjured, that he then had a Deſign to ſift into the Matter, and if he found the Charge well founded, to bring you to Juſtice.----Ought not every honeſt Man to do the ſame, even if he had not been on the Jury, nor had taken the Oath, "*diligently to enquire*, and *true Preſentment make*," &c.----But your ſaying, "'Tis thought," and "perhaps," with your ſucceeding String of Reaſoning, and Deductions thereon, deſerve rather Deriſion and Contempt, than a ſerious Reply; "*Honi ſoit qui mal y penſe.*"----"If I ſtand rightly informed," &c. why really, Sir, your Information is as falſe, as where you ſay, "the Court are determined to take no other Notice of the Jury's Remonſtrance, unleſs perhaps to puniſh the "Authors for their Inſolence;" when it is well known that one or more of their Members was engaged in writing your Defence, as one of them publickly fathered your ſpurious Brat, with ſo many *Buts* at the Cloſe of your fifth Paragraph.---Your Appeal to the Public I heartily join in.---But why do you then ſo often prejudge the Premiſes yourſelf?----Surely it muſt argue your Fear, that your Cauſe will not bear the Scrutiny of that auguſt and impartial Tribunal.----You ſay, "Far from convincing me;" Again, "I am afraid."----Again, "Have indeed a Tendency to raiſe "Suſpicions unfavourable to my Character, is not diſputed."---- Again, "The whole Affair then is no more than this."---Again, "This bare Declaration of my future Intentions, could not trans"fer any Right, nor lay any Obligation on me to continue in the "ſame Purpoſe.---Theſe Intentions, it is plain, proceeded merely from Generoſity.----They were ſuch as I was not obliged, "in Point of Juſtice, to propoſe."----And again, "With all "Men of Senſe and Impartiality, thoſe (Reaſons) already given, "are ſufficient for my Purpoſe."----Again, "Can any one be"lieve he (*John Clowes*) did it with Reluctanse? It cannot "be."----And again, "The Depoſition (*Truet*'s) cannot reflect "on the Jury."----Here, Sir, are a long String of Quotations from your inimitable Performance, to ſhew how dextrous you are at faſt and looſe, at giving and taking away.----But are you really ſincere, when you ſay, after you had promiſed, and before Witneſs, to "*make the moſt of the Goods of* Walls (that you bought "at a low Rate) *for his Benefit*," you were under no Obligation to perform it? Who then will take your Word in future?---True, you "were not obliged, in Point of Juſtice, to propoſe ſuch Generoſity."----But having propoſed it, and thereby, by preventing others from buying, getting them "at a low Rate," you were obliged then, in Point of *Juſtice*, *Honour* and *Conſcience*, to perform it.----With what aſtoniſhing Effrontery do you impoſe your *Freehold Trial* on the Public? Are you not aſhamed to mention that Farce? *Walls* had a Right, under the *Forty Shilling* Act, to *ſwear to your Aſſumption, and recover without*, although he had alſo *good Evidence to prove it*; but to circumvent him, and varniſh your dirty Cauſe, you make out an *Accompt, Dr. and Cr.* a Sample of Part is this; you credit him *Twenty-ſeven Shillings* for *four Hogs*, left under your Care, by Mr. *Walls*, when he went to the Back Woods.----Theſe you took to your own Uſe, and *debited* him *Twenty-five Shillings* for driving them to your Houſe, from a ſmall Diſtance; leaving the poor Man only *Two Shillings* neat for his four Hogs: In the ſame Account were *Fifteen Shillings* you charged him with, which he made appear, by your own Book, to have been before charged to another Perſon. By ſuch baſe Means you made a Ballance againſt him of *Forty Shillings*, to enable you to come under the *Five Pound* Act, and to procure a Freehold Trial. But were the Referees all Freeholders, as the Law in that Caſe directs? And does it appear, by their Award, that the "three" Men upon Oath found *Walls* in your Debt? The Cream of the Jeſt is this, immediately on their retiring to determine, one of them pronounced *Walls Thirty Shillings* in Debt: Another aſſerted *Manlove* was near as much in *Walls*'s Debt; the third propoſed to ſplit the Difference, which being agreed to, brought *Walls Eight-pence* in Debt.----But he who ſpoke firſt, and lurched his Brethren, would not ſign the Award.

And now, Sir, to apply your own Words, with a ſmall Variation, "one would not ſurely have expected, that a Man, who "ſo often charges his Antagoniſt with a Lie, and who talks ſo "much of Truth and Decency, would even, like the common Sort "of Mankind, thus have had Recourſe to Falſhood."---But were I to enumerate all the Falſhoods, Prevarications, Shifts, and Evaſions, contained in your Piece, I ſhould nearly tranſcribe the Whole: As where you ſay, not "*Walls*, but *Clowes*, was the "Complainant.----That you knew nothing of your Depoſition "being taken in Writing, at the Time of your Examination---- "That *Clowes* has taken every Step ſince in his Power to have the "Affair brought before the *Grand Jury*.---That they have brand"ed a great Majority of the *Court* with the Name of a Faction--- "That *Clowes* refuſed to ſtay at Mr. *Crapper*'s till *Truet* ſhould "come to have his Depoſition rectified," &c. &c. &c. when, in Fact, *Clowes* called on *Crapper* for a Copy thereof, about Six in the Afternoon, and ſtaid till Nine in the Night, for *Truet*'s coming, and to obtain a Copy; during which Time he was never aſked into the Houſe.----Nor did he know that *Truet* intended to alter his "Depoſition," even "if convinced of Error." Moſt of the other *Falſities* can be made appear by other Teſtimonies, beſide the Grand Jury, whom you have thus vilified; your Inſinuations then, Sir, concerning *John Clowes*, the reſt of the *Jury* and *Walls*, I return on your own Head:---For, to uſe your own Phraſe, "he "muſt be a Stranger in *Suſſex*," that does not know that *each Individual of the Jury ſtands much fairer in Character than yourſelf*, to ſay nothing of your Friends in Court.---I did not propoſe to myſelf a methodical Anſwer to Mr. *Manlove*, nor to undertake a minute Juſtification of the Jury from his many abuſive and ſlanderous Aſſertions and Suppoſitions, moſt of which I think carry their Refutation with them; for which Reaſon, I ſhall paſs over his falſe Inſinuation, that "the Jury were guilty of omitting "Words, wreſting the Senſe of others, varying in the Connection, "and mangling his Defence before them," with only this Remark, that if it appears confuſed and inconſiſtent, thoſe who know his Talents, will not wonder at it.-----I now follow this doughty Champion, or rather the *ſcribbling Squires*, that wrote his Defence, through their Obſervations on the Jury's Addreſs to the Court, where, I confeſs, they ſhine like Meteors, darting through the Air, portending Deſtruction, but hope the Duration of their Incroachments will be as ſhort.-----"The Court are determined to "take no Notice of it, unleſs perchance to puniſh the Authors for their Inſolence, that others may not *dare* ſuch Inſolence [again] for the future." Wholeſome Doctrine this, in a free *Engliſh* Government! That an *Addreſs to the Court againſt the tyrannic Proceedings of ſome of its Members*, by the *Grand Jury*, repreſenting the Body of the County, is termed *inſolent*, and they threatened with Puniſhment for daring it. Had you, Sir, or your Pedagogues, dared to ſpeak ſuch Language, at any Time, and in any Place where each Branch of the *conſtitutional Powers of Government* had its full and free Force, I queſtion whether you or they would have eſcaped Puniſhment yourſelves. And as to your mean uncharitable Inſinuation of Inſincerity in the Foreman, in ſaying he addreſſed the Court with *Reluctance*, by Order of his Brethren, and your Addition of *merely*, a Word you ſeem fond of, it deſerves no other Notice than by mentioning it, to expoſe your *Malice* and *Inveteracy*. Of the ſame Stamp is alſo your allowing that they were charged "with Envy, Malice, and private Views, "on their Preſentment, and adding, that it has, and will be often "ſaid ſo, notwithſtanding any thing they ſay to the contrary."---Suppoſe, for Inſtance, it ſhould ſtill be ſaid, you are *guilty of the Perjury* wherewith you were charged, notwithſtanding you availed yourſelf of a *Flaw in the Indictment* to ſuppreſs the Evidence, and thereby prevented the hearing of any one Witneſs againſt you [for the King] on your Traverſe, &c.----Would you deem it fair Dealing? Or, would not the World think there was more Reaſon for that Aſſertion, than to build on Opinion, Fancy, and Conjecture? And would they not be apt to ſay, you yourſelf was very doubtful that you could not ſupport your Innocence, when *your three Lawyers took up almoſt Half a Day in labouring to ſet aſide the taking any Evidences againſt you*, which, happily for you, they at length effected.---Had you, Gentlemen, acted the fair, honeſt and Chriſtian Part, and took the *Gazette*, which contained a *genuine Copy of the Jury's Addreſs*, as was often requeſted, or took the *Original*, which was offered you, or regarded their own Explanation, frequently repeated, your Logic would have failed you in ſaying they charged the *whole Court*, &c.---it was only thoſe on the Bench, whoſe Heads the Cap fitted, that ſhould have, or indeed could, put it on, while the more virtuous and judicious Part did not think themſelves in the leaſt affected by it.----Such is the Conſequence of *Phaeton*'s directing the Chariot of the Sun.----You ſay, "you enquired of ſeveral of the Juſtices that compoſed that "Court, who all deny the Charge, and ſay, they never heard any "ſuch Thing mentioned by any Member thereof (viz.) that the "Jury in the Preſentment were actuated, &c."----You either did not enquire of proper Perſons, or *you*, or *they* muſt ſpeak without a juſt Regard to Truth; the contrary can be eaſily proved.---If the Jury were miſtaken in quoting the very Words of your Recommendation to his Honour, it is not ſtrange. For that was done in Hugger Mugger by a few of the Magiſtracy, and offered to one to ſign, who refuſed, from whom the Jury had their Intelligence.--- But why do you carp at the Mode of *Expreſſion*, where the *Senſe* is near the ſame? Is it not implied in their ſaying, "they found, "on Inquiry, you were *innocent of the Charge*," and referred his Honour to the Referee Trial, before mentioned, for Proof?---Really, Sir, much Pains have been taken to white-waſh and varniſh you; but, whether the *Ethiopian*, and Spots of the *Leopard*, do not appear through the Cob-web, might have been eaſily ſeen, by thoſe who attended your late Trial, if they were not wilfully blind.--- And now, what profound Reaſoning is this?---Becauſe the Jury charge *Levin Crapper*, Eſq; and his Party, &c. therefore they mean *every Body*;---the whole Court of Judicature as a Body,--- the whole Government, the whole County, &c.----Upon my Word, Sirs, whatever high Notions thoſe few Gentlemen, that are aimed at, may have of themſelves, and however they may ſtile themſelves *Legion*, the Grand Jury never even dreamt till now, they were ſuch a mighty and reſpectable Body.---But [Hark] "Has not the Conduct even of the *King and Parliament* been cal"led at times in Queſtion, and cenſured?" *Has it ſo?* And did the King and Parliament *fine the Conſervators of the Order of Government, for remonſtrating to, or addreſſing them*, as a Branch of the Body Politic, and until Fines and Fees were paid, commit them to Jail, as your Magiſtrates did the late Grand Jury? Amazing, that a few *hot headed Juſtices*, ſhould get ſuch a *Kink of Deſpotiſm* in their Brain, as to venture on an *Act of Tyranny* that the great Head of the Nation never thought proper to attempt! And then, by their *dirty Sycophants*, cry out, "where will theſe Meaſures "end? Hath any thing *uncommon* happened to this Jury above all "others?" Yes, ye Slaves, there has, and to conclude in your own Words, "That which may be a Means to ſubvert the Peace "and proper Order of the Community, of which you are Mem"bers." But we hope the Clemency of the Governor will redreſs our Grievances, and reſtore Juſtice and Harmony to this County.

TO be SOLD, a three ſtory brick houſe and lot, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, near the corner of Second-ſtreet, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 16 feet 6 inches, including a 3 feet alley, over which the houſe is built, and in length 102 feet. The houſe is 36 feet deep, with a brick kitchen, one ſtory, and a ſmall apartment, two ſtories high, between the houſe and kitchen; there is alſo at the end of ſaid lot, a 2 ſtory brick tenement, 16 feet by 15; bounded northward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, eaſtward by Hugh Hodge's houſe and lot, and weſtward by the houſe and lot now in the tenure of the widow Coombes; ſubject to a groundrent of 12 l. currency per annum, and is inſured for 7 years. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH REDMAN, in Market-ſtreet, or Dr. JOHN REDMAN, in Second-ſtreet.

TO *be ſold, by public ſale, the 23d day of June next, at the houſe of Caleb Way, in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, The one undivided half part of a well accuſtomed brew and malt-houſe, ſituate in London Port Town, in the townſhip and county aforeſaid, on the main provincial road, leading from Philadelphia to Lancaſter, together with all the utenſils for carrying on the ſame, all in good order, with ſome barrels and hogſheads; likewiſe a large ſtone building, which may readily be converted into a compleat dwelling-houſe, being two ſtory high, covered with cedar ſhingles; none of the buildings exceed 5 years ſince firſt built, which are all ſtone and lime, within 5 rods of a ſpring head, which is communicated into the ſleep, likewiſe through the brew-houſe cellar; it is the moſt convenient brewery of its ſize in Pennſylvania, and in as plentiful a part for barley as any on the continent. There is likewiſe to be ſold, at ſaid time and place, 10 or 15 acres of woodland, very convenient. The vendue to begin at 10 o' clock on ſaid day; where due attendance will be given, and the terms of ſale made known, by me*

‡ *JOHN HARLD.*

RUN away from his bail, living in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, a certain AARON YOE, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, wears his own hair; had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old felt hat, an old claret coloured coat, a country made ſhirt, and a pair of old black breeches; his other apparel unknown. Whoever takes up ſaid perſon, and ſecures him, ſo that the Subſcribers (who are his bail in ſeveral actions) may get him again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings Pennſylvania currency reward, paid by

§ THOMAS WRIGHT,
April 26, 1769. WILLIAM YOE.

WHEREAS, a certain William Beard, of the townſhip of Cumberland, in the county of York, and province of Pennſylvania, obtained a note of hand of me the Subſcriber, payable upon demand, bearing date the 20th day of November, 1768, for the ſum of Forty-five Pounds, money of Pennſylvania; theſe are to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on ſaid note, as I have never received any conſideration for the ſame, it being obtained in a fraudulent manner, when I was in liquor, and am determined never to pay it, or any part thereof.

¶ HUGH BROWN.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN *away from the Subſcriber, living on Kent-Iſland, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, the 9th of May inſtant, at night, two ſervant men, viz. John Jennings, a convict, by trade a ſhoemaker; and Benjamin Webber, an indented ſervant, a weaver by trade; ſaid Jennings is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, of a thin viſage, has a ſcar acroſs his left cheek, has thin brown hair, freſh cut on the crown, but may have it cut off, is fond of ſtrong liquor, and when drunk is very bold; both of them are Engliſhmen, born in or near Coventry; Jennings took a pair of leather breeches, patched, and ſewed with white thread, a bearſkin jacket, made in a plain manner, a bearſkin great coat, almoſt new, of a light cloth colour, old hat, a pair of new ſhoes that do not fit him, and other things unknown; it is probable they may change their dreſs and names, and I do expect they have a forged paſs or diſcharge, on ſome aſſignment or indenture. Benjamin Webber has a bearſkin jacket, made in a plain manner, a bearſkin ſurtout, mended on the elbows with another ſort of cloth, white boſe, his ſhoes have been lately ſoaled, with other things unknown. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal in this province, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, current money, for Jennings, and Forty Shillings for Webber, and if out of the province Six Pounds for Jennings, and Four Pounds for Webber, and reaſonable charges, if brought to Queen's-Town goal, paid by*

¶ BENJAMIN KIRBY.

N. B. Jennings took with him a good ſets of ſhoe-maker's tools, and ſome leather; I forewarn all maſters of veſſels taking them on board.

Philadelphia, May 16, 1769.

OLD LISBON and Madeira Wines, Jamaica Spirits, Rum, Bohea Tea, Loaf, Lump and Muſcovado Sugars, Jar and Keg Raiſins, Olives, Pruans, Coffee, Ginger, Rice, Melaſſes, Muſtard, Chocolate, Pepper, Starch, Wine Vinegar, &c. &c. &c. to be ſold cheap (for Caſh only) by

SAMUEL GARRIGUES, junior,

At his Grocery Warehouſe, in Second-ſtreet, the ſecond Door from the Corner of Walnut-ſtreet.

N. B. Maſters of Veſſels, and others, may be provided with Sea Stores, at the loweſt Rates. ¶

Pencader Hundred, New-Caſtle County, May 6, 1769.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN *away, the 24th of April laſt, from the Subſcribers, two Iriſh indented ſervants. Daniel Murphy, between* 25 *and* 30 *years of age, about* 5 *feet* 5 *inches high, has the brogue on his tongue, freſh coloured, black curly hair, round ſhouldered, thin ſharp noſe, has a hobbling walk; had on, a flannel veſt, with black horn buttons, oxenbrigs ſhirt, &c. ſtole and took with him, a lightiſh coloured broadcloth coat, lined with dark ſhaloon, mohair buttons, dark fuſtian jacket, black horn buttons, new buckſkin breeches, white ribbed thread ſtockings, bluiſh yarn ditto, good ſhoes, braſs buckles, new holland ſhirt, ditto of* 12 *hundred, country make, red and yellow ſilk handkerchief, black ſilk gauze ditto, felt hat, &c. James Field, born in Dublin,* 20 *years of age, about* 5 *feet* 4 *or* 5 *inches high, full freckled face, marked with the ſmall-pox, ſhort noſe, large greyiſh eyes, blackiſh hair, round ſhouldered, &c. ſtole, and took with him, a drakiſh coloured broadcloth coat, lined in the fore parts with green ſtuff, big leather pockets, old red and black flannel veſt, buckſkin breeches, bluiſh worſted ſtockings, good ſhoes, check ſhirt, black ſilk handkerchief, felt hat, with white bowlings, &c. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward or Three Pounds for either, paid by* DAVID LLEWELIN, JOHN JONES.

N. B. They were ſeen together, within 8 *miles from Lancaſter, going upwards. It is likely they will change their names and apparel, as ſaid Field did before. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or take them away, at their peril.* †

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED from the plantation of Jonathan Paſchall, in Kingſeſs, about 2 miles from the Lower Ferry, on Schuylkill, a bright coloured bay HORSE, about 13 hands high, bald face, 4 white feet, pretty ſhort ſwitch tail, and ſhort mane, is 6 years old, natural pacer, ſhod all round, when he went away. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to the plantation of the aforeſaid Jonathan Paſchall, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JOHN RUSSELL. ¶

FIVE or SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living in Rockland townſhip, Berks county, the 12th of April laſt, a black horſe, about 8 or 9 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder AW, has ſaddle ſpots on both ſides, a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, a ſhort neck, and ſmall head, which he carries high, paces, but not faſt, had new ſhoes on the fore feet, and is of good courage. Whoever brings ſaid horſe to the owner, ſhall have Five Pounds reward, and if he brings the thief with the horſe, Six Pounds, ſaid by CASPER SEIWERT. §

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Oxford Townſhip, Philadelphia County, ſome time in April, a grey MARE, ſuppoſed to be about two Years old. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. ¶ NATHAN WEITMAN.

ROBERT AITKEN, Bookseller,

From Glaſgow, juſt now arrived in the ſnow Peggy, and has opened his ſtore the firſt door below Mr. David Sproat's, Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

WITH *a valuable variety of books, conſiſting of almoſt all the branches of literature, Church hiſtory, antient and modern, law, phyſic, mathematics, &c. alſo a large and elegant aſſortment of books, moral and entertaining, of the moſt approved authors, viz. Swift, Pope, Young, Milton, Thompſon, Cambray, Fontenelle, Voltaire, Rollin, Shafteſbury, Spencer, Congreve, Waller, Locke, Tillotſon, Scott, &c. &c. alſo novels, plays, ſongs; but chiefly books of divinity, whoſe names are famous in the churches, viz. Luther, Calvin, Knox, Rutherford, Durham, Flavel, Henry, Trail, Guthrie, Owen, Ambroſe, Gurnal, Wellwood, Williſon, Watſon, Bunyan, Binning, Boſton, Erſkine, Hervey, Watts, Gray, Walwood, Brooks, &c. &c. he has alſo a neat aſſortment of chapman books, pamphlets, ballads and ink-powder; alſo fine ſtays ſorted, ſilk and thread gauze, different patterns, plain and flowered. The above will be ſold by wholeſale, for ready money only. Such who intend to furniſh themſelves with any of the above articles, will apply ſoon, as the proprietor will make but a ſhort ſtay in this place.*

JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, Printer,

HAVING furniſhed himſelf with a neat Aſſortment of elegant new Types, and other Materials, proper for carrying on his Buſineſs, hath juſt opened a PRINTING-OFFICE, in the Houſe formerly occupied by David Barnes, in Second-ſtreet, the ſecond Door below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, oppoſite the Shop of Benjamin Dean, where ſuch as pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend on having their Work done in a neat and correct Manner. Particular Care will be taken to do Advertiſements, Blanks, &c. on very ſhort Notice. And as the Public hath almoſt always generouſly encouraged young Beginners, he hopes for a Share of their Favour, which he will carefully endeavour to deſerve.

N. B. He has a ſmall Aſſortment of Books for Sale, Catalogues of which may be had at his Printing-Office.

TO BE SOLD,

THE time of a likely ſervant MAN, having between 3 and 4 years to ſerve, by trade a Shoemaker. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

Lancaſter County, May 9, 1769.

WHEREAS a certain JAMES LYON did fraudulently obtain a note of me, the ſubſcriber, for the ſum of Thirteen Pounds, for which I never received the leaſt value: The public is therefore deſired to take no aſſignment of ſaid note, as I will not pay the ſame, unleſs compelled thereto by law.

¶ CHARLES ROGERS.

THIS is to give notice, that I, the ſubſcriber, together with JAMES MONTGOMERY, did execute a bond, bearing date the 28th day of May, 1764, conditioned for the payment of Twenty-five Pounds, payable to WILLIAM BENNET, on the 15th day of May, 1770. And whereas, before good witneſs, I have fully diſcounted and ſatisfied for ſaid bond, the ſame declared void, and under the ſaid William Bennet's hand to the ſame effect, altho' he could not then produce ſaid bond, as he ought to have done, as being ſome how miſlaid: I therefore hereby forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment thereof, as I am reſolved not to pay the ſame twice, except compelled thereto by law. Witneſs my hand, March 24, 1769.

§ JOHN CARSON.

N. B. There was a clauſe in ſaid bond for ſaid BENNET to make ſaid CARSON a patent, and it was for that it was diſcounted and paid.

Philadelphia, April 19, 1769.

JOHN ORD, of this City, Merchant, having aſſigned to us, in Behalf of his Creditors, his Eſtate, both real and perſonal; Notice is hereby given to thoſe indebted to the ſaid Ord, by Bond, Book Account, or otherwiſe, immediately to pay off their reſpective Ballances; and thoſe who have any Demands on the ſaid Ord, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, to be adjuſted. BENJAMIN CHEW, JOHN GIBSON. ¶ 8 W.

WHEREAS ROBERT ROBESON obtained a note, dated the 21ſt of April, 1769, from the ſubſcriber hereof, for Thirty-four Pounds, which is part paid, as can be made appear by evidence, and the ſaid Robeſon not complying with the conditions agreed upon, and the ſubſcriber receiving no value, he intends not to pay the ſame: Theſe are to forewarn all perſons not to take any aſſignment of the ſame, as they may depend it will ſtand an action in law.

¶ WILLIAM SHEARER.

To be LETT on a LEASE for 5 or 7 Years, and may be entered on immediately,

THE dwelling-houſe, brew-houſe, and appurtenances thereunto belonging (lately in the tenure of Humphrey Robinſon and Company) ſituate in Sixth-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets: The works are now in good order, ready for carrying on the brewing buſineſs; therefore any perſon or perſons that are inclinable to rent the ſaid premiſes, may have the ſame upon eaſy terms, by applying to the owner,

‡ 5ſ. tbctf REYNOLD KEEN.

Juſt imported from London, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and

NOW OPENING,

And to be SOLD by

JOHN MITCHELL,

At his STORE in FRONT-STREET, between CHESTNUT and MARKET-STREETS,

A LARGE and neat ASSORTMENT of SPRING GOODS, which he will ſell on the very loweſt Terms, for CASH, or the uſual CREDIT.

MEASE and MILLER,

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the corner of Gray's Alley, have juſt imported in the ſhip Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, the Fame, Captain Creighton, from London, and other veſſels from EUROPE,

A NEAT aſſortment of European and India GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which they will ſell exceeding low for CASH, or the uſual CREDIT.

N. B. They have a parcel of Engliſh ſugar moulds and drips, fit for Sugar-bakers, which they will ſell conſiderably under firſt coſt; alſo a few crates of enamelled ſtone TEA WARE.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Upper Freehold, Monmouth county, Eaſt-Jerſey, on the 24th of April laſt, a Negroe man, went formerly by the name of Arney's Joe, about 50 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, a well ſet arch cunning rogue, wants his fore teeth, plays on the fiddle, is very much given to ſtrong drink, and pretends to be free; had on, when he went away, a brown homeſpun coat, two jackets, one a blue camblet, the other a brown homeſpun broadcloth, old buckſkin breeches, a coarſe tow ſhirt, blue yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, tied with ſtrings, and two felt hats, one old, the other new. Any perſon bringing ſaid Negroe to the Subſcriber, or ſecuring him in any goal in the province, ſo that he may get him again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by EMER JACKSON. ¶

GOOD HEMP,

So be SOLD, by

JOSEPH PEMBERTON,

On the North Side of RACE-STREET, the third Door from the Corner of THIRD-STREET. †5s. Tbc.

HENRY BARNHOLD, Grocer,

At the Golden Ball, in Second-ſtreet, the third door above the Engliſh Church, and oppoſite to Mr. William Whitebread's, Philadelphia, has for ſale,

BEST French and Spaniſh olives, French capers, anchovies, beſt Florence oyl, ſecond ditto, by the jar, gallon, quart, or ſmaller quantity, currants, raiſins, almonds, figs, pruans, citron, ſugar candy, loaf and Muſcovado ſugars, bohea tea, coffee, mace, cloves, cinnamon, nutmegs, whole and ground pepper, ditto alſpice, ditto ginger, ditto rice, oatmeal and grotts, pearl and Scotch barley, ſago, tamarinds, indigo, ſtarch, Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India rum, French brandy, Holland geneva, arrack, beſt Fontiniac wine and ſack, roſe water, wine and cyder vinegar, liquorice-ball, ſalt-petre, Glauber ſalts, allom, copperas, brimſtone, roſin, powder and ſhot, corks, ſpermaceti candles, ſweet meats, ſaffron, lamp oyl, brown paper by the ream, antimony, flour of ſulphur, camphire, chocolate, muſtard, and ſundry other articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. Said BARNHOLD has a large and neat aſſortment of the above grocery, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms.

And as he is determined to procure the beſt of groceries, he hopes to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.

He buys all ſorts of EMPTY BOTTLES. †

Juſt imported in the Peggy, Captain Haſtie, from Glaſgow, and to be ſold at the loweſt rates, by

JOHN CORSE,

In Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, next door to Mr. GEORGE RANKIN's,

A NEAT aſſortment of merchandize, amongſt which are, ozenbrigs, Scotch and Iriſh linens, checks of different widths, checked and ſtriped hollands, printed and check handkerchiefs, plain and ribbed white thread hoſe, brown and marbled ditto, white threads from No. 5 to 76; a variety of plain, ſtriped, ſpotted, figured and flowered lawns and ſilk gauzes, of all widths; fine 5 and 6-4 ſpotted, flowered and needle wrought aprons, figured, flowered and tape bordered handkerchiefs, Tartan plad, garters, &c. &c. &. ⊖ 6W.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JEMIMA JONES, deceaſed, widow of DANIEL JONES, late of Philadelphia, Chair-maker, are deſired to pay; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accompts to WILLIAM SAVERY, CALEB ATTMORE, } Executors.

Baltimore-Town, May 8, 1769.

RAN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Baltimore-Town, an Engliſh ſervant man, named HENRY CARTWRIGHT, about 5 feet 8 inches high, 24 years of age, freſh complexion, has ſhort light brown hair, wears it looſe about his ſhoulders, wants ſeveral of his teeth, broad ſhouldered, greatly bow-legged, had on when he went away, a new felt hat, a good green jacket, made ſailor faſhion, with buttons on the ſleeves, a ſtriped under ditto, a pair of black ſhag breeches, a light pair of worſted ſtockings, and a pair of yarn ribbed ditto in his pocket, a pair of ſoled ſhoes, and plain yellow buckles, a check ſhirt, and check handkerchief about his neck. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have, if 20 miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 40 miles, Forty Shillings, and if out of the province, Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE PRESSTMAN §

STRAYED, or ſtolen, from the Subſcriber, living in Weſt Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, the 26th of April, a bright bay mare, ſuppoſed to be 7 or 8 years old, a ſmall round body, black mane and tail, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, bob tail, branded on the near thigh P W, a natural pacer, goes very light, ſhod before, is very ſhy, and hard to catch. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward; but if ſtolen, and will ſecure both mare and thief, ſo that he ſhall be brought to juſtice, Three Pounds, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN RIGG. §

Philadelphia, 5th Month 4, 1769.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Nathan Shepherd, late of this City, Carter, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are hereby deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to the Subſcribers; and thoſe that have any Accounts againſt him, are deſired to bring them in, in order to have them ſettled. THOMAS SHOEMAKER of Cheltenham, JOHN BROWN, ABRAHAM ROBINSON, of Philadelphia, Aſſignees. ¶

Philadelphia bottled BEER, and CYDER,

For exportation or home conſumption, ſold by

ISAAC GRAY,

At his warehouſe in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Strawberry-Alley; Where may alſo be had, in large or ſmall quantities,

OLD Jamaica ſpirits; bottled claret and red port; Madeira, Mountain and Liſbon wines, in bottles, or otherwiſe; Geneva; London bottled Porter; Cheſhire and Glouceſter cheeſe; double and ſingle refined loaf and lump ſugars; green and bohea tea; coffee; chocolate, ſpices; indigo; flour of muſtard; pepper; ginger; corks; glue; cotton; cags of raiſins; bar lead, &c. ¶ 5 W.

N. B. Beer bottles bought and ſold by the dozen and groce.

TO BE SOLD,

A CERTAIN meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreet from Delaware, between Cheſtnut-ſtreet and Market-ſtreet, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 41 feet and one inch, and in depth 173 feet. For terms, apply to

STEPHEN CARMICK.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, at the upper end of Germantown, containing about 15 acres, with a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, 40 feet front, 2 rooms on a floor, a convenient out-houſe for a tenant, a framed ſtable and chaiſe-houſe; about 5 acres of the land are well timbered, the other part improved in an handſome flower garden, and a large kitchen garden, an orchard of the beſt apple trees, and a great variety of the choiceſt cherries, pears, plumbs, apricots, grapes, and other fruits. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by applying to SAMUEL SHOEMAKER.

To the PUBLIC,

JOHN ORD, has ſet up the Scrivener's buſineſs, and hereby gives notice, that any Gentleman, deſirous to buy or ſell eſtates, houſes, lands, yearly rent charges, annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good ſecurity, may be aſſiſted therein, by applying to him at his office, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, where their buſineſs will be tranſacted with the greateſt care, diſpatch and ſecrecy. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their Money at intereſt, may be aſſured, that he will procure them undoubted ſecurity by mortgage or otherwiſe.

Said ORD, upon application, will, with accuracy, peruſe and examine titles to lands, &c. and inform the poſſeſſors or owners of the deeds relating to ſuch lands, of any defect in their titles, alſo what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch defect.

JOHN ORD.

N. B. Said ORD has ſeveral title deeds, belonging to divers Perſons, who left them with Mr. John Reily, deceaſed; the owners are deſired to apply to him for them. Tbc

Juſt IMPORTED by

DAVID SPROAT, and Company,

And now opening at their Store, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, a large and neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they will ſell on the loweſt Terms, viz.

A VARIETY of plain and flowered ſilk gauzes, with flowered bordered aprons and handkerchiefs of the neateſt and neweſt patterns, black and white catgut, thread gauzes, long lawns, check and kenting handkerchiefs, plain and flowered lawns, diaper and table linen, printed cottons and handkerchiefs; a large aſſortment of mens, womens and youths knit thread ſtockings, Iriſh and Scots linens, broadcloths, ſhalloons and buckrams, Scots carpets and carpeting, checks, ozenbrigs, dowlas and bed tick; a full aſſortment of the beſt white and coloured Scots threads, ſtriped and brown hollands, Tartan plads, womens ſtays, garters, bindings and tapes, mens ſhoes and boots, womens leather and ſtuff ſhoes, ivory and horn combs, Clarke's leather powder flaſks, ſhot bags and pen caſes, beſt Scotch ſnuff in bottles and bladders; an aſſortment of ſadlery, cutlery and hard ware; delph ware in hogſheads ſorted; new faſhion wine decanters, with ground ſtoppers, double flint pint and half pint tumblers and wine glaſſes, iron caſt work, conſiſting of camp ovens, with falſe bottoms, compleat; iron pots, ſaucepans, ſkillets, tea kettles and ſad irons, iron grates, ſuitable for chambers or ſtores, nails, and choice Scotch ale and porter in bottles, &c. &c.

Alſo a quantity of Carolina pitch, turpentine and roſin. 3 M.

ABRAHAM USHER,

HAS removed into Front-ſtreet, the fifth door above Walnut-ſtreet, to the ſtore Meſſieurs John and Lambert Cadwalader lately left, and has juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Liverpool and Glaſgow; a large and general Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon, which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms for caſh, or ſhort credit. 6 W.

To be SOLD,

A NEAT CHARIOT,

LINED with light coloured cloth, painted green, gilt pannels, ſteel ſprings, iron axles, harneſs for a pair or four horſes, and very little the worſe for wear, having run only twelve months round this city. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

RUN away laſt night, from Newport, New-Caſtle county, upon Delaware, an Iriſh woman, named CATHERINE M'CLURE, a ſhort thick ſet woman, black hair, full eyed, has a kind of a liſp in her ſpeech, about 23 years of age; had on and took with her, when ſhe went away, a brown camblet gown, about half worn, a ſtriped linſey bed gown, one of ſtriped linen and cotton, and one of white linen, one ſtriped linſey petticoat, and one ditto of blue calimancoe, a chip hat, linen bonnet, and two pair of ſhoes. She had a young child, about 6 weeks old, and came in the night into an out kitchen of mine, and left the child, which was almoſt periſhed with cold, before it was perceived. Whoever takes up ſaid Catherine M'Clure, and ſecures her in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that ſhe may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me ROBERT SLATER. †

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of William Morgan, late of the Northern Liberties, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts that they may be adjuſted; and alſo thoſe that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their demands to SARAH MORGAN, Adminiſtratrix. ¶

Juſt imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, and in the Sally, Captain Spain, from Liverpool, and to be ſold by

RANDLE MITCHELL,

At his Store in Water-ſtreet, the South Side of Walnut-ſtreet, on the loweſt Terms, for ready Money, or ſhort Credit,

A GENERAL Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and INDIA GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon.

GILPIN and FISHER,

Having erected a new ſnuff-mill, where that article is carefully manufactured,

Choice SCOTCH SNUFF,

Of an excellent quality, may be had in any QUANTITY, of

JOSHUA FISHER and SONS,

Carefully packed for land carriage or exportation, and conſiderable allowance made to thoſe who take quantities. 3 m.

Philadelphia, April 11, 1769.

RUN away, yeſterday, from the Subſcriber, living in Burlington county, Weſt Jerſey, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Francis Nevel, but it is likely he may change his name; he is of a light complexion, 5 feet 10 inches high, has ſhort thin ſtraight hair, freſh coloured, with a ſmall mole on one cheek, and a ſmall ſcar on the other; had on, a brown coat, bound round with worſted, old caſtor hat, leather breeches, black ſtockings, and old ſhoes. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Four Dollars reward, paid by SOLOMON RIDGWAY. ‡

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED, or ſtolen, from Elizabeth Furnace, Lancaſter county, on the 30th of April, two mares, both of a dark brown colour, the one about 14 years old, 13 hands high, ſhe has a ſmall white ſpot juſt above one of her eyes, paces very eaſy, and goes lively under the ſaddle; the other a colt of the firſt mentioned, about 5 years old, about the ſame height, though not ſo well ſet, branded on the near ſhoulder P S, though ſo dim, that it rather appears to be a croſs, at a little diſtance, ſhe alſo paces very eaſy. Said creatures lately came from the Jerſeys, and it is ſuppoſed they are gone that way. Whoever will bring ſaid creatures to Elizabeth Furnace, or will ſecure them, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by Mr. Henry William Stiegel, or the owner, ADAM SHOEMAKER.

York Town, May 5, 1769.

ON Thurſday, the 8th day of June next, will be run for over the race ground at York Town, in the county of York, and province of Pennſylvania, a ſubſcription purſe of Twenty Piſtoles, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding, that does not exceed half blood, the beſt of three heats, two miles each heat; if riſing 4 years old, to carry 8 ſtone, bridle and ſaddle included; if 5 years old, 8 ſtone 10 pounds; if ſix, 9 ſtone 6 pounds; and if aged, 10 ſtone. The time of ſtarting will be between One and Three. Every perſon that runs a horſe, mare, or gelding, for ſaid purſe, to enter the ſame with Mr. Michael Hahn of ſaid town, on the Tueſday preceding the race, paying one Piſtole entrance, or otherwiſe to pay double entrance at the poſt. The perſon who intends to run ſuch horſe, mare, or gelding, muſt produce ſufficient vouchers of the age, and alſo ſhew that the ſame does not exceed half blood. Any jockey detected in unfair behaviour, ſhall be deemed diſtanced. No leſs than four horſes to ſtart for ſaid purſe.

The entrance money to be run for by ſcrub horſes, on Saturday, the 10th of the ſaid month of June, the beſt of three one mile heats, to catch riders, and not leſs than four horſes to ſtart for the ſame, and one Dollar entrance to be paid for each of ſaid horſes. †

Philadelphia, May 10, 1769.

STRAYED from the Commons of this city, on Sunday laſt, a red milch COW, the tops of her horns ſawed off, and a rope round them. Whoever will bring her to the printers hereof, ſhall receive ONE DOLLAR for their trouble. Any perſon harbouring ſaid cow, may expect to be proſecuted.

G. BARTRAM, and P. SHIRAS,
Have brought up to their ſtore, at Mountholly,
A LARGE and general aſſortment of European, Eaſt and Weſt-India GOODS, which were purchaſed on the beſt terms; therefore are determined to ſupply the town and country lower than has been done there for many years paſt, and purpoſes to ſell for ready money, or country produce, only.
N. B. The public will be made acquainted with the particulars of the Goods by another Advertiſement, in a few days time.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, and to be ſold by
SAMUEL PURVIANCE,
At his ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, near the Drawbridge,
AN Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon. As alſo Madeira Wine, of the firſt quality, 5 years old, which he will ſell by the quarter caſk, or pipe, on reaſonable terms. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given, for the laſt time, to all perſons indebted to the eſtate of Henry Baſler, late of Philadelphia, Innholder, deceaſed, to make full payment of their reſpective debts to the ſubſcriber, on or before the firſt day of July next, otherwiſe he ſhall proceed againſt them according to law. And all perſons having any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are alſo deſired to bring in their accounts (duly proved) to the ſubſcriber, on or before the ſaid firſt day of July, otherwiſe they will be excluded, as he then expects to make a final ſettlement.
¶ PHILIP BEAM, Surviving Executor.

Juſt imported in the Ship Dragon, Captain Read, from London, and now opening by
GEORGE FULLERTON,
At his Store in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,
A LARGE Aſſortment of Spring and Summer GOODS, which he will ſell for Caſh, or the uſual Credit, on reaſonable Terms.
N. B. He has alſo a Variety of Cotton and Linen Checks, imported in the laſt Veſſel from Liverpool.

Freſh imported in the Philadelphia Packet, and other Ships, late from LONDON, and to be ſold by
FRANCIS HOPKINSON,
At his ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite to the City-vendue-ſtore,
A LARGE and compleat aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, and ſecond BROADCLOTHS, with all ſuitable trimmings; amongſt which are, ſcarlet, crimſon, white, black, green; a variety of *pearl colours for womens cloaks*, browns, blues, drab colours, olive, raven-grey, mixtures, claret, roſe-colour, buff; alſo *billiard-cloth*, a few pieces of *buff ſuperfine caſſimers* for ſummer waiſtcoats, ſilk and worſted breeches patterns, damſon-mixt, high brown, blue and grey beaver coatings, very fine kerſeys, &c. &c.----All which will be ſold on the moſt reaſonable terms poſſible, for ready money only.
Likewiſe beſt Hyſon TEA, at 28 s. per Pound. 6 W.

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON,
AT the Croſs-roads, New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, has imported from London, Liverpool, Briſtol and Dublin, a general aſſortment of European and India GOODS, ſuitable for country ſtores, and travelling chapmen, which he will ſell at the Philadelphia prices, either wholeſale or retail, for ready money, or ſhort credit; conſiſting of broadcloths, ſhaloons, durants, and a variety of ſtuffs, hoſiery, haberdaſhery, a variety of checks and ozenbrigs, a large aſſortment of Iriſh linens, cottons, calicoes, cambricks and lawns, ironmongery, cutlary, nails, ſteel, ſhot and gunpowder, glaſs, tin plates, frying pans, mens beſt felt and caſtor hats, wool, tow, and cotton cards, with a variety of other goods, too tedious to mention.
He requeſts that thoſe who are indebted to him, above ſix months, do pay immediately, to prevent trouble. 3 M.

TWENTY POUNDS Reward.
BROKE out of Reading goal, in Berks county, on Monday night laſt, Matthias Dolnick, and William Reinichen; the ſaid Dolnick is ſuppoſed to be about 27 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, has dark brown hair, and ſwarthy complexion, has loſt the firſt joint of the fourth finger of his right hand, is a well made likely fellow, by trade a butcher, and ſpeaks good Engliſh, having ſerved his time in Philadelphia; he may be remarkable for having, within a few years paſt, accompanied one Singeiſen on his voyage to Germany, with a Buffaloe for a ſhow; had on, when he eſcaped, a blue cloth coat and jacket, half worn leather breeches, and pale blue yarn ſtockings, with good ſhoes, and ſilver buckles. The ſaid Reinichen is ſuppoſed to be about 32 years of age, about 6 feet high, ſlim made, has a long face, red hair and beard, and ſome of the fingers of his right hand have been cruſhed, ſpeaks broken Engliſh, is a hammerman by trade, and ſervant to Mr. Henry William Steigel (who lately advertiſed him as a runaway) had on, when he eſcaped, a new felt hat, a large black and yellow ſilk handkerchief, a blue coat, with mohair buttons, and blue worſted damaſk jacket, with plain white metal buttons, made in the old German faſhion, and leather breeches. They are both natives of Germany, and have probably made towards the Jerſeys, as the ſaid Reinichen has heretofore worked at Mr. Haſſecleaver's forge. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Dolnick and Reinichen, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall receive the above reward, or Ten Pounds for each, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE NAGLE, Goaler.
April 25, 1769. ¶

IF the Gentleman, who ſent a Letter, under Cover to me, dated Bucks County, April 21, and ſigned, A Friend to all Mankind, will apply to me in Perſon, I am impowered to give him all the Satisfaction he can deſire. THOMAS GORDON. ¶

THE Honourable the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, obſerving that Ships and Veſſels frequently incur Forfeitures, and their Owners become ſubject to heavy Penalties, through the Miſconduct, or Negligence, of the Maſters and Seamen; and particularly by the Maſters not making true Reports of their Cargoes, which they ſometimes pretend they are not able to do, from the Manner that they take in their Loading at foreign Ports; and at other times they pretend that the Seamen take in private Ventures, and ſecrete the ſame from their Knowledge, ſo as to be landed clandeſtinely upon their Arrival, without payment of Duty.-----And ſeveral Ships and Veſſels, ſeized for the Commiſſion of Offences of this Kind, having been releaſed in Conſequence of ſuch Repreſentations from the Owners: The Commiſſioners think it neceſſary to advertiſe for the Information of all Perſons whom it may concern, that upon the Detection and Diſcovery of any ſuch Offences in future, the ſame will be proſecuted as the Law directs; ſo that it behoves the Owners to ſuppreſs the Cuſtom of ſuffering the Seamen to take in private Ventures, and alſo to admoniſh the Maſters to be punctual in taking an Account of their Cargoes, and to pay a ſtrict Regard to their Oaths in reporting the ſame, as well at the Ports of their firſt Arrival, as the Ports of Entry in North-America. *By Order of the Commiſſioners,*
RICHARD REEVE, Secretary.
Boſton, April 14, 1769.

THE partneriſhip of JOHN WHARTON and JONATHAN HANSON, Maſt-makers, having expired the 20th of February laſt, thoſe that have any accounts againſt ſaid partnerſhip, are deſired to bring them in; and thoſe indebted, to make payment to ſaid Wharton, who is impowered to receive the ſame.
N. B. JOHN WHARTON carries on the Maſt-making buſineſs, as uſual. ¶ 6 W.

RUN away the 28th of March laſt, at Night, from the Subſcribers, living on Kent-Iſland, Queen-Anne's County, Maryland, two Convict Servant Men, viz.
EDWARD PONTING, born in Briſtol, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, has a pert impudent Look, thin Viſage, with brown curled Hair, is by Trade a Shoemaker, and has ſome blue Marks on the upper Part of his Hands, near the Thumbs, which are unknown: Had on, when he went away, an old Bloom coloured Wilton Coat, ſpotted Flannel Jacket, a Pair of half-worn Leather Breeches, old blue ribbed Stockings, old Shoes, with plated Buckles, half-worn Caſtor Hat, and a Check Shirt.
EVAN DAVIS, born in Wales, or on the Borders thereof, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, a well ſet Fellow, round Viſage, a ſhort Noſe, which turns up at the End, ſandy Complexion, and has ſhort curled or frizzled Hair; he ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh, but a little in the Welſh Dialect; and has been bred to Plantation Buſineſs: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, two ſhort Jackets, the uppermoſt double breaſted, of blue coarſe Cloth, with white Metal Buttons, the other yelloviſh ſtriped Flannel, or Swanſkin, a Pair of blue Pluſh Breeches, much worn, and mended on the Knees with blue Cloth, two Pair of Stockings, the one blue Yarn, the other white Yarn, or Cotton, a good Pair of Shoes, with broad Braſs Buckles, an Ozenbrigs Shirt, and a Felt Hat, almoſt new.
Both the above Servants were imported into the Province of Maryland, laſt November, in the Ship Randolph, Captan Price.
Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Convicts, ſo that their Maſters may get them again, ſhall receive, for each, FIFTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable Charges beſides, if brought home, paid by JONATHAN ROBERTS,
¶ 6 W. SAMUEL BLUNT.
N. B. It is likely they may have forged Paſſes, or Diſcharges, as PONTING can write, though very indifferently.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in London-grove townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 5th of this inſtant May, one JOHN CUPPLEDICK, an Engliſhman, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion; had on a new wool hat, a new brown nap jacket, ozenbrigs ſhirt, check trowſers, a pair of old pumps, with braſs buckles; he has an impediment in his ſpeech; he took with him a black mare and ſaddle, with a blaze in her face, lately ſhod before, and low in fleſh. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and runaway, ſhall have a reward of Three Pounds, or for the runaway Forty Shillings, and Twenty Shillings for the mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by
FRANCIS LAMBORN.
N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid carrying him off at their peril. ‖

Philadelphia, May 16, 1769,
RAN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, an apprentice lad, named Peter Peterſon, about 19 years of age, near 5 feet 7 inches high, much marked with the ſmall-pox, has red hair, and a ſandy complexion, had on, when he went away, a light blue coloured cloth coat, and breeches of the ſame, and a light coloured cloth jacket, an old caſtor hat, white ſhirt, thread ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and brings him to MATTHIAS LANDENBERGER, ſhall receive a reward of SIX-PENCE for their trouble. ‖

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Lower Merion, Philadelphia county, on the 26th of April laſt, an Iriſh ſervant woman, named NELLY JONES, about 24 years of age, has a great deal of hair in her head, is long faced, large breaſts, and big belly, thick arms, takes large ſteps in her walking, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and talks much: Had on, when ſhe went away, a woollen ſhort gown and petticoat, with ſome dark ſtripes, and a lincey ſtriped petticoat, two pair of yarn ſtockings, one brown, the other white, a pair of thread ſtockings, and a blue cloth cloak, with a cape to it. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by
HUGH JONES.
N. B. It is ſuppoſed ſhe will change her name and clothes. †

TWO DOLLARS Reward.
STRAYED away, the 9th inſtant, a dark bay MARE, near 15 hands high, four years old, has a high boney forehead, a ſtar in her face, and a ſmall ſtroke of white on one ſide her noſe; ſhe trots very light, but is apt to cut herſelf behind, and had her heels a little ſwelled when ſhe went away. Whoever takes up ſaid MARE, and will bring her to JOHN CHANDLER's, at the Fox and Hounds, in Fourth-ſtreet, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid. ‡

STOLEN the 5th inſtant, out of a paſture in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, a black HORSE, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, about 14 hands high, one of his hind feet white, and has a remarkable white ſpot on his near buttock, round bodied, and has not as yet caſt his hair, a natural pacer, and has a ſhort ſwitch tail. Any perſon who detects the thief, ſo that he be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, or Twenty Shillings for the HORSE only, paid by me WILLIAM M'DOWELL. §

SIX DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away, about the 16th of November laſt, a ſervant man, named JAMES DAVENPORT, about 30 years of Age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a dark complexion, hollow eyes, long black hair, tied behind; had on, when he went away, a good caſtor hat, a grey lapelled coat, a blue waiſtcoat, buckſkin breeches, old ſhoes, and pinchbeck buckles; alſo took with him, a claret coloured coat and waiſtcoat, and a red ſilk waiſtcoat; he ſays, he was born in London, and has been 11 years in the ſervice, and got his diſcharge in Cork, in Ireland; he is a very good ſcholar, and has taught ſchool two years and a half in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, and took with him a certificate, ſigned by ſeveral of his employers. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, in any goal, or brings him to the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip aforeſaid, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me
¶ 6 W. JAMES BOYD.

THE ſubſcriber hereof having heretofore been poſſeſſed of a conſiderable eſtate, but, by the unforeſeen hardneſs of the times, the falling of the price of lands, and other diſappointments and loſſes, he has become incapable to ſatisfy all his creditors; in order, however, that none of them might loſe all their demands, he ſurrendered and delivered up his eſtate to them, with which, ſome of ſaid creditors reſt ſatisfied, but others being of a more craving, relentleſs, and vindictive diſpoſition, refuſe to comply with any terms (notwithſtanding many have been propoſed) till the whole of their debts are paid, and have thrown him into confinement, where he has remained a priſoner for 11 months paſt; theſe debts he is by no means able to pay, he therefore, as the laſt reſource, is under the diſagreeable neceſſity, of giving this notice to all his creditors, that he intends to apply at the next ſeſſion of General Aſſembly, of the province of New-Jerſey, for an act to regain his liberty, of which all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.
¶ WILLIAM BROWN.

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BONDS, WILLS, and all other Kinds of Conveyances, are careſully drawn by ROBERT LEVERS, at the Corner of Smith's Alley, oppoſite the Three Tun Tavern, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet. Whoever ſhall be pleaſed to favour him with their Buſineſs, may depend on his obſerving therein the utmoſt Accuracy, Secrecy, and Diſpatch. ¶

Juſt imported from London, in the Pennſylvania Packet, Capt. Falconer, and to be ſold wholeſale and retail, at a very low advance, by
THOMAS PRESTON,
At the GOLDEN MORTAR, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,
A LARGE and general aſſortment of drugs chimical and galenical medicines, glaſs ware and ſhop furniture, pill boxes, crucibles and ſyringes of all ſizes, ſmelling bottles in caſes, tooth bruſhes and tooth powder, lancets, oil cloth, court-plaiſter, lip ſalve, phial corks, &c. All the moſt uſeful kinds of patent medicines, as Anderſon's, Hooper's, and Lockyer's pills, Bateman's drops, Walker's Jeſuits drops, Britiſh oil, Squire's and Daffy's elixir, Greenough's tincture for the teeth and gums, Stoughton's bitters, Turlington's balſam of life, Dr. James's fever powders, Godfrey's cordial, &c. Country practitioners and private families, by ſending their orders and receipts, may depend upon having them faithfully and reaſonably executed.
N. B. Advice in all difficult caſes in phyſic and ſurgery, whether of ſhort or long continuance of whatſoever kind in either ſex, and the moſt effectual and ſafe medicines (not commonly known in the preſent practice) are carefully prepared and properly diſpenſed for the cure of the ſame, on the moſt reaſonable terms. † 5s. Tbc.

JOHN WILLIAMS, *Saddler,*
Who formerly lived at the corner of Elbow Lane, in Market-ſtreet, takes this method to inform his cuſtomers, and others,
THAT he has removed into Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the ſign of the Croſs Keys, where Mr. Joſeph Ogden lives, makes in the beſt and moſt faſhionable manner, and ſells at the moſt reaſonable rates, Gentlemens Engliſh hunting full welted and plain hogſkin, buckſkin, and neats leather ſeated ſaddles, demi peaks, Scotch burrs, King's hunting ditto, common hunting ditto, breaſted ditto, race ditto, and pack or carrying ditto, ladies hunting ſide ſaddles, demi hunters, and common ditto, fringed, laced and bound, of various faſhions. All kinds of military furniture, portmanteaus, ſaddle bags, houſings of all ſorts, ſaddle cloths, boot garters, ſurcingles, martingals, and all ſorts of ſaddler's furniture, jockey caps of all ſizes, horſe collars, cart gears, &c. &c.----Such as pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom and orders, may depend on having their work done in the genteeleſt manner, with care and diſpatch.

Woodbridge, New-Jerſey, April 21, 1769.
DANIEL WALTON, of the Manor of Moreland, in Philadelphia county, is hereby informed, that his runaway ſervant, JAMES BYRN, is in my cuſtody, and he is deſired to come, pay charges, and take him away.
¶ NATHANIEL HEARD.

Tredyffrin, Cheſter County, March 25, 1769.
FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.
WAS picked out of the Subſcriber's pocket, the firſt of this inſtant, in the Court-houſe at Cheſter, a large needle worked pocket-book, containing a conſiderable number of bonds, and about Fifty Pounds in paper money, beſides receipts, and other papers of value. Whoever apprehends the perſon or perſons that took the ſaid pocket-book, ſo that he or they be brought to juſtice, and the papers and money got again, ſhall have the above reward; or, Fifty Shillings for the pocket-book and papers only, and no queſtions aſked.
† JOSHUA EVANS.
N. B. If any perſon ſhould offer to aſſign over any bills or bonds, payable to the Subſcriber, the perſon to whom ſuch aſſignment may be offered is requeſted to apprehend him, and ſecure the bonds.

MIFFLIN and DEAN,
HAVE imported from London, a large ASSORTMENT of SPRING-GOODS, which are now opening, at their Store, the Corner of Front and Cheſtnut-ſtreets. Tbctf.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away, the 30th of March laſt, from the Subſcriber, living in Newlin townſhip, Cheſter county, an Engliſh ſervant man, named William Smithes, of a ſwarthy complexion, has ſtrait black hair, about 5 feet 5 inches high, about 18 or 20 years of age; had on, and took with him, a brown camblet coat, more than half worn, with a ſmall piece ſewed between the ſhoulders, a ſeaman's blue jacket, with horn buttons, ſlaſh ſleeves, and a good deal broken, two ſhirts, one white, the other check, old brown breeches, old tow trowſers, old felt hat, worſted ſtockings, and ſtrong ſhoes, tied with thongs. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by
JOHN BAILY.
N. B. All maſters of veſſels are are forbid to carry him off at their peril. ‡

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Paſſyunk townſhip, a cheſtnut bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, has ſeveral ſaddle marks, a buſhy mane, and ſwitch tail. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. GEORGE LESSER. ¶

RUN away from the SUBSCRIBER, living in Trenton, Weſt New-Jerſey, on the 18th day of March, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named MICHAEL BRADY, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, well ſet, very thick legs, and knock kneed, fair complexion, full grey eyes, and lighiſh ſhort hair; had on, and took with him, a brown thickſet fuſtian coat and breeches, and a green cloth jacket, with flat metal buttons on them, a pair of blue ſtocking breeches, one linen jacket, with red ſtripes, one white and ozenbrigs ſhirt, coarſe grey yarn ſtockings, new pumps, with long quarters, with metal buckles in them, and coarſe felt hat. He is a ſhoemaker by trade, and pretends to the ſtuff work. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by
‡ WILLIAM TUCKER.
N. B. He may very probably change his name and clothes, as he is a crafty fellow.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of ADAM EVEY, late of the City of Philadelphia, Wharff Builder, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted and ſettled, by SUSANNA EVEY, Adminiſtratrix. §

THE Subſcriber hereof having heretofore been poſſeſſed of a conſiderable eſtate, but by the unforeſeen hardneſs of the times, diſappointments, and loſſes in trade, and otherwiſe, the low price in ſale of his lands, which have been ſold for the benefit of his creditors, has rendered him unable to ſettle with his creditors to their full demands, to which ſome of ſaid creditors are willing to compound, and be ſatisfied, but others being of a more craving, relentleſs diſpoſition, refuſe to comply with any terms, till the whole of their debts are paid, which his circumſtances render him incapable to do at preſent, though he is willing to give up his all to them; but have confined him in the county goal at Glouceſter, for near ſeven months paſt, which puts him under the diſagreeable neceſſity, as the laſt reſource, to ſeek ſome other method for aid. Theſe are therefore to give notice to all perſons concerned, that he purpoſes to apply at the next meeting of the General Aſſembly of the province of New-Jerſey, for relief in the premiſes.
¶ WILLIAM BURNET.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 8th of June, at 7 o'clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, and two tracts of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Paſſyunk, one of them containing 10 acres and 68 perches, bounded by lands of George Gray, John Reily, Benjamin Davis, and Samuel Bettle, and a certain two perch road; the other of them, containing 10 acres and 90 perches, bounded by a road leading from Philadelphia to Paſſyunk bank, by the above deſcribed tract, and lands of Samuel Preſton Moore; late the eſtate of John Heaton; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Cheſter, May 20, 1769.

STRAYED, or ſtolen, the beginning of this inſtant May, a dark grey MARE, 5 years old this ſpring, ſhod all round, paces, trots, and gallops, carries low, no brand or mark known of; ſhe has a good deal of white in her face, and is near 14 hands high. Whoever has taken up ſaid mare, and will bring her to me, the Subſcriber, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by DAVIS BEVAN.

N. B. Any perſon who has the mare, is deſired to advertiſe her in the next paper, and not work her, at their peril. ‡

New-Caſtle, May 20, 1769.

TO be ſold, by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court, for the county of New-Caſtle, on the 20th day of June, on the premiſes, and may be entered on immediately after the ſale, 175 acres of land (late belonging to Auguſtine Hicks, deceaſed) in Apoquinimy Hundred, and county aforeſaid, being part of Bottle-Neck Plantation, about 4 miles from Duck-Creek town, and one from a convenient landing on Duck-Creek. The above tract is deemed as good land for graſs, grain, or tobacco, as any in the government, the ſurface being a rich black mould, or a ſtratum of rich clay, or marl, the whole on being cleared will produce excellent graſs, without any manure; there are about 60 acres of clear land, 40 of which is in clover and blue graſs, the reſt timber land, chiefly white oak; there is on the premiſes, a new ſquare log houſe, 20 by 25 feet, roofed with cedar, a large frame building, in which there is an horſe-mill for ſawing timber, of the beſt conſtruction, a ſmall peach and apple orchard, by DAVID FINNEY, *Adminiſtrator.*

The ſaid David Finney hath likewiſe to diſpoſe of, the remainder of Bottle-Neck Plantation, equal in quality with the above deſcribed land, with about 50 acres of cripple and maple ſwamp thereto adjoining, which will make excellent meadow, at a ſmall expence, being ſecured from the tide by a bank of 48 perches long, in good repair, in which there is a ſluice ſufficient to vent all the back water, the ſaid bank incloſes about 300 acres of cripple and low ground. The whole neck is incloſed by a new fence of 130 perches long; 7 years will be allowed for payment of the purchaſe money of the remainder of the tract, paying intereſt. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 15th day of June next, at the houſe of Robert Wilds, at the Croſs-Roads, near Saliſbury,

FOUR valuable tracts of land, ſituate in Duck-Creek Hundred, and county of Kent, upon Delaware, viz. One tract containing 100 acres, on Pearman's Branch, and Gravelly Run, adjoining ſaid Croſs-Roads, which may be laid out in convenient lots; another tract containing 150 acres, adjoining lands of William Killen, Eſq; another tract called Newberry, containing 400 acres; and one other tract, containing 209 acres, called Golden Grove. An indiſputable title will be made. The ſale to begin at 10 o' clock on ſaid day, when attendance will be given by DAVID FINNEY, *and* JOHN BELL. ¶

WAS ſtolen, from the Subſcriber, living in New-Caſtle, in the night of the 15th inſtant, off the Green in New-Caſtle, a bay MARE, about 13 Hands high, with a long bobbed tail, and long mane, has a ſmall ſpot by the joining of the crupper to the ſaddle, which was rubbed by the buckle of the crupper, paces a ſmall travel, trots and canters, new ſhoes on her fore feet, neither brand nor ear-mark. Whoever takes up and ſecures the thief and mare, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and for the mare only, if found within 20 miles of New-Caſtle, Ten Shillings, if more than 20 miles Fifteen Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by

May 17, 1769. JOHN RIDDLE. ¶

WHEREAS I Jacob Stouffer, of Mountjoy townſhip, in the county of Lancaſter, gave unto my brother's ſon, Jacob Stouffer, in April laſt, a bond ſigned by me for the ſum of 194 l. lawful money of Pennſylvania, which bond is due on the 2d or 3d day of June next; but whereas I and the ſaid Jacob Stouffer had accounts to ſettle with each other, and in ſettling the ſame, an error or miſtake was made, ſo that I have given him the ſaid bond for a much larger ſum than is coming to him; and as I have ſince deſired him to look over the accounts, and ſee them right done, but he refuſing it, I therefore deſire that no perſon may take an aſſignment of the ſaid bond from the ſaid Jacob Stouffer, as I am not willing to pay the ſame, until the ſaid accounts are ſettled. § JACOB STOUFFER.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

Executrix of the laſt will and teſtament of Samuel Williams, late of Chicheſter, in the county of Cheſter, practitioner in phyſic, deceaſed,

ALL the drugs, medicines, ſhop furniture, books, and inſtruments remaining on hand. Any perſon ſkilled in phyſic, who ſhall think fit to take the houſe upon rent, ſhall have the preference, as there is no Doctor in phyſic near Marcus Hook.----Such a perſon may have an opportunity of promoting himſelf. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole medicines, &c. or rent the late dwelling-houſe of the ſaid Doctor Williams, may apply to the Subſcriber living therein,

¶ ELIZABETH WILLIAMS, Executrix.

AN healthy young NEGROE MAN, brought up to milling and farming, may be hired by the year, for a few years, into the country; alſo two negroe lads, one about 19, the other 14 years of age, both uſed to country buſineſs.

A ſober induſtrious ſingle man, that underſtands the Blackſmith's buſineſs, for country purpoſes, may hear of employment by enquiring of the printers hereof, and have his accommodations, tools, ſhop, and a lad provided to work with him; and if acquainted with making ſcythes and ſickles, will be the more agreeable. §

NOW OPENING,

At NEAVE and HARMAN's ſtore, the Corner of Second and Spruce-ſtreets,

A VERY large and neat aſſortment of fine, ſuper and ſuperfine broadcloths, drab cloths, rattinets and ſhaloons, and a few pieces of ſuperfine caſſimers, ſuitable for ſummer wear, with a general aſſortment of European and India goods, juſt now imported in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from London, which they will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh or ſhort credit. Likewiſe melaſſes, coffee, ginger, piemento, and choice old Madeira and Teneriffe wines, by the pipe, hogſhead, or quarter caſk.

Lancaſter, May 16, 1769.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named Thomas Anderſon, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, fair hair, and pitted with the ſmall-pox; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a half worn blue coat, with blue mohair buttons, and white lining, a blue jacket, with yellow metal buttons, a hemp ſhirt, a pair of old ſheepſkin breeches, a pair of mixt blue and white ſtockings, a pair of half ſoaled double channel pumps, with round braſs buckles; likewiſe took with him, a pair of check trowſers, a red and blue ſilk handkerchief, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE BARD. ¶

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Thurſday, the 1ſt Day of June, at 2 o' Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, a certain Tract of Land, ſituate on the Weſt-ſide of Germantown Road, about 5 Miles and a Half from Philadelphia, containing about 23 Acres, more or leſs, whereon is a Nurſery of the beſt Collection of various Sorts of Fruit Trees, and about 7 Acres thereof are good watered Meadow; on the ſaid Tract is erected a good 2 Story Stone Meſſuage and Kitchen, a compleat tanyard, with 28 Vatts, a Stream of Water running through the ſame, and all neceſſary Buildings belonging thereto. Alſo a Still-Houſe, well ſupplied with Water by a Fountain, which keeps conſtantly playing in the Cooling Tubs, or any other Part, and a good Barn, Stables, &c.

Alſo a certain other Tract of Land, adjoining the aforeſaid Tract, high and pleaſantly ſituated, containing about 20 Acres, and fronts about 40 Perches on the ſaid Road; whereon is a very good Orchard of the beſt Fruit Trees, ſuch as Apple, Pear, Peach, Plumb, Cherry, &c. About 3 Acres thereof are of the beſt watered Meadow, and about 3 Acres of Wood-land, with good Quarries of Building Stone; bounded by Lands of Theobald Ent, James Logan, Samuel Aſhmead, Eſq; and Shippen; late the Eſtate of Jacob Naglee; ſeized and taken in Execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

At the ſame Time will be ſold the Grain in the Ground, and the Graſs in the Meadows.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Friday, the 2d of June, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Peter Hillegas, in Upper Hanover, a certain Tenement, Barn, Stables, and two contiguous Tracts of Land, ſituate in Upper Hanover Townſhip, containing in the whole about 137 Acres, 15 Perches; bounded by Lands of Andrew Nawras, John Sechlar, George Welker, and others; late the Eſtate of Michael Reed, ſeized and taken in Execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

By MARY HARRISON, Attorney of JOHN KEEGAN, of Dublin, in Ireland, Heir at Law of John Keegan, late of this City, deceaſed,

A BRICK HOUSE, two Stories high, and the Lot of Ground on which it ſtands, on the North Side of Morris's Alley, between Cheſtnut and Walnut Streets, the third Door from Second-ſtreet, now in the Tenure of John Sitch, and rents for 20 l. per Ann. The Houſe is 20 Feet in Front, including a 4 Feet Alley, and 16 Feet deep. The Lot extends 34 Feet Northward, 20 Feet broad, and 12 Feet further Northward, 4 Feet broad; bounded Eaſtward and Northward with a Lot of Richard Merion, Weſtward with a Houſe and Lot of Sarah Kirl.

If it is not ſold before the 10th Day of Auguſt next, it will be expoſed to Sale by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-Houſe. §

JOHN SMITH,

Is now opening at his ſhop in Second-ſtreet, the ſecond door below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, a large and neat aſſortment of ſpring and ſummer GOODS, imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, which he will ſell wholeſale and retail, cheap for caſh, viz.

BROADCLOTHS, Wilton cloths, worſted and ſilk ſaggathies, jeans, fuſtians and thickſets, duroys, ſerge denim, everlaſtings, ſtriped and plain perſians, black, blue and cloth coloured ſattins, paduaſoys, taffeties and peelongs, brown and changeable mantuas, black and blue flowered modes, half yard and half ell white and coloured perſians and ſarſnets, black and cloth coloured India taffeties, black ſilk velvets, twilled cotton velvets and velverets, a large aſſortment of mens and womens, boys and girls thread and cotton ſtockings, mens black, white, and marbled plain and ribbed ſilk ditto, worſted and ſilk, and worſted ditto, variety of 2, 3 and 4 thread worſted breeches patterns, a few pieces fine black ſilk ditto, an aſſortment of ſtriped damaſcus, ſooſees and ginghams, India nankeens, plain, ſtriped and maſqueraded Bengals, yard wide and 6-qr. muſlins and humhums, muſlin handkerchiefs, 7-8ths and yard wide cambricks and lawns, flowered lawns, piſtol and long lawns, corded and flowered yard wide dimity, 6 and 8-qr. huckaback, diaper and damaſk cloths, clouting diaper, variety of cottons, calicoes and chintzes, worſted and hair grazets, hairbines, maſquerades and poplins, crapes and brilliants, dorſetteens, calimancoes, Flanders ticks, bed bunts and ticken, cotton counterpanes, camblets, chip and Leghorn hats, ſilk handkerchiefs, ſilk mitts, mens, womens and childrens leather gloves and mitts, ivory, bone and brown ſtick fans, wax beads, Iriſh linens and hollands, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheetings, ozenbrigs, variety of linen and cotton checks, ſtriped linen and cotton hollands, &c. with ſeveral other goods not mentioned. Tbc. 6 W.

Juſt imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and other Veſſels, from LONDON, by

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

And now ſelling at his Shop in Second-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet,

A NEAT aſſortment of China, glaſs, cream coloured, flint, Nottingham and delph wares, conſiſting of CHINA diſhes, table plates, variety of tea and coffee cups and ſaucers, blue and white, burnt, enamelled and penciled; cuſtard cups, Nankin breakfaſt ſetts; a genteel tea table ſett, enamelled; tea pots, jarrs and beakers; a large aſſortment of bowls, from 3 quarts to half pints, great choice of right tavern bowls; and a very neat tureen and diſh, blue and white. CREAM COLOURED fruit plates and ſtands, leaves and ſcollop ſhells of different ſizes, extremely neat, bread baſkets, diſhes and covers, ſugar bowls, pierced and plain, ſallad diſhes, water jugs, tureens, cheeſe-toaſters and warming pans, candleſticks, new pattern, and well proportioned; ſauce boats, garden pots, pierced deſert plates, coffee pots, flower pots, prints for blanc-mangée, and baking diſhes of all ſizes. WHITE STONE plates, plain and figured edges, ſome of a very ſuperior quality, quart, pint, and half pint mugs and bowls, coffee cups and ſaucers, chamber pots, enamelled bowls, and cups and ſaucers. NOTTINGHAM pudding diſhes, bowls, jugs and mugs. DELF bowls in great variety, plain and coloured plates, painted bottles and baſons, chamber pots, and ſugar diſhes. Some very neat *Red China* tea and water pots, marbled and gilt ditto. GLASS decanters and muſtard pots, with plain and ground ſtoppers, plain, enamelled and engraved wines, very cheap, wine and water rummers, ſalts, cut and plain, cream jugs, with feet and without, cruits, flowered tumblers, and many other articles, the whole of the beſt quality, highly finiſhed in an excellent taſte, and at very reaſonable prices.

Black lead pencils of all ſizes and prices, Durnford and London pins, Whitechapel and common needles, ſorted, pocket looking-glaſſes, *horn and ivory muſtard ſpoons*, and an aſſortment of cutlery, wholeſale and retail.

Lancaſter Goal, May 8, 1769.

WAS committed to my cuſtody this day, a certain John Burns, as he calls himſelf, he is 5 feet 5 inches high, dark complexion; had on, when committed, a check ſhirt, tow trowſers, a blue jacket, and good ſhoes, with a pair of ſilver buckles, marked I. I. and another pair in his pockets; ſays his maſter's name is John Johnſton, and lives in Oxford townſhip; but knows not the county. This is to deſire his maſter, if any he has, to come and pay his charges, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold out for his fees, in three weeks from the date hereof, by GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler. ¶

IF GEORGE IRVINE, who went from London to the Weſt-Indies, and from thence to North-America, in the year 1756, be yet living, and will apply to Dr. JOHN KEARSLEY, junior, in Philadelphia, or acquaint him by letter where he is, he will hear of ſomething very much to his advantage. Any perſon who is pleaſed to give information concerning him, will be more than thankfully rewarded.

N. B. He was bred a ſhip-carpenter, is a well ſet middle ſized man, and is now about 40 years of age. Tbc 3 M.

Juſt imported from London, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and to be ſold, on the loweſt terms, by

WILLIAMS and ELDRIDGE,

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet, between the Coffee-Houſe and Cheſtnut-ſtreet,

AN aſſortment of HOSIERY, conſiſting of mens brown and white thread and cotton, womens cotton, and boys thread hoſe; an aſſortment of breeches patterns, ſilk mitts; and, by the ſpring veſſels, an aſſortment of goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon.

DANIEL WILLIAMS,

Has alſo a good aſſortment of BOULTING-CLOTHS.

Philadelphia, May 18, 1769.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

ONE undivided third part of Elizabeth Furnace, in Lancaſter county, and of the lands thereunto belonging, containing 11,124 acres.

One undivided third part of Charming Forge, in Berks county, and of the lands belonging to it, containing 4220 acres; there is an inexhauſtible quantity of the beſt ore belonging to theſe works, and wood ſufficient to ſupply them for any time to come.

Two hundred acres of good land in Lancaſter county, unimproved, near Harris's ferry.

A valuable plantation in Huntington townſhip, York county, containing 520 acres of land; on this place are erected, a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, and other out-houſes; there are 150 acres of good meadow on this place, part of which is cleared.

Six thouſand ſeven hundred acres of very good land in the county of Cumberland.

A houſe and lot in the town of Reading, which now letts for Eight Pounds per annum.

Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the above eſtate, or any part thereof, may enquire for further particulars of the Subſcriber, at his houſe, in Market-ſtreet,

3 M. ALEXANDER STEDMAN.

IMPORTED, and to be ſold low for caſh, by

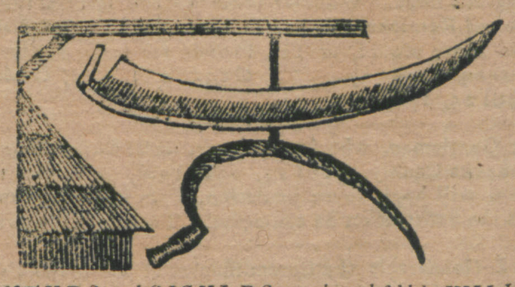
RICHARD PARKER,

In Third-ſtreet, the fifth door above Market-ſtreet,

CALICOES, ſtriped perſians, maſqueraded Bengals, China and Engliſh taffeties, ſilk damaſks, ſaggathies, fuſtians, durants, ſhaloons, calimancoes, camblets, poplins, allopeens, damaſks, everlaſtings, broadcloths, Jerman ſerges, ſtrouds, halfthicks, flannels, emboſſed ſerges, ſpotted ſwanſkins, red long ells, carpeting, Iriſh linens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, Ruſſia drillings, Flanders bed ticks, bed bunts, yd. wd. and 7-8ths cotton and linen checks, yd. and 3-8ths ditto, 3-qr. ditto, dowlaſes, princes linens, ozenbrigs, a variety of ſtampt handkerchiefs, ſilk and cotton romals, ſpotted bandanoes, flowered ditto, breeches patterns, cotton velvet ſhapes, ſilk valure ditto, hair ſhapes, wrought nankeen ditto, ſewing ſilks, a large aſſortment of ribbons, ferrets, coloured threads, white and brown ditto, Scotch and Nuns ditto, bobbins and tapes, mohair, ſilk and hair, ſcarf, twiſt and horſe hair buttons, white and yellow metal ditto, lacquered and double gilt ditto, horn ditto, mens and womens horſe whips, chaiſe whips, whip laſhes, writing paper, ſealing wax, wafers, receipt books, pocket books, temple ſpectacles, ſnuff in bladders, ditto in bottles, black, blue, green, buff, ſcarlet and cloth coloured mohair, ſilk and hair, beſt ſcarlet twiſt, cords, broad and narrow worſted bindings, galloon and ſtay cord, bed lace, nonſopretties, pins, common needles, Whitechapel and ſquare ditto, darning and looping ditto, knitting needles, kerby perch hooks, rock ditto, fiſhing rods, ditto reels, ivory and horn combs, ditto in caſes, beſt HV double wormed gimblets, common ditto, ſadlery, braſs cocks, candleſticks, ſnuff boxes, braſs ink pots, leather ditto, curtain rings, key ditto, taylors ſhears, ſciſſars, locks and hinges, eſcutcheons, wood ſcrews, tenter hooks, ſteel and braſs thimbles, pinchbeck ditto, ſtay hooks, white and yellow metal ſleeve buttons, glaſs ſet ditto, pinchbeck gilt ditto, ſilver watches, ſilvered watch chains, ſteel and pinchbeck ditto, ſteel watch keys, ſeals, piſtol capt penknives, cutteaus, Barlow penknives, ſeal end ditto, caſt-ſteel razors, carpenters and ſhoemakers hammers, pinchers, nippers, tacks and awl blades, Indian ditto, pinchbeck, ſteel, whitemetal and braſs ſhoe and knee buckles, buckle chapes, ſtock buckles, hoes and axes, ſcale beams, ſad irons, box irons, wool and cotton cards, jack cards, chimney tile, braſs wire, boxes of tin plates, ſcythes and ſickles, bar lead, pidgeon ſhot, duck and ſwan ditto, window glaſs, braſs kettles, warming pans, coffee pots, pewter, tin ware, japanned, gilt and plain, French indigo, red chalk, bohea tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, brimſtone, black lead, vermillion, ſtone ware in crates, delf ware, lanthorns, beſt oil ſtints, foot rules, joint yards, bottled port and claret, old Madeira wines, &c. &c. &c.

AN Hundred and Thirty Dozen of SICKLES, ready prepared for the enſuing Harveſt, which are made with the utmoſt Care, will be ſold at the loweſt Rate, and inſured good by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, at the Sign of the Sickle, the fourth Door above the Priſon, in Market-ſtreet.

N. B. A Servant Lad's Time to be diſpoſed of by ſaid Hendricks, who has about 4 Years to ſerve. ‖



SCYTHES and SICKLES, made and ſold by WILLIAM DAWSON, *Cutler, at the ſign of the Scythe and Sickle, in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets; where alſo may be had iron work for griſt and ſaw-mills, ſmith's bellows, and moſt ſorts of ſmith's work.* §

WHEREAS in purſuance of an act of General Aſſembly of this province, intituled, an act for granting the ſum of Sixty Thouſand Pounds for the King's uſe, and for ſtriking Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds thereof in bills of Credit, and to provide a fund for ſinking the ſame, the following tract of located and unimproved land was duly valued, and rated by the Aſſeſſors, for the county of Northampton, at Five Pounds per hundred, the property of James Hayes, in the county of Suſſex, and province of Weſt New-Jerſey, viz. a tract of land, containing about 144 acres, ſituate in Delaware townſhip, in the county of Northampton; bounded by lands of Eliſha Decker, and others.

And whereas the owner of the ſaid tract of land hath neglected to pay the Collector of the ſaid townſhip, the ſum of Ten Shillings and Nine-pence, which, according to the ſaid valuation, was aſſeſſed and laid upon ſaid land, as the proportion thereof for one year for ſaid tax, by the ſaid act impoſed: We, the Commiſſioners of the county of Northampton aforeſaid, in purſuance of the ſaid act, do hereby give notice, that on the 15th day of Auguſt next, at the houſe of Jacob Swartwood, in Delaware townſhip, we will expoſe to ſale, by public vendue, the abovementioned tract of located unimproved land, or ſuch part thereof, as will be ſufficient to anſwer the ſaid tax, and all charges accruing by reaſon of non-payment thereof, to the higheſt bidder. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands at Eaſton, the 8th day of May, 1769. CASPER DOLL, JOHN WETZEL, HARMAN SNEIDER. ¶ 3M.

June 8, 1769. NUMB. 2111.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

In No. 2109 of this Gazette, we inſerted an Extract from a Pamphlet, intituled, *Shall I go to War with my American Brethren? A Diſcourſe from Judges* xx, 28, *addreſſed to all concerned in determining that important Queſtion.*----What follows, is extracted from the ſame Pamphlet.

THIS Writer, previous to his entering on the Subject of his Diſcourſe, obſerves, that the Exerciſe of Government, and the authoritatively deciding political Queſtions, muſt be the Work of the Few; but to ſtudy Politics, and to write of them, is the Right of every free born Briton. Every Chriſtian may aſpire after the Bleſſing of the Peace-maker. One who has a mean Rank in a Family, one who has no Rank in it at all, is authoriſed, is obliged, if he ſees a Houſe in Flames, to call upon thoſe who may have Power to extinguiſh them.----If a Watchman ſee Danger approaching, and blow not the Trumpet, the Blood of the People, whom he neglected to warn, ſhall be required at his Hand.

Our Author mentions ſeveral other Motives of a ſimilar Nature with the preceding, which induced him to this Undertaking, and expreſſes great Affection and Reſpect for his Sovereign, as well as a warm Attachment to Britiſh Liberty; and then proceeds as follows:

"IF I had Opportunity to addreſs our Friends on the other Side of the Ocean, my beſt Endeavours ſhould be exerted to ſooth and ſoften their inflamed Minds. I would beſeech them to reflect, whether they are able with Ten Thouſand to meet thoſe who come againſt them with Twenty Thouſand? and if it is prudent to run themſelves into greater Calamities, by purſuing improper Meaſures for their Relief from leſſer Grievances? I would tell them, it is Madneſs to flatter themſelves, they can form their own Terms, however reaſonable they think them, from a Country ſo ſuperior to them in Wealth and Power, or ſhun B------n's preſcribing Terms to them, however unreaſonable theſe Terms may ſeem to Americans. I would aſk, where are their Ships of War? their brave, experienced, and well-diſciplined Army? or where their Money and Credit, to enable them to make Head againſt their Mother Country? If they cannot tell me where; if the B----ſh Fleet can eaſily ruin their Trade, lay in Aſhes their Sea-port Towns, and, when their preſent military Stores are exhauſted, hinder their obtaining any ſufficient Recruit of more: I would intreat them, to prefer a leſſer Evil to a greater; and, while their provoked Brethren have not yet drawn the Sword, to ſend an Embaſſy, and deſire Conditions of Peace.---

"But what I have now in view is ſomething for undeceiving Gentlemen at home, who have honeſtly at Heart the Public Good, and whoſe Opinion, or Influence, may any how contribute to decide the important Queſtion now in Agitation.

"And ſurely the Queſtion, Shall we go to War with our American Brethren, or ſhall we not? is too important to be determined, without aſking Council from above, and in Dependance on divine Direction, harkening to the Dictates of Humanity, of Love to our remote Fellow-ſubjects, of Juſtice and Equity, and of prudent Regard to the Honour and Intereſt of Prince, Parliament, and Mother Country.---

"It muſt be unavoidable Neceſſity, and no light and trivial Matter, that can warrant our involving any Part of Mankind in the Calamities of War. One who has the leaſt Feeling of Humanity, cannot reflect, without Pain, on the Deſolation, Oppreſſion, and Cruelty, to which it unavoidably expoſes many worthy Individuals, and virtuous Families; and cannot behold, without Horror, the Outrages committed by the Sons of Violence, not only in the Heat of a Battle, or Hurry of a Purſuit, but even in cool Blood. Murders and Rapes are committed with Impunity; for they who have Power and Inclination to puniſh, know it not; and they who ſee it, dare not complain. The fruitful Field, once as beautiful as the Garden of Eden, is trodden down, and becomes a waſte and barren Wilderneſs. Pleaſant Villages, flouriſhing Cities, and magnificent Palaces, are laid in Ruins. Joy is withered away from the Sons of Men. The moſt ſucceſsful Warrior, as a deſtroying Angel, is the Rod of God's Indignation to a guilty World. The Garments of the conquering, as well as of the conquered Nation, are dyed in Blood, and in the triumphant City is heard the Voice of Lamentation; the Wife weeping for her Huſband, and the Mother for her Children, and refuſing to be comforted, becauſe they are not. Surely, if divine Vengeance purſues the Murderer of one Man, it muſt fall on thoſe with double Weight, who wantonly occaſion the Death of Thouſands, and the Miſery of Thouſands more.

"Beſides all this, when War commences, the ſageſt Politician cannot foretel who ſhall triumph. The Battle is not always either to the Many, or to the Strong, but Time and Chance happen to all Men. Succeſs or Diſappointment depend upon a Variety of Incidents, which no human Wiſdom can foreſee or prevent. The righteous Cauſe does not always prevail. An inviſible Arm directs Events, in a Manner quite oppoſite to every previous Probability; and he that putteth on the Harneſs in the moſt favourable Circumſtances, hath no Reaſon to boaſt himſelf, as though he put it off.

"When, therefore, different Nations begin to diſcover oppoſite Inclinations, to puſh oppoſite Intereſts, and to make Demands upon one another, about which they are not like to agree; it is prudent coolly to weigh what the Event may prove, if Matters ſhould come to an Extremity; and whether the certain Advantages of Peace, though it coſt the yielding Something we might juſtly claim, do not more than balance the uncertain Advantages of War, Advantages not to be purchaſed without great Expence of Blood and Treaſure. A Breach once made, of courſe grows wider and wider. Solomon was ſenſible of this. "The Beginning of Strife," ſays he, "is as the letting out of Waters, therefore leave off Contention, before it be meddled with." And again, "In the Multitude of Counſel there is Safety, and with good Advice make War."

"If War with foreign Nations is undeſirable, how ſhocking is it to think of War with our own Countrymen, connected with us by Birth, Alliance, or commercial Intereſt, ſo that we cannot hurt them without injuring ourſelves? Shall the Friend, the Brother, the Father, the Son, imbrue their Hands in the Blood of Men, by the Ties of Nature, Eſteem, or Gratitude, dear to them as their own Souls? The fancied Voice of Loyalty, or of Liberty, calls their reſpective Votaries to ruſh on, and to riſque the Conſequences, while natural Affection whiſpers in the Breaſt, "Let not the Mother Country forget her Children, let not the Children tear in Pieces the Bowels of the Mother. If the Child muſt be ſacrificed, let it be by a ſavage Indian, or a perfidious Frenchman. Let it not be by a Parent's Hand; Let not Abraham's Trial be our Choice."

"And what is it, that in ſome has well nigh extinguiſhed parental Compaſſion? Whence is it that they can talk with all imaginable Coolneſs, of bombarding the Cities of their Children, nay, of bringing them to a Scaffold? It is for Claims, which (beſides a plauſible Foundation in Charters, the Validity of which Parliaments and Courts of Law have ratified, by judging and determining according to them) are ſupported by more than a Hundred and Thirty Years uninterrupted and undiſputed Poſſeſſion. In the Opinion of Mr. David Hume, Britain, before the late glorious Revolution, had no ſuch Claim as this, for either her civil or her religious Liberties. Do we think our Forefathers erred, in deeming a Claim ſufficient, that had a feeble legal Support? Do we wiſh, they had thought and acted otherwiſe? Have we ſuch ſlaviſh, daſtardly Spirits, that we would have thought or acted otherwiſe in their Situation? If we diſclaim the Charge, let us not be ſo uncharitable as to do to others what we would not ſhould be done to us.

"Should the Colonies acknowledge a Power in the Britiſh Parliament to tax them, whatever Confidence they may have in the Wiſdom and Moderation of the preſent Parliament, it is natural to dread, that, in proceſs of Time, an unequal and diſproportionate Burden may be laid on their Eſtates and Commerce, to leſſen the Burden on thoſe of the Impoſers."

From a late ENGLISH PAPER.
To the PRINTER.

THE great Increaſe of Riches in this Nation, with its natural Concomitant Luxury, have introduced a Licentiouſneſs and Corruption amongſt all Ranks of People, unknown to former Times. The inferior Sort are regardleſs of all Order and Decency, and impatient of all Reſtraints, even of thoſe which are eſſential to true Liberty; while Miniſters, actuated by the ſame Principles, are aſſuming unconſtitutional Powers to quell theſe Diſorders, under Pretence that the Power of the Civil Magiſtrate is inſufficient to check and controul them. Theſe Innovations have produced ſuch a Fermentation in the Nation, as, if not timely prevented, ſeems likely to ſhake the foundation of the Conſtitution. Every Action, both of the Governors and Governed, ſeems dictated by Violence and Paſſion. Effects are treated as Cauſes, and oppoſed only by temporary Expedients, and counteracted by little Chicanery; all which, inſtead of correcting the Humours, increaſe the Diſeaſe.

The People every Day become more inſolent, daring and inveterate, and Adm------n more irritated, incenſed and unrelenting; and between both, the Conſtitution is miſerably torn and diſtracted.

In this Fever of the State, the Prudent and the Moderate are not heard, the Wiſe and Sober not regarded; and hence it ariſes, that no ſerious and diſpaſſioned Plan has been traced out for compoſing and healing theſe Diſorders, and for bringing the Conſtitution to its proper Tone.

Have we not then one Man of Wiſdom and Integrity left, one *Pietate gravem & Moribus*, who will, in this Time of Danger, ſtep forth, and produce ſome deliberate, well-weighed Plan, ſo adapted to our Conſtitution, and our preſent Situation, and fraught with ſuch proper Conceſſions and Regulations, as are likely to ſatisfy the Public in all its reaſonable Demands, and, at the ſame Time, not inconſiſtent with the Dignity and Authority of the King or the Legiſlature to grant and eſtabliſh? Such a Man would acquire more real Fame and Glory, and deſerve better of his Country, than the greateſt Hero ever did by the moſt extenſive Conqueſts, by how much greater the Benefit is to ſave a ſinking Nation, than to extend its Power.

There are Men among us capable of ſuch an Undertaking; and though Capacity to form ſuch a Plan be not ſufficient of itſelf to eſtabliſh it, yet if Prudence and Judgment are ſhewn in the Deſign, all the ſober, moderate and independent Members of the Legiſlature, will undoubtedly concur in it, and will readily join their Weight, Influence and Endeavours, to ſupport and carry it into Execution; for it is the Want of ſuch a Plan that has ſo long kept them diſunited, each running into vague Ideas and Opinions, without a Scheme, and without Concert.

Such a Plan might comprehend the proper Means neceſſary, not only for healing our inteſtine Diviſions, but likewiſe for conciliating the loſt Affections of the Americans, without which we can never recover the Trade and Advantages we before derived from them.

Whether the Meaſures we have lately purſued with regard to them be conſtitutionally legal or not, ſeems not ſo neceſſary an Enquiry, as whether that, which might at firſt be intended as an Advantage, has not been found, by Experience, to be detrimental to us; if it has, a frank and candid Confeſſion of the Error, and an earneſt Endeavour to reconcile all Things to the Satisfaction and Advantage of both, will manifeſt greater Wiſdom, and give greater Dignity to the Legiſlature, than can be derived from a pertinacious Obſtinacy in enforcing Obedience to it. Such a Candour, on the Part of Government, ſeems the moſt likely Way to obtain the Confidence and Affections of the Americans, and a voluntary Submiſſion and Obedience to us on all future Occaſions.

A. B.

LOST in NEW-YORK,

ON Monday, May 22, 1769, a Lady's PLAIN GOLD WATCH, made in LONDON, by WEBSTER; on Back of it engraved a Lion Rampant, holding a Pen in his Paw. Whoever will bring it to the PRINTERS of this Paper, ſhall have TEN DOLLARS Reward, and no Queſtions aſked; if offered for Sale, pray ſtop it, and the Party. §

WHEREAS Mr. Robert Montgomery, of the city of Philadelphia, having embarked for Europe, has appointed us, the Subſcribers, his attornies, in conſequence of which, we requeſt all thoſe indebted to him, or to the eſtate of Thomas Montgomery, deceaſed, either by bond, bill, or book debt, to pay the ſame, without further application, otherwiſe we ſhall be obliged to take ſuch ſteps, to recover the debts, as will be diſagreeable.

June 1, 1769. THOMAS WHARTON, junior. THOMAS MONTGOMERY.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A FULLER, who underſtands fulling, dying, ſhearing and preſſing CLOTH, in all its Branches, and one who can be well recommended for Care and Truſt; ſuch a Perſon will meet with extraordinary Encouragement, by applying to SAMUEL KITCHEN, in Amwell Townſhip, Hunterdon County, Weſt-Jerſey. The Fuller to work on Shares, or by the Year. Apply to ſaid Kitchen, at his Mills. ¶

WILL COVER THIS SEASON,
THE HORSE *GRANBY*,

HE is a fine bright bay, 15 hands 1 inch and a half high, riſing 7 years old, equal in form and beauty to any horſe in America. He is a ſon of the Bellſize Arabian, from a ſhock mare, his grandam was got by Old Cade, a ſon of the late Lord Godolphin's famous Arabian, whoſe blood has been ſo highly eſteemed for many years. GRANBY's great grandam was a Hartley mare, known by ſportſmen to be the beſt in England. He will cover a limited number of mares at TWELVE DOLLARS the ſeaſon, or SIX DOLLARS a ſingle leap, and Five Shillings to the groom. He is kept by JOHN PERKINS, at the ſtables in Fifth-ſtreet, who has procured good and ſecure paſture for mares, at a moderate price per week.

N. B. The money to be paid before the mares are taken away.

Lancaſter, May 29, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 26th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, at Martick Furnace, in Lancaſter county, the ſaid furnace, and a forge, together with upwards of 3400 acres of land, thereto belonging; the improvements at both furnace and forge are very good, viz. at the furnace, a good dwelling-houſe, ſtores, and compting-houſe, a large coal-houſe, with eight dwelling-houſes for the labourers, a good griſt-mill, ſmith and carpenter's ſhops, ſix good log ſtables, with four bays for hay, a number of pot-patterns, and ſome flaſks for ditto, ſtove moulds, &c. &c. a good mine bank, abounding with plenty of ore, ſo convenient that one team can haul 3 loads a day, about 15 acres of good watered meadow, and as much more adjoining may be made; the forge is about 4 miles diſtant, now in good order, with 4 fires, 2 hammers, and very good wooden bellows, a dwelling-houſe, compting-houſe, with 6 dwelling-houſes for the labourers, 2 very good coal-houſes, large enough to contain 6 months ſtock, 3 ſtables, ſmith's and carpenter's ſhops, 2 acres of meadow made, about 1500 cords of wood cut in the woods, at both places; there is plenty of water at the ſaid works, in the drieſt ſeaſons, and they are ſituate in a plentiful part of the country, where they may be ſupplied with neceſſaries on the loweſt terms; ſeveral ſlaves, and a good forge man, ſeveral teams, waggons, &c. all late the property of Thomas Smith, James Wallace, and James Fulton; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

JAMES WEBB, junior, Sheriff.

N. B. The forge and furnace will be ſold together or ſeparate.

Lancaſter, May 29, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the premiſes, the 28th day of June next, at two o'clock, a meſſuage, plantation, and tract of land, containing about 200 acres, ſituate in Straſburgh townſhip, well known by the name of the Black Horſe, being a well accuſtomed tavern many years, and perhaps as good a ſtanding for public buſineſs as any in the county, with a good orchard and meadow. At the ſame time is to be ſold ſundry houſhold goods, horſes, cows, &c. all late the property of Thomas Smith; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JAMES WEBB, jun. Sheriff.

Cheſter County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Saturday, the 24th inſtant, at 3 o'clock, at Robert Moulder's tavern, in Marcus-Hook, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate in Marcus-Hook, alias Chicheſter aforeſaid, near the market, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 200 feet; and alſo three other pieces of land and meadow ground, ſituate in the aforeſaid place; the one piece being upland, and contains 8 acres; one other piece of meadow contains one acre and a quarter; and the other piece contains one acre; which laſt mentioned two pieces are good meadow; all late the eſtate of Robert Moulder; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Cheſter County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Monday, the 26th inſtant, at 4 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract or piece of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Eaſt-Bradford townſhip, in Cheſter county, containing 31 acres, and 95 perches of land, and allowance for roads, bounded by lands of Anthony Dougherty, Daniel Hoops, Thomas Hoops, and George Baldwin; late the eſtate of James Clark, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Cheſter County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Monday, the 26th inſtant, about 4 o'clock, at the houſe of Eliſha Hughes, innholder, in Eaſt Nottingham, in the county of Cheſter, will be ſold by vendue, a certain parcel of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt Nottingham, in the county of Cheſter, containing about 70 acres, more or leſs; bounded by lands of William Buchanan, Jacob Reynolds, Joſeph Reynolds, and other land of William Reynolds; late the eſtate of William Reynolds aforeſaid; ſeized in execution, at the ſuit of Joſeph Davies, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Cheſter County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Tueſday, the 27th inſtant, at 2 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land, containing about 40 acres, more or leſs, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt-Nottingham; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, and others. Alſo will be ſold at the ſame time and place, a variety of houſhold furniture, horſes, cows, &c. and ſundry ſmith's tools; late the eſtate and effects of Martha M'Kee, and Victor Craig; ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Cheſter County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Tueſday, the 27th inſtant, at 3 o'clock, on the premiſes, will be ſold by vendue, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of good land thereunto belonging, ſituate in the townſhip of Uwchland, in the county of Cheſter, bounded by lands of Thomas Gueſt, Joſeph Phipps, David Roberts, and Brandywine Creek, containing 93 acres, more or leſs. At the ſame time and place will be ſold a crop of wheat in the ground; late the eſtate and effects of Evan Harry, ſeized in execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By the HALIFAX PACKET, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.

PETERSBURGH, *February* 24.

THE Court have received advice, by expreſſes, that the Tartars having attempted, at two different places, to make an invaſion into the provinces of this Empire, have been repulſed with loſs.

CORSICAN GAZETTE.

Murato, Feb. 17. On the 13th of this month we had advice, that the regiment de la Mark, quartered on the lands of Barbaggio, ſeemed to paſs their time with little attention. Accordingly, at four in the evening, the General detached 400 men, in order to ſurprize that poſt the ſame night, but our people were prevented executing their project as premeditated, by reaſon that the enemy had been adviſed, by a ſpy, of our motions, and were on their guard. Our people were therefore obliged to attack them, and endeavour to overcome them by force, in which they at laſt ſucceeded, after a vigorous reſiſtance from the French, 100 of whom, who were in the houſes in the heights, were made priſoners; 160 more, which were in the houſes below, after an obſtinate reſiſtance, ſurrendered by capitulation, in conſequence of which they were conducted to San Fiorenzo, obliging themſelves not to ſerve during one year. During this engagement one of our detachments, which was to have fortified themſelves at the paſſage of Tigeme, not having time to do it, was attacked, the 15th, with great violence, by the French, who obliged them to quit the eminences which they had taken poſt on. Other French detachments cut off the retreat of our people, thoſe who had conquered at Barbaggio, not knowing that the paſſage of the mountain was poſſeſſed by the enemy, who poured down from thence, and ſurrounding our people, attacked them briſkly with four pieces of cannon and two howits. Our people at Barbaggio reſiſted the firſt and ſecond day with great reſolution, but ſeeing no poſſibility of holding out for want of proviſions and ammunition, on the 16th in the evening they ſurrendered by capitulation, in conſequence of which they were conducted to Baſtia, there to remain, and the officers to have the town for their priſon.

"Our loſs, killed, wounded, and priſoners, does not amount to 200 men, that of the enemy is of no ſmall conſequence, eſpecially the killed and wounded."

Caſal, March 2. It is reported, that there has been a freſh engagement in Corſica, much more bloody than that of the 14th of laſt month; and that the Malcontents had retaken Barbaggio and Patrimonio from the French.

From the Banks of the Danube, March 4. Our advices, juſt come to hand, mention an affair which has happened upon the Dnieſter, where the Turks, Tartars, and Confederates, have had the worſt of it; and which has procured to the Ruſſians the advantage of eſtabliſhing themſelves beyond the Dnieſter.

Warſaw, March 4. This moment a courier is arrived with the news, that the Confederacy of the Palatinate of Lencizia has been deſtroyed by the Ruſſians; and that of the Palatinate of Plock has alſo met with the ſame fate: So that there now only remain the Confederacies of Great Poland, and that of Bar.

March 11. We have received advice, that the New Confederates of Lencizia have been defeated near Kutno by the Ruſſians, and that a number of their troops had been maſſacred by the Coſſacks. His Majeſty received a confirmation of the defeat of the Haydamacks in ſeveral parts of the Ukraine, and was ſo well ſatisfied with the news, that he made a handſome preſent to the courier. We hear, on the other hand, that Prince Sapiehha, has put himſelf at the head of a party of Confederates in Volhinia, and that the Tartars have broke the Ruſſian Chain of communication: One corps of troops being encamped at Kzerkaſſay, another at Balta, and a third at Human, in the Ukraine, making in all a body of 80,000 men.

Florence, March 11. The King of Pruſſia has ſent a preſent of a medal of his own perſon to General Paoli, with an eulogium, in which he makes that General greater than all the heroes of antiquity. When the Marquis de Marbeuf took M. Colonna priſoner, with 212 men, on the 14th of February, at Barbaggio, as a compliment to that officer, he ſaid to him, that he ſuppoſed General Paoli would ſuſtain a great loſs in him: To this the brave Corſican replied, that every town and every village in his country, contained men of ſuperior courage and abilities to himſelf, and that M. de Marbeuf would very ſoon be convinced of it. This loſs will, however, be a great one to Paoli, who cannot afford to loſe one Corſican to ten Frenchmen; yet if thoſe brave men are determined to remain on the defenſive, they will be invincible. At preſent they continue to ſtrengthen the fortifications of Balagna, as it is ſuppoſed that ſpot will be the theatre of the enſuing campaign, and Cape Corſo is already, except Oletta, entirely in the hands of the Corſicans.

Paris, March 20. It is reported, that the King ratified, the 15th inſtant, a treaty of alliance concluded between his Majeſty, the Empreſs Queen, the King of Spain, and the King of Pruſſia; but the object of this alliance is not known.

March 24. It is certain, that a treaty of alliance, offenſive and defenſive, was ſigned a few days ago by our Monarch, with the Queen of Hungary, the King of Spain, and the King of Pruſſia.

Hamburgh, March 27. Letters from Peterſburgh adviſe, that the land forces which the Empreſs of Ruſſia actually has on foot, including the militia, amount to about 600,000 men.

Peterſburgh, March 3. By the advices from the Army, there have been ſome ſharp rencounters between the Imperial troops and the Tartars, always to the diſadvantage of the latter.

Baſtia, Feb. 27. A ſmart action happened a few days ago, between the French and Corſicans, which was fought with great obſtinacy on both ſides, and ended with little advantage on either. It is ſaid that ſeveral Chiefs have quitted Paoli, and aſſembled at Roſtino.

Hague, March 26. On the 23d inſtant the Princeſs of Orange was delivered of a dead Prince, to the great affliction of the Prince Stadtholder, and of the Public.

San Fiorenzo, Feb. 25. A ſudden attack of the Corſicans has recovered Barbaggio and Patrimonio, in both which places they took the garriſon priſoners. Continual fires are kept upon the mountains, and theſe people have not in the leaſt abated of their activity.

Copenhagen, March 21. Our naval preparations continue to be carried on without interruption, but the object of them is not yet known. It is however ſuppoſed, that they are rather intended to aſſiſt ſome Power in friendſhip with us, than to make war againſt any other.

Hanover, March 28. In conſequence of an order from our moſt gracious Sovereign, a liſt is making out, of all the young men above 14 in every diſtrict, in order to augment the troops of this Electorate.

Parma, March 11. The Infant Duke has juſt ſuppreſſed the office of the Inquiſition in his dominions.

Madrid, March 14. According to the laſt advices from the coaſt of Africa, the King of Morocco is in perſon at the head of 50000 men, before Mazagan, a fortreſs belonging to the King of Portugal. The ſiege is carried on with great vigour, under the direction of ſome European Engineers, ſo that it is apprehended the place will be obliged to ſurrender, notwithſtanding all the ſuccours ſent thither by the Court of Portugal.

Murato, in Corſica, March 18. The Count de Marbeuf, who is going to be relieved in the command of the French troops by the Count de Vaux, acquainted General Paoli with his intended departure for France; and at the ſame time intimated to him, that if he was inclined to come to an accommodation, he ſhould now declare himſelf, that he (Marbeut) might have the honour to communicate to the King his Sovereign the ſubmiſſion of ſo diſtinguiſhed a Subject. But it is aſſured that our General made anſwer to the Count de Marbeuf, that he was perfectly diſpoſed to live in peace with the French nation, whenever the troops of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty would deſiſt from interfering in diſputes which ſubſiſt between the Corſicans and the Genoeſe; but that otherwiſe his Nation and himſelf were determined to defend themſelves, as long as they could carry arms.

Baſtia, March 20. The Corſicans are making the utmoſt efforts to oppoſe the French; and have obliged all the men in that iſland, from the age of 15 to 60, without diſtinction, to take arms in defence of the public cauſe.

LONDON, March 25.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, March 19.

"*A letter from good hands at Conſtantinople, received here, again aſſures us, that the Divan would lend an ear to the amicable repreſentations which have been ſent to them by ſome foreign Miniſters for a reconciliation with Ruſſia, only they fear an inſurrection of the people, who clamouroufly demand that the operations of war may begin.*"

March 27. Yeſterday morning Mr. Wilkes, with five other gentlemen, his friends, received the Sacrament at his apartment in the King's Bench Priſon, from the hands of the Rev. Mr. Cockayne, in order to qualify himſelf as a Candidate for the county of Middleſex, at the enſuing election at Brentford, according to act of parliament.

The exports to America are ſo amazingly decreaſed within two years paſt, that ſome dependants on the Cuſtom-houſe buſineſs do not make a fourth part of the perquiſites they did formerly.

March 28. *While the Merchants were waiting at St. James's for the addreſs, a great Perſonage expreſſed much ſatisfaction at their arrival, and ſent them word, that he would wait if it was till twelve o'clock at night, and was pleaſed to order cakes, ſweetmeats, and the fineſt wines to be carried to them, which they took very plentifully, the Addreſs not being read till five in the afternoon.*

They write from Conſtantinople, that the Grand Vizir has employed a noted French Navigator and Geographer, to take accurate charts of the Black Sea, including the principal forts, ſoundings, &c.

March 30. *It is ſaid that both Houſes of Parliament will break up the firſt week in May.*

We hear that Addreſſes from all the different Shires in Scotland are preparing to be ſent to his Majeſty.

It is ſaid that a certain Reverend Gentleman, in one of the higheſt ſtations of the Church, has lately intereſted himſelf to a great degree in the cauſe of a Patriot character.

They write from Leghorn, that a great number of Corſicans, who had ſuffered themſelves to be prevailed on to go over to the French, had again deſerted, and joined their countrymen, by which Paoli's army was conſiderably reinforced.

We hear, that on the 4th of next month the Budget will be opened in the proper place, which, it is ſaid, will diſcloſe ſeveral curious particulars, for the ſpeculation of the political world, demonſtrating the great abilities of a certain financier.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, March 6.

"Our late ſucceſſes againſt the Confederates have given us new ſpirits. The chain of communication between thoſe Rebels and the Tartars is now entirely broken, by the vigorous operation of General Iſakow, and, it is ſaid, with great appearance of probability, that the Chan has found himſelf ſo much deceived, by the miſrepreſentations of the Confederates, with reſpect, not only to the numbers that were to join him, but alſo with regard to the ammunition and proviſions he was to be furniſhed with, that he is determined to withdraw his troops from Poland, and is actually gone to Conſtantinople, in order to explain the motives of his conduct to the Grand Signior. We every day receive advice of the Inſurgents removing from the neighbourhood of the Ruſſian troops. It is ſaid the Tartars, in their retreat, have behaved with the utmoſt barbarity, ſparing neither ſex or age, and ſetting fire to all the little towns they paſs through: However, we hope ſoon to ſee an end of theſe troubles; a large body of Ruſſians arrived here this day; and General Apraxin, with a great number of officers, took leave of the King yeſterday, and ſet out to join the army."

April 1. On Wedneſday ſeveral of the Nobility paid a viſit to the Earl of Chatham, at Hayes.

We hear that a popular Patriot has expreſſed to ſeveral of his friends, that he wiſhes no gentleman whatever will be a candidate at an enſuing election, in ſupport of his intereſt, as he is determined to ſtand, or fall, alone.

Yeſterday his Excellency -------- Eden, Eſq; ſet out for Portſmouth, in order to embark there for Maryland, of which place he is appointed Governor.

It is ſaid that, at one time, ſince the Patriot returned from exile, two great Ladies had nearly procured the promiſe of a pardon; but that another great Lady afterwards prevented its taking place.

We are told that the ardour of the Freeholders of Middleſex in the intereſt of Mr. Wilkes, is ſo far from being abated, that he has received numberleſs letters, and verbal aſſurances, of their perſeverance in his cauſe.

The number of Mr. Wilkes's friends has increaſed conſiderably ſince his laſt election.

It is now ſaid, that if a patriotic Gentleman ſhould be again rejected, a petition will immediately take place.

Laſt night Lord Temple arrived in town, being ſent for in order (as it is ſaid) to aſſiſt in forming a new miniſtry, in conjunction with Lord Chatham.

April 3. Upon caſting up the accounts of the unſucceſsful election expences of a gentleman, we are told that they amounted to 106,000l. 15s. 9d.

Some people will have it, that there is really an intention of a change in ſome departments of the Miniſtry, but that they cannot as yet fix on the proper perſons.

We hear from Leghorn, that a great number of Sardinian ſoldiers had deſerted, and found means to join General Paoli, who was meditating a grand blow againſt the French.

Yeſterday was married at Kingſton church, in Surry, the late Dutcheſs of Grafton, to the Earl of Upper Oſſory.

April 4. Letters from Corſica bring advice, that a corps of 800 French troops had made an attempt to ſurprize Oletta, but the Corſicans having got ſcent of the deſign, aſſembled ſo ſpeedily, and in ſuch numbers, that the French were obliged to retire, with conſiderable loſs.

We hear that Sir Edward Hawke, and ſome other Lords of the Admiralty, will ſet out early next month, to make a ſurvey of all the men of war at Portſmouth and Plymouth, with all the royal arſenals and dock-yards.

Yeſterday ſeveral of the principal Nobility had a conference with Earl Temple at his houſe in Pall-Mall, where they continued for ſeveral hours.

We hear from Paris, that the French Eaſt-India Company are now negotiating for the ſale of their charter and trade with ſeveral Bankers, &c. among whom are named Foley, Panchand and Co.

This morning a Cabinet Council was held at St. James's, at which the principal Secretaries, and the other great Officers of State, aſſiſted.

We are informed, that the quadruple treaty of alliance, lately ſigned by the Kings of Pruſſia, France and Spain, and the Queen of Hungary, contains nothing prejudicial to the intereſts of Great-Britain.

According to letters from Leghorn, the Corſicans continue to be plentifully ſupplied with all kinds of proviſions and ammunition, imported to them from England, Holland, Sweden and Denmark.

April 6. A certain great perſonage, who has always expreſſed himſelf againſt the practice of deciding quarrels by duel, lately declared, that he was determined the firſt perſon, who ſhall kill his antagoniſt in a duel, whether he be the challenger or challenged, ſhall ſuffer for an example.

It is aſſured, that a very great perſonage, on her laſt birth day, did make it her particular requeſt, that a popular priſoner might be pardoned; to which it was replied, that the favour ſhould have been granted, but that *word* and *honour* had been given before, that no part of his ſentence ſhould be remitted him.

But it is now ſaid, that the interceſſion lately made by ſome very great perſonages, has been attended with ſo much ſucceſs, as to obtain a promiſe, that if the next election be decided in favour of a popular candidate, all oppoſition ſhall ceaſe.

Yeſterday morning ſeveral agents for the colonies attended the levee of the Earl of Rochford, on affairs relative to the commercial intereſts of Great-Britain and North-America.

By letters from Leghorn, we learn, that General Paoli has lately received a large ſupply of ammunition and money, by ſome Dutch ſhips, from the ſubjects of a certain power, which has not hitherto appeared inclined to intereſt itſelf in the behalf of thoſe brave Iſlanders; and that the Corſican troops, with the Sardinian and Italian deſerters, amount to 11,000 effective men.

We hear that Mr. Roche, who has this day offered himſelf a candidate for the county of Middleſex, is a native of Ireland; was a Lieutenant in the army during the laſt war, and was in the moſt principal engagements that happened in America.

April 8. Yeſterday betts amongſt the quality at the weſt end of the town, were 500l. to 400l. that Mr. Wilkes will have a free pardon before the expiration of this month.

It is ſaid, that one day this week, the Earl of Chatham, and Earl Temple, had the honour of a private conference with his Majeſty at St. James's, for two hours.

A rumour again prevails at the weſt end of the town, that a ſpeedy pardon will be granted to a popular gentleman, in whoſe behalf many powerful interceſſions are now making.

Lord Chatham is now in better bodily health than he has been for four or five years paſt; and his mental faculties are as ſtrong as ever, which the world will ſoon be convinced of, in a cauſe that will add a great luſtre to his character.

Yeſterday a very great perſonage paid a viſit to John Wilkes, Eſq; from which circumſtance great fears are expreſſed, and great hopes conceived.

It is ſaid that there will be a lottery this year.

Yeſterday ſome diſpatches were received at the Secretary of State's office, from the Earl of Stormont, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Court of Vienna; after which a Cabinet-council was held.

Letters received from Stockholm, dated April 3, adviſe, that the great armaments making in Denmark, ſeem to give umbrage to the Court of Sweden, on which account the King had applied to the Senate to have the Diet convened ſooner than the time appointed, but that the Senate would not agree to it.

Extract of a Letter from Caſinca, in Corſica, March 6.

"The firſt of this month the French attempted for the third time to ſurprize Olmeta; but they were again repulſed. Their loſs was not very conſiderable, but they had the diſſatisfaction of not ſucceeding in an enterprize which they appear to have very much at heart."

Frequent conferences have been held this week, between the Ruſſian Ambaſſador and the Earl of Rochford; and at the cloſe of each, diſpatches were ſent off from the Secretary of State's office to Peterſburgh.

It is given out, but we know not on what authority, that a new treaty is upon the tapis, between the Courts of Great-Britain, Ruſſia, Sweden, and Denmark, to which the States General have been alſo invited.

It was this morning reported, that news of a very intereſting nature has been received from the Continent.

It is rumoured that a fleet of obſervation is ordered to be fitted out at Portſmouth, but the deſtination is not as yet known; and that a great number of ſeamen will ſoon be wanted.

They write from Hamburgh, that divers foreign agents are now employed there in buying up vaſt quantities of warlike ſtores, ammunition, and horſes; and that recruits are alſo raiſing for the Pruſſian ſervice.

They write from Breſt, that the workmen are buſy both there and at Rochfort, in equipping divers ſhips of war, and thoſe on the ſtocks are ordered to be compleated with the greateſt expedition.

April 11. Saturday the betts at the weſt end of the town were 300 guineas to 200, that Mr. Wilkes, upon the cloſe of the poll, will be 200 a head of the two other candidates; and that Captain Roche will be 100 a head of Col. Luttrell, this enſuing election at Brentford; and that he will be the ſitting member.

A Captain of a government ſloop has informed the Miniſtry, that while he was in the Bay of Cadiz, a French ſhip in diſtreſs came in to repair, which had got no leſs than 900 ſoldiers on board, none of whom the commander permitted to go on ſhore. Their deſtination was not known, neither was their deſign to be learned. The above officer left the port before the Frenchman was refitted, and, after having ſailed a few leagues to the North-Weſt, he fell in with three other French veſſels, whom he found to be conſorts of the other, and which had the like number of ſoldiers on board; he hailed them, and enquired whither they were bound, but received no anſwer. Reſpecting this intelligence, it is ſaid, the Miniſtry are ſomewhat perplexed; and that they have referred it to the conſideration of a certain board, the reſult of which deliberation will ſoon be diſcloſed.

The Budget, it is ſaid, will be opened this day. It is thought there will not be any loan, and that the Civil Liſt debts are to be paid by an anticipation of the Sinking Fund, and a lottery. The lottery tickets are to be 13l. at the Treaſury; and, it is ſaid, there is to be no ſtock-jobbing, every perſon may buy at the Bank a ſingle ticket for 13l. till the day of drawing.

We hear that 400,000l. will be wanted for the Navy, and 3000l. for compleating the new avenue leading to the Houſe of Commons.

It is ſaid the 400,000l. paid by the Eaſt-India Company, is to be applied for the public ſervice.

The Earl of Chatham mends in health every day. It is ſaid that he has declared his ſentiments on the caſe of the County of Middleſex, which, he ſays, is the cauſe of the whole nation, and the *moſt eſſential conſtitutional point that has yet been agitated.*

A Gentleman ſays there is a great reſemblance between a Circle of Perſons electrified, and the preſent Miniſtry; but with this exception, that they are all *ſuſceptible* of the *Touch*, but none of them *feel any Shock from it.*

A certain candidate has expreſſed himſelf to the following purport: "That he is determined to be the Quaker, till after an enſuing election."

On Friday laſt Mr. Layton, back-maker in Southwark, entertained near 100 of his friends in a large tub, built by Henry Thrale, Eſq; at which time a number of loyal and conſtitutional toaſts were given; and amongſt the reſt the following: "May the ſons of Comus never want the dwelling of Diogenes."

The Bruſſels Gazette of April 6, received this day, has the following article, dated Paris, March 31.---"A report prevails that the Engliſh Miniſtry propoſe to deliver up Canada to France for the ſum of twenty millions."

Letters from Campolora in Corſica, of the 6th ult. mention, that the Chiefs of that nation have juſt adopted a principle contrary to that they have hitherto followed, which is to remain quietly on the defenſive. Not that their courage is diminiſhed, but good policy requires that they ſhould not expoſe themſelves more than is neceſſary.

It is rumoured that a Britiſh ſquadron will ſoon appear in the Baltick.

According to letters from the Hague, the Dutch are now fitting out a number of ſhips of the line.

It is reported that a certain Candidate told one of his opponents on Friday laſt, that if he ſhould ſee any mob in motion at a certain place on his behalf, that he would either leave him (his opponent) dead on the ſpot, or be left ſo himſelf; and added, that he would go to the place of polling with his ſword by his ſide, and a brace of piſtols in his pocket, for his own defence.

April 13. Monday laſt a party of the guards marched from their quarters at Brentford to town, on account of the election coming on this day.

This morning came on the election of a Knight of the ſhire for the county of Middleſex, when the voice of the Freeholders were ſo ſtrenuous for John Wilkes, Eſq; that we are ſince informed he was almoſt unanimouſly re-elected.

This day, at noon, a ſix oar'd cutter, with ſtreamers flying, depictured with Wilkes and Liberty, &c. came down the river, with wind and tide in their favour, and declared the election to have gone unanimouſly in favour of Mr. Wilkes; They were bound for Ratcliff-Croſs,

About eight o'clock this morning, as Col. Luttrell was proceeding to Brentford, with about 30 horſe-men, they were pelted, and groſly abuſed by the mob at Hyde-Park-corner, who obliged them to retreat through the Park, and go the Uxbridge-road; the Col. loſt his hat, and, in his hurry, rode over a man in the crowd, who was carried to St. George's hoſpital, without the leaſt hopes of recovery.

London Tavern, Tueſday, April 11, 1769.

SUPPORTERS of the BILL of RIGHTS.

Sir JOSEPH MAWBEY, Bart. in the Chair.

Ordered,

THAT the ſum of ſix hundred pounds be paid into the hands of Mr. Wilkes; and that Mr. Reynolds be deſired to convey the ſame.

A falſe, malicious, and ſcandalous libel, having appeared in the Gazette of the 8th inſtant, under the title of an Addreſs from the Gentlemen, Clergy, Traders, and principal inhabitants of the City of Coventry, charging the Supporters of the Bill of Rights with being "the patrons, from whoſe leſſons of ſedition the mere inſtruments of our preſent confuſions, have been tempted to exhibit their improvements in the deteſtable ſcience of licentiouſneſs, even before the gates of the royal palace; and repreſenting them as men for ever to be regarded as enemies to monarchy, ſubverters of all legal government, pretended guardians of the conſtitution, and real diſturbers of its repoſe."

Reſolved, That it would be unpardonable in this ſociety, to paſs over in ſilence ſo unmerited and infamous a charge (and that too publiſhed by authority) conſcious as they are that his Majeſty has not ſubjects more loyal and faithful to his ſacred perſon, more attached to his illuſtrious family, more devoted to our happy conſtitution, nor more zealous for the peace, proſperity, and liberty of the people.

And therefore Reſolved, That a Committee be appointed to take the aforeſaid libel into conſideration, and to report their opinion at the next general meeting, to be held on Tueſday, the 25th inſt. when Sir Francis Blake Delaval, Knt. of the Bath, will be in the chair.

It is ſaid that a freſh feud has ariſen between two Right Hon. Brothers, which has, in ſome degree, fruſtrated the plan of meaſures that has for ſome time been under conſideration. The cauſe of this quarrel is not publickly known, though ſome pretend to ſay, a certain popular Gentleman was the object.

Letters from the Banks of the Danube, dated the 22d of March, ſay, "The Confederates give out, that the Turks will march 200,000 troops into Poland, whilſt, with the reſt of their forces, they make a diverſion in the dominions of the Empreſs of Ruſſia."

The French ſhip, with the 900 ſoldiers on board, which came into the port of Cadiz, while Captain W-----n was there; and the three others their conſorts, which he ſaw at ſea, a little diſtance from that place, are now known to be a French fleet, and their deſtination is to the Eaſt-Indies.

Much controverſy happened at a certain place, concerning the meaſures to be taken in conſequence of the above affair; but nothing final has been determined on.

It is thought no further ſteps of conſequence will be taken relative to the Americans, but that the future proceedings will be left to the diſcretionary powers, &c. with which the commander in chief has been inveſted.

By letters from Peterſburgh we learn, that a large body of Confederates have been defeated near Dubna, by Colonel de Brink; that he has taken a great number of priſoners, with horſes, and ammunition; and that the ſon of Marſhal Pulawſki was killed in the encounter.

Mr. Harman, commonly called, *The Prophetic Watchmaker*, this morning publiſhed the following, by way of advertiſement, in a daily paper.

"If God is for us, who can ſtand againſt us? John Wilkes, Eſq; will be choſen Member for the County of Middleſex This Day, for the fourth time only. It is with great pleaſure I can aſſure all his friends and wellwiſhers, that I am not in the leaſt doubtful of his ſucceſs, for the heaven and ſtars appear to me to be quite in his favour; and I expect to have a bright and glorious day. J. HARMAN, Watchmaker."

We are informed that a great number of foreigners arrived here lately, on purpoſe to be ſpectators of the humours of an election.

WILLIAMSBURG, May 25.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated February 22, 1769.

"The Spirit of the Nation begins to riſe againſt miniſterial Tyranny; the Ferment of Mobs has ſubſided, and in its Place a determined and moſt reſpectable Body have aſſociated to ſupport WILKES, and the Conſtitution, under the Denomination of Supporters of the Bill of Rights. It is aſtoniſhing how Mr. WILKES's Intereſt grows; the Weſt is to a Man moſt zealous in his Cauſe, the City of London, the County of Middleſex, and the adjacent Counties, are firmly attached to him. The greateſt and moſt independent Families in the Houſe of Commons eſpouſe his Intereſt with great Warmth, and he himſelf, with amazing Intrepidity, ſtanding upon the firm Baſis of our Conſtitution, defies their Power, and awes their Hearts.

"Lord HILLSBOROUGH is taking great Pains to delude the People in America into Slavery. Art and Cunning is his political Fort; he purſues the Views of enſlaving you with Steadineſs." *Colonel* BARRE, *in ſpeaking againſt the Reſolves and Addreſs of the Parliament, ſaid,*

"Away with theſe partial, reſentful Trifles, calculated to irritate, not to quell or appeaſe, inadequate to their Purpoſe, unworthy of us! Why will you endeavour to deceive yourſelves and us? You know that it is not this Place only, that diſputes your Right, but every Part; they tell you, that you have no Right, from one End of the Continent to the other; my Sentiments of this Matter you well know; conſider well what you are doing, act openly and honeſtly; tell them you will tax them, and that they muſt ſubmit; do not adopt this little, inſidious, futile Plan; they will deſpiſe you for it."

ANNAPOLIS, June 1.

The Sloop Hannah, whereof Levi Robinſon is Owner and Commander, and Reuben Delans, Owner of the Cargoe, againſt which a Libel was exhibitted in the Court of Vice-Admiralty of this Province, was Yeſterday diſmiſſed.

NEW-YORK, June 5.

Tueſday laſt the ſhip America, Captain Hervey, arrived here from Liſbon, in 8 weeks, by whom we have advice, That on the 22d of March, Mr. George Barclay, an eminent merchant of that place, ſhot himſelf in his own houſe; and that on the 24th following, advice was received, that the Emperor of Morocco had taken Mazagan, a Portugueſe garriſon, on the coaſt of Africa.

Friday laſt Captain Bolderſon ſpoke the ſchooner Happy Return, 30 days from Tenerieff, bound for Philadelphia.

By Captain Cooke, from Antigua, we hear, that the merchants at Antigua had received orders, that their veſſels for Europe, ſhould not ſail without being under convoy.

Extract of a letter from Lake Ontario, dated May 21.

"Juſt now an expreſs arrived here from Detroit, adviſing the Boats not to proceed to that place, becauſe they had good reaſon to imagine the Indians would ſtrike this ſeaſon, from hints that ſome of them had given when drunk, in conſequence of which, many of the inhabitants of Detroit had removed their families and effects into the fort. The boats which had paſſed Niagara Carrying-Place, I underſtand, are returned with all their goods."

Extract of a letter from Albany, dated May 28.

------"I fear we are on the eve of an Indian war:----Letters from Detroit adviſe, that the Indians are aſſembling: That the Inhabitants are retiring to the fort; and ſuch traders as had not left Niagara and Oſwego, when the accounts came, remain at thoſe Places."

Another letter ſays, that Sir. William Johnſon was ſet out on a viſit to the Indians, in order to try to ſettle and reconcile matters.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated April 5, 1769.

"I returned from France a few Days ago; my Tour, tho' ſhort, was agreeable. Mr. Dickinſon's Letters are now tranſlated into French. The Tranſlator is a Man of the firſt Rank for Virtue and Learning in Paris. In the Preface to the Tranſlation, he has beſtowed a Number of high Encomiums upon Mr. Dickinſon, and ſays, that, in his Opinion, "the Roman Orator was leſs eloquent than the Pennſylvania Farmer." They ſell very rapidly in France. I received a Letter a Day or two ago from the Gentleman who tranſlated them, in which he tells me, that, "was he as young as I am, he would accompany me to America, in order to pay his Homage in Perſon to Dickinſon, Otis, and all the other illuſtrious Advocates for AMERICAN LIBERTY." Who can fail of being charmed with ſuch Sentiments in a Frenchman? HERE (to borrow an Alluſion from the Farmer's Letters) we behold the Fire of Liberty ſtill glowing in a Country, after the Altar, upon which it was kindled, is burnt to the Ground."

Extract of a Letter from London, dated April 8, 1769.

"Great Diſſatisfaction prevails in this Kingdom, on Account of Wilkes's Expulſion, and the Reſtraints on the American Trade. If your Merchants and Houſe-keepers generally unite with the other Colonies, in not importing more Goods, depend on it, you will be ſoon emancipated from the parliamentary Yoke, and no future Miniſter will venture to tax America again.

"Lord H----------h begins to ſqueak; he has lately declared, that the Reſolves, and the Addreſs to the K---, were much againſt his Judgment; that they were forced on him by his B-dfo-d Friends; and he has told the K---, he cannot ſerve him effectually in his Department, whilſt others direct its Operations.

"It is the general Sentiment of the ableſt Connoiſſeurs, that the Diſcontent and ill Temper, which reign in England, joined with the ſteady Conduct of the Americans, will produce a Change in the Adminiſtration, and that at leaſt the B-dfo-d Part of it will give Way, when the Rockingham Friends will ſupply their Places, which would be a happy Circumſtance both for Great-Britain and her Colonies."

We hear from New-York, that there is Advice by the Packet, of the French Eaſt-India Company having failed; and that they owed Six Hundred Thouſand Pounds to England, beſides a large Sum to Lord Clive.

We hear that the Committee, appointed (by the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, held at Philadelphia for promoting Uſeful Knowledge) to obſerve the Tranſit of Venus, which happened on Saturday laſt, having diſtributed themſelves into three Claſſes, the Rev. Mr. John Ewing, Joſeph Shippen, Eſq; Doctor Hugh Williamſon, Meſſieurs Thomas Prior, Charles Thomſon, and James Pearſon, obſerved at the public Obſervatory, in the State-Houſe Square; the Rev. Doctor William Smith, John Lukens, Eſq; Meſſieurs David Rittenhouſe, and John Sellers, at Mr. Rittenhouſe's Obſervatory, at Norrington; and Mr. Owen Biddle, at the Light-Houſe, near the Capes of Delaware. The Weather was extremely favourable, and the Obſervations at the three ſeveral Places, were compleated greatly to the Satisfaction of the Obſervers. As ſoon as the Committees have digeſted their Remarks to lay before the Society, we are promiſed an authentic Account of the Reſult of their Obſervations, which we underſtand agree to great Exactneſs with each other, making Allowance for the Difference of Place, &c.

On Sunday laſt his Honour the GOVERNOR ſet out for New-Caſtle, to meet the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the Three Lower Counties, now ſitting there.

Captain Sutton, from Barbados, on the 26th of laſt Month, off of Cape-Hatteras, ſpoke the Ship Polly, Captain James Barron, from London for Virginia, out 7 Weeks, all well.

Captain Allenſon, from Liverpool, on the 21ſt ult. in Lat. 34: 10, Long. 43: 37, ſpoke a Schooner from Boſton for Dominica, out 10 Days; and on the 29th, in Lat. 37: 44, Long. 62: 50, he ſpoke a Schooner from Newberry for Dominica, with live Stock, 6 Days out, all well.

Captain Connery, from Madeira, on the 12th of May, in Lat. 33: 15, ſpoke a Ship from Portſmouth for South-Carolina, 7 Weeks out; 18th, in Lat. 37: 35, Long. 63: 30, ſpoke a Sloop from Rhode-Iſland for Barbados, 5 Days out; 21ſt, ſpoke a Schooner from Boſton for Barbados, 8 Days out; and on the 27th, in Lat. 37: 51, Long. 70, he ſpoke the Snow Bachelor, Captain Buckley, from this Port for Liſbon, 3 Days out, all well.

Captain Barnes, from the Grenades, on the 21ſt ult. in Lat. 27: 26, Long. 67: 56, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Evans, from Antigua for Virginia, 4 Days out; and the next Day he ſpoke a Snow, Captain Doyle, from the Coaſt of Africa for Georgia, 33 Days out, all well.

By Captain Davidſon, from Liſbon, we learn, that Captain Moore, in a Brig from this Port for that Place, loſt both his Maſts, as he was lying to in a Gale of Wind, and was met with by Captain Spurrier (arrived there from Charleſtown) about 60 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Rock of Liſbon, who took him in Tow for two Days, till he got up Jury Maſts; and that a Veſſel was fitted out there to go and tow him in.---Captain Davidſon, on his Paſſage, in Lat. 28: 8, Long. 59, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Ferguſon, from Charleſtown for Dominica, out 18 Days, all well.

Captain Hervey, arrived at New-York from Liſbon, on the 17th ult. in Lat. 37: 14, Long. 65, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Wiley, from Virginia for London, 7 Days out; and about 52 Leagues to the Eaſtward of our Capes, he ſpoke the Brig Pallas, Captain Montgomery, from this Port for Cork, two Days out.

Tueſday laſt one James Erwin, being at Work on board a Veſſel in this Harbour, fell between the ſame and the Wharff, and was drowned.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Mears, at Londonderry; and the Captains Callender, Bingley, and Simmonds, at Liſbon.

From Virginia. Captain Crawford, at Liſbon.

Deal, March 25. Came down and ſailed, the Thomas, Hubbard, for Virginia.

March 28. Sailed, the Hazard, Coxon; and the Lord Baltimore, Mitchell, for Virginia.

April 3. Sailed, the Patuxent, Lewis; and the Eleanor, Sewell, for Patuxent.

*** The Courſe of DIVINITY EXERCISES, in the College-Hall, will be concluded on next Sunday Evening. To begin preciſely at Six o'Clock.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Kenſington, F. Moon, from New-Providence. Brig Hibernia, W. Price, St. Kitts. Schooner Nelly, C. Alexander, N. Carolina. Ship Sarah, P. Hunter, London. Sloop Diana, T. Finley, St. Croix. Sloop America, J. Gorham, and Sloop Hannah, T. Parker, Boſton. Sloop Defiance, J. Tillinghaſt, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Squirrel, S. Paul, Piſcataqua. Schooner Sally, W. Barnes, Grenades. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Barbados. Brig Hawke, B. Matthews, Waterford. Snow Polly, J. Allenſon, from Liverpool.

OUTWARDS. Ship Chalkley, P. Young, and Ship Catherine, A. Henderſon, Briſtol. Sloop Molly, J. Chapman, and Sloop America, J. Gorham, for Boſton, Ship King George, H. Dunn, Cork. Ship Fame, T. Read, Oporto. Schooner William, J. Jewer, Honduras. Brig Ann and Catherine, J. Cooper, Newfoundland. Sloop Patowmack, J. Sydebotham, Maryland. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Cadiz. Sloop Defiance, J. Tillinghaſt, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Cape-Fear Packet, R. Scott, and Schooner Patience, W. Ward, for North-Carolina.

CLEARED. Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis, Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, and Schooner Old Plantation, L. Pettit, to Virginia. Sloop Prince William, T. Bubier, Marblehead. Schooner Grenville, T. Butler, and Brig Conſtant Friends, M. Fearns, Grenada. Brig Friendly Helen, A. Kent, Liſbon. Ship White Oak, R. Caſſon, Barbados. Schooner Cicero, E. Needham, Salem, N. E. Brig Matty, T. Matthie, Glaſgow. Ship Dragon, J. Haviland, Oporto. Sloop Unity, W. Forriſter, Jamaica, Sloop William's Relief, C. Place, Antigua. Sloop Speedwell, J. Smith, North-Carolina. Sloop Ranger, J. Beck, St. Kitts, Sloop True Blue, T. Rawlings, Muſquito Shore. Schooner Dolphin, J. Outerbridge, Georgia. Ship Newry's Aſſiſtance, W. Chevers, and Ship King George, H. Dunn, to Cork.

GOOD HEMP,

To be SOLD, by

JOSEPH PEMBERTON,

On the North Side of RACE-STREET, the third Door from the Corner of THIRD-STREET. †5s. Tbc.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Saturday, the 10th Day of June, at 2 o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the Premiſes, a certain Lot of Ground, ſituate on Manheim-ſtreet, in Germantown, containing about 13 Acres; bounded Eaſtward and Weſtward by Ground of Edward Shippen, Eſq; ſeized and taken in Execution, by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

A LARGE Quantity of POPE's NEW-ENGLAND SCYTHES, ſtraight and crooked, ſuitable for either upland or ſalt Graſs, ſorted from 3 Feet 8 Inches, to 4 Feet 4 Inches in Length, to be ſold for CASH ONLY, by JOHN KAIGHN, at his Store in Second-ſtreet, between Market-ſtreet and the Church.-----Alſo EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, on very low terms, as uſual.

Philadelphia, June 5, 1769.

A COW,

STRAYED, about ten Days ago, with the following natural Marks, viz. She is of the brindled Kind, and ſmall in Size, her Belly, at leaſt a very conſiderable Part of it, white, and both her hind Feet alſo white. Whoever finds her, and will be ſo kind as to lodge Information with the Printers hereof, ſhall be well rewarded.

RUN away, on the 4th of this inſtant June, from the Subſcriber, in Lower Merion, Philadelphia county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Lawrence Dunning, about 35 years of age, middle ſize, ſhort black hair, long viſage, generally walks in a hurry; had on, when he went away, a brown cloth jacket, homeſpun ſhirt, check trowſers, good neats leather ſhoes, braſs buckles, and felt hat, &c. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN ROBERTS.

Gwynedd Townſhip, Philadelphia County, June 5, 1769.

RUN away from his bail, on the 28th of May laſt, Daniel Dowſman, a German, late of Gwynedd townſhip aforeſaid, baker, he is a little above 21 years of age, about 5 feet 9 inches high, and of a thin viſage; had on, when he went away, an old blue jacket, torn at the elbows, and under the arms, old leather breeches, old ſtockings, ſhoes, and hat; he took other cloaths with him, ſo that it is probable he will change his dreſs. He has alſo run off with a dark brown horſe, belonging to the Subſcriber, about 10 or 11 years old, with ſome ſaddle ſpots, has ſmall ears, and ſhort tail, but no brand nor ear-mark; he trots, and paces. The ſaid Daniel Dowſman has alſo taken the Subſcriber's old great coat with him, it is of a cloth colour, and has large yellow metal buttons. Whoever takes up ſaid man and horſe, and ſecures them, ſo that they may be had, ſhall have Five Pounds reward, paid by me

‖ NICHOLAS CARL.

Radnor Townſhip, Cheſter County, June 6, 1769.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the creditors of the Subſcriber (languiſhing priſoner in Cheſter goal) are deſired to meet at the houſe of John Jarvis, at the Square, in Newtown townſhip, Cheſter county, on Saturday, the 17th of this inſtant, at two o' clock in the afternoon, that their accounts may be ſettled and paid. THOMAS WOOLA. §

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 14th of May laſt, from the Subſcriber, living at Birdſborough, in Berks county, a Dutch ſervant man, named HENRY CRAMER, came in laſt fall from Germany, aged 27 or 28 years, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, ſpeaks very little Engliſh, ſtraight black hair, much pock-marked; had on, when he went away, blue cloth breeches, two blue jackets, a blue great coat, and felt hat; is a wheel-wright, or coach-maker, by trade, he has for ſome time followed the buſineſs of a forge carpenter, he was ſeen near Dunker Town, in Lancaſter county, going towards Saſquehanna. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by MARK BIRD. *T.h.c.r.f.*

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Saturday, the 17th inſtant, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a good Virginia built ſchooner, about 10 months old, with all her ſails, &c. as ſhe now lies in Mr. Meaſes's dock, below the Drawbridge. For further particulars, apply to ſaid Meaſe, who will ſhew the veſſel, ſails, &c.

If ſecurity is given, three months credit, without intereſt, or twelve months credit, on paying intereſt, will be allowed. ‖

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Friday, the 16th inſtant June, on the premiſes, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a plantation, containing about 22 acres, late the eſtate of JAMES LOWNES, part in Paſſyunk, and part in Moyamenſing townſhips, ſituate near Robert Smith's place, on the 5 mile road; there are on the premiſes, a large new framed houſe, a new barn, and an old dwelling houſe, a good bearing orchard, about 5 acres of meadow, and a good ſpring of water; a great part of the upland is well adapted for gardening. Part of the purchaſe money may lie on intereſt. For further particulars enquire of ISAAC SNOWDEN, EMANUEL EYRES, BENJAMIN BONSALL, GEORGE YOUNG, or RICHARD HUMPHREYS, aſſignees of ſaid LOWNES. ‡

RUN away, on the 4th day of June inſtant, from the Subſcriber, living in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Thomas Holburn, aged about 25 years, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and well ſet, dark brown hair, and generally keeps it tied, ſmooth faced, and has lately had a kick of a horſe under the right knee, by which he went a little lame, by trade a wool-comber; had on, and took with him, a half worn caſtor hat, coarſe brown broadcloth coat, half worn, lined with brown ſhaloon, mohair baſket buttons, a ſtriped ſilk and cotton jacket, the ſtripes red and white, and the jacket lapelled, coarſe cloth breeches, of a lead colour, grey worſted ribbed ſtockings, a pair of blue worſted ditto, a pair of ſtrong ſhoes, half worn, and have been ſoaled, with Pinchbeck buckles, not fellows, two ſhirts, almoſt new, of flaxen linen, about 7 or 8 hundred, two pair of new tow trowſers, made ſailor faſhion, one ditto of ſtriped ticken, made breeches faſhion, an old blue cloth ſurtout, old brown cloth jacket, without ſleeves, the back part of blue cloth, and a black ſilk handkerchief. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me DAVID BEATY. ‖

ON the 20th day of this inſtant June, will be expoſed to SALE, by public vendue, on the premiſes, A certain plantation, and tract of land, lying and being in the townſhip of Upper Makefield, Bucks county, containing 100 acres, or upwards, being beautifully ſituated, having a houſe and barn thereon, and other buildings, likewiſe an extraordinary good orchard of grafted fruit, plenty of good meadow, well wooded and watered, &c. The payments will be made very eaſy, by the owner, JOHN SCOTT. ‖

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

ABSCONDED from his bail in Charleſtown, Cheſter county, a certain THOMAS HAMER, of a ſmall ſtature, about 30 years of age, of a dark complexion, with black hair, and black eyes, wears a ſhort blue coat, an old white homeſpun ribbed everlaſting jacket, lapelled; the reſt of his cloathing uncertain, perhaps he may have on a blue buſſar cloak; he was born in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, near Schuylkill, ſerved ſome time to the joiner's trade, is a middling handy fellow, but much addicted to romance, pretends to have been a great traveller, and brags much of his feats on board the Foudroyant man of war, and ſays he was carpenter's mate on board ſaid ſhip. Whoever takes up ſaid Thomas Hamer, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by the Subſcriber, living in Charleſtown aforeſaid,

June 3, 1769. ¶ JOHN THOMAS.

Chester, June 1, 1769.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphan's Court for Chester county, will be exposed to sale by public vendue, on the premises, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on Monday, the 19th day of June instant, a certain messuage, or tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, situate in London Grove township, in the said county, containing 143 acres, and the usual allowance of 6 acres per cent. for roads, &c. be the same more or less; late the estate of Andrew Caldwell, deceased, and to be sold by JANE CALDWELL, and ANDREW CALDWELL, Administrat. ¶

Carlisle, May 17, 1769.

IN pursuance of an order of Orphan's Court, held at Carlisle the 16th day of this instant, will be sold by public vendue, on Tuesday, the 20th of June next, at 10 o'clock, a valuable plantation and tract of land, situate on Canedogwainet creek, about two miles from said town, containing 160 acres, and allowance, a good dwelling-house, two story high, a good barn, and stables, about 40 acres of upland clear, 35 acres of extraordinary good mowable meadow, and above 20 more may be made; the whole under good fence, the upland good, and well timbered. The plantation is now under lease for 4 years from the first of April next. The sale will be held on the premises, and time given for part of the purchase money, being the real estate of Henry Cowan, deceased. Attendance will be given by

§ MARY COWAN, Administratrix.

New-Jersey, June 1, 1769.

RUN away, yesterday morning, from the Subscriber, living at the Blue Anchor, in Gloucester township, a servant man, named Benjamin Matthewson, is about 22 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a brown complexion, pretty full eyed, and wears his own hair; he was brought up a farmer, but has lately been used to the cedar swamp business; had on, when he went away, an old hat, bound with ferriting, a homespun shirt, two striped jackets, one of which is double-breasted, without sleeves, and both alike, except a little difference in the striping, a Russia frock, a pair of greyish blue woollen trowsers, thread stockings, and strong hob-nailed shoes, with buckles. Whoever secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT MATTOCKES. ‖

RUN away, on the 29th of May last, from the Subscriber, living in Upper Freehold, in East-Jersey, a servant man, named Joseph Lemon, he is country born, about 23 years of age, stoop shouldered, and of a fair complexion; had on, and took with him, a blue coat, red and white striped lapelled jacket, blue and white striped trowsers, another jacket, the fore parts snuff coloured plush, and the back shaloon, ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, a half worn hat, and thick pair of shoes; it is thought he had an old indenture with him, for a pass. Whoever takes up said servant, and brings him to me, shall have Five Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

† HUGH HUTCHIN.

MADE his Escape from the Constable of Salem, on the 23d Day of May, a certain WILLIAM YOUNG, of Alloway's Creek, in the County of Salem, and Province of West-Jersey, a Taylor by Trade, of a middle Stature, and about 20 Years of Age. Whoever will take up said Young, and secure him, or send or bring him to the Subscriber, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by ALEXANDER MILLAR. ‖

May, 27, 1769.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in Warrington township, Bucks county, a servant man, named James Henderson, born in Ireland, about 26 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, long black hair, tied behind, of a swarthy complexion, and pitted with the small-pox; he has taught school some time in Maryland, and afterwards in Bucks county; had on, and took with him, a half worn brown coat, a cotton jacket, striped with yellow silk, nankeen breeches, Germantown and white cotton stockings, good shoes, and square steel buckles. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN CRAIG.

N. B. As it is thought he intends for Ireland, all masters of vessels are desired not to carry him off, but to secure him in goal, for which they shall have the above reward. ‡

STRAYED or stolen, from the plantation of John Jackson, in the township of London Grove, in the county of Chester, in the night of the 27th of May, a bay MARE, about 14 hands high, a star in her forehead, and snip on her nose, a natural pacer, carries herself lofty, and good courage, shod before, neither brand nor ear mark, windgalls on her foot-lock joints before, remarkably big, one white foot behind, uncertain to the owner which. Whoever takes up and secures the said mare, and thief, if stolen, so that he may be brought to justice, shall have Forty Shillings reward, or Twenty for the mare only, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN JACKSON, junior.

CAME to the Premises of the Subscriber, living in Warrington Township, York County, a dun COLT, about two years old, branded on the near Shoulder with W, and trots intirely; the Owner is desired to come and prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. SAMUEL NELSON. ‖

WHEREAS Hannah, the Wife of John Barber, of Apoquinimy Hundred, in New-Castle County, hath sundry Times left me her said Husband, and threatens to run me in Debt; these are therefore to forewarn all Persons from trusting her on my Account, for I will pay no Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof. Given under my Hand, the 27th Day of May, 1769. JOHN BARBER.

AN Hundred and Thirty Dozen of SICKLES, ready prepared for the ensuing Harvest, which are made with the utmost Care, will be sold at the lowest Rate, and insured good by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, at the Sign of the Sickle, the fourth Door above the Prison, in Market-street.

N. B. A Servant Lad's Time to be disposed of by said Hendricks, who has about 4 Years to serve. ‖

TO be sold, or rented, by the Subscriber, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, on the 30th day of this instant June, the noted ONION's IRON-WORKS, situated in the county and province aforesaid, on the head of Gunpowder river, to wit, two forges, a furnace, grist-mill, and saw-mill, all of which in about 100 yards distance from each other, and a sufficient number of out-houses, such as dwelling-houses, smoke-houses, chair-house, carpenter's, and blacksmith's shops, stables, &c. and at the head of navigable water, where flats and scows may carry off the iron to the town of Joppa, where large craft may receive it, which is not above one mile from said works; together with about 8 or 9000 acres of land adjoining, chief of which is good farming land, and, with little expence, may be made a large quantity of good meadow; on said land is great plenty of iron ore, and wood within a small distance of said works. ZACCHEUS ONION. §7/6.

TO be sold, by public sale, the 23d day of June inst. at the house of Caleb Way, in West-Cain township, Chester county, The one undivided half part of a well accustomed brew and malt-house, situate in London Port Town, in the township and county aforesaid, on the main provincial road, leading from Philadelphia to Lancaster, together with all the utensils for carrying on the same, all in good order, with some barrels and hogsheads; likewise a large stone building, which may readily be converted into a compleat dwelling-house, being two story high, covered with cedar shingles; none of the buildings exceed 5 years since first built, which are all stone and lime, within 5 rods of a spring head, which is communicated into the steep, likewise through the brew-house cellar; it is the most convenient brewery of its size in Pennsylvania, and in as plentiful a part for barley as any on the continent. There is likewise to be sold, at said time and place, 10 or 15 acres of woodland, very convenient. The vendue to begin at 10 o'clock on said day; where due attendance will be given, and the terms of sale made known, by me

‡ JOHN HART.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 8th of June, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain lot of ground, situate on the south side of High-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 16 feet 6 inches, including the westermost half part of a certain 2 feet 9 inch and a half alley, and in length or depth about 118 feet 7 inches, to a certain 25 feet alley, commonly called Petty's-Alley; bounded eastward by the eastermost half part of the said 2 feet 9 inch and a half alley, southward by Petty's-Alley aforesaid, westward by ground of Aquilla Jones, and northward by High-street aforesaid; having a 3 story brick messuage, kitchen, and other back buildings, erected thereon; subject to the Proprietaries quitrent of One Shilling sterling, per annum; late the estate of William Clinton, deceased, seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 8th of June, at 7 o'clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-House, a certain messuage, or tenement, and two tracts of land, situate in the township of Passyunk, one of them containing 10 acres and 68 perches, bounded by lands of George Gray, John Reily, Benjamin Davis, and Samuel Bettle, and a certain two perch road; the other of them, containing 10 acres and 90 perches, bounded by a road leading from Philadelphia to Passyunk bank, by the above described tract, and lands of Samuel Preston Moore; late the estate of John Heaton; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 15th day of June inst. at the house of Robert Wilds, at the Cross-Roads, near Salisbury,

FOUR valuable tracts of land, situate in Duck-Creek Hundred, and county of Kent, upon Delaware, viz. One tract containing 100 acres, on Pearman's Branch, and Gravelly Run, adjoining said Cross-Roads, which may be laid out in convenient lots; another tract containing 150 acres, adjoining lands of William Killen, Esq; another tract called Newberry, containing 400 acres; and one other tract, containing 209 acres, called Golden Grove. An indisputable title will be made. The sale to begin at 10 o'clock on said day, when attendance will be given by DAVID FINNEY, *and* JOHN BELL. ¶

New-Castle, May 20, 1769.

TO be sold, by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court, for the county of New-Castle, on the 20th day of June, on the premises, and may be entered on immediately after the sale, 175 acres of land (late belonging to Augustine Hicks, deceased) in Apoquinimy Hundred, and county aforesaid, being part of Bottle-Neck Plantation, about 4 miles from Duck-Creek town, and one from a convenient landing on Duck-Creek. The above tract is deemed as good land for grass, grain, or tobacco, as any in the government, the surface being a rich black mould, on a stratum of rich clay, or marl, the whole on being cleared will produce excellent grass, without any manure; there are about 60 acres of clear land, 40 of which is in clover and blue grass, the rest timber land, chiefly white oak; there is on the premises, a new square log house, 20 by 25 feet, roofed with cedar, a large frame building, in which there is an horse-mill for sawing timber, of the best construction, a small peach and apple orchard, by DAVID FINNEY, *Administrator.*

The said David Finney hath likewise to dispose of, the remainder of Bottle-Neck Plantation, equal in quality with the above described land, with about 50 acres of cripple and maple swamp thereto adjoining, which will make excellent meadow, at a small expence, being secured from the tide by a bank of 48 perches long, in good repair, in which there is a sluice sufficient to vent all the back water, the said bank incloses about 300 acres of cripple and low ground. The whole neck is inclosed by a new fence of 130 perches long; 7 years will be allowed for payment of the purchase money of the remainder of the tract, paying interest. ¶

Chester, May 20, 1769.

STRAYED, or stolen, the beginning of this instant May, a dark grey MARE, 5 years old this spring, shod all round, paces, trots, and gallops, carries low, no brand or mark known of; she has a good deal of white in her face, and is near 14 hands high. Whoever has taken up said mare, and will bring her to me, the Subscriber, shall have Fifteen Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by DAVIS BEVAN.

N. B. Any person who has the mare, is desired to advertise her in the next paper, and not work her, at their peril. ‡

Philadelphia, May 25, 1769.

CAME to the Premises of Daniel Couch, nearly opposite the Proprietor's Gate, the 18th Instant, a small red Milch COW, with a white Face. The Owner is desired to prove his Property, and take her away. ¶ DANIEL COUCH.

RUN away, on the 4th of May last, from the Subscriber, living near Annapolis, in Maryland, two convict servant men, viz. JOSEPH PENICK, about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a brown complexion, black hair, and black eyes; had on, when he went away, a light coloured fearnought jacket; his other apparel uncertain: It is supposed one of them has a pair of leather breeches, with a gore down each thigh, he speaks quick, and pretends to many things, and is a young man, about 23 or 24 years of age. THOMAS ELTON, about 25 or 26 years of age, a short well made man, of a brown complexion, black hair, cut close on the top of his head; had on, when he went away, a blue fearnought upper jacket, a dyed cotton ditto under it; he pretends to understand farming, and butchering: As to their apparel, it is very likely they may have changed them; it is supposed they will make towards Philadelphia, as one of them had run away some time ago, and was taken up and committed to Chester goal. Whoever takes up the said servants, and secures them, so that their master may get them again, shall have a reward of Four Dollars, including what the law allows, paid by THOMAS RUTLAND. §

TO BE SOLD,

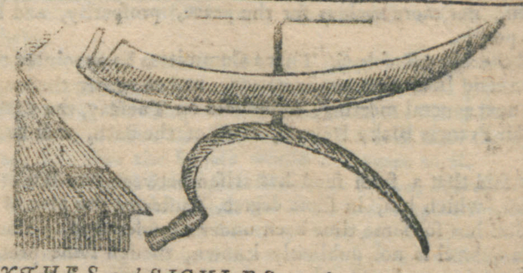
A VERY valuable plantation, or tract of land, situate in the county of Salem, and province of West New-Jersey, near the town of Salem aforesaid, containing about 600 acres, with good buildings, orchards, and every other thing necessary for grazing and tilling. For further particulars enquire of SAMUEL OAKFORD, on the premises; JOSEPH HART, at Port Penn; WILLIAM HEWLINGS, Esq; in Burlington; or JOHN HART, in Philadelphia.

N. B. Any time, not exceeding seven years, will be given for the payment of the purchase Money, paying interest, and giving security, if required. Thetf.

THE Adventurers in the First Class of the PHILADELPHIA and WORCESTER LOTTERY, are desired to take Notice, That the Time allowed them by Act of Assembly, to renew their Tickets in the Second Class, will expire the 27th Day of July:---The MANAGERS therefore request those that intend to renew, to apply within the Time, as many People are waiting to take up any Tickets that may be forfeited. The Drawing will begin on Monday, the 31st of July, at Mr. Josiah Davenport's Long Room, in Third-street.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living near the head of Chester river, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, in the night of the 14th instant, a convict servant man, named William Prees, about 50 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, is broad set, his hair almost white, the top of his head bald, and has a particular wink, or leer, with his eyes, when talking. Also a Negroe fellow, named Ben, between 30 and 40 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and very black. They took with them 4 pair of old leather breeches, a new white shirt, the linen about 3s. per yard, 2 white, and 2 brown shirts, much worn, 2 white country kersey jackets, not milled, a dark coloured fearnought jacket, a white Welsh cotton ditto, a claret coloured and brown ditto, both cloth, a brown camblet coat, 3 felt hats, and 4 pair of shoes. Whoever takes up and secures the said convict and Negroe, or either of them, so that the Subscriber may have them again, shall receive Twenty Shillings each, if taken in the province, or Forty Shillings each, if taken out of the province, and reasonable charges.

May 22, 1769. JOHN SEALE. ¶



SCYTHES and SICKLES, made and sold by WILLIAM DAWSON, *Cutler, at the sign of the Scythe and Sickle, in Third-street, between Market and Arch-streets; where also may be had iron work for grist and saw-mills, smith's bellows, and most sorts of smith's work.* §

RUN away the 28th of March last, at Night, from the Subscribers, living on Kent-Island, Queen-Anne's County, Maryland, two Convict Servant Men, viz.

EDWARD PONTING, born in Bristol, about 25 Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, has a pert impudent Look, thin Visage, with brown curled Hair, is by Trade a Shoemaker, and has some blue Marks on the upper Part of his Hands, near the Thumbs, which are unknown: Had on, when he went away, an old Bloom coloured Wilton Coat, spotted Flannel Jacket, a Pair of half-worn Leather Breeches, old blue ribbed Stockings, old Shoes, with plated Buckles, half-worn Castor Hat, and a Check Shirt.

EVAN DAVIS, born in Wales, or on the Borders thereof, about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, a well set Fellow, round Visage, a short Nose, which turns up at the End, sandy Complexion, and has short curled or frizzled Hair; he speaks pretty good English, but a little in the Welsh Dialect, and has been bred to Plantation Business: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, two short Jackets, the uppermost double breasted, of blue coarse Cloth, with white Metal Buttons, the other yellowish striped Flannel, or Swanskin, a Pair of blue Plush Breeches, much worn, and mended on the Knees with blue Cloth, two Pair of Stockings, the one blue Yarn, the other white Yarn, or Cotton, a good Pair of Shoes, with broad Brass Buckles, an Ozenbrigs Shirt, and a Felt Hat, almost new.

Both the above Servants were imported into the Province of Maryland, last November, in the Ship Randolph, Captan Price.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Convicts, so that their Masters may get them again, shall receive, for each, FIFTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable Charges besides, if brought home, paid by JONATHAN ROBERTS,

¶ 6 W. SAMUEL BLUNT.

N. B. It is likely they may have forged Passes, or Discharges, as PONTING can write, though very indifferently.

Hobb's Hole, Virginia, May 20, 1769.

RUN away from the Subscriber, the 2d instant, a Negroe boy, named Billy, about 15 years old, he is a likely, stout, well made lad, and not very black; had on, when he went away, a brown cloth coat, with red sleeves and collar, and green plains waistcoat and breeches. He was seen in Richmond county, going upwards, with David Randolph, a cooper by trade, who run away from this town the 5th instant; he is a stout made fellow; had on, a blue forget coat, lappelled, with yellow buttons, a white waistcoat, striped with blue (which appeared to be country made) and leather breeches; he had other clothes with him, and some cooper's tools. He worked last at Mr. James Hunter's, but am told served his time in Philadelphia, and I apprehend will carry the boy to Maryland or Pennsylvania, to sell him. Whoever takes up the said boy, and secures him, so that I may get him again, shall receive Five Pounds, if taken in the colony, if out of the colony TEN POUNDS, from

JOHN BROCKENBROUGH.

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of General Assembly of this province, intituled, an act for granting the sum of Sixty Thousand Pounds for the King's use, and for striking Fifty-five Thousand Pounds thereof in bills of Credit, and to provide a fund for sinking the same, the following tract of located and unimproved land was duly valued, and rated by the Assessors, for the county of Northampton, at Five Pounds per hundred, the property of James Hayes, in the county of Sussex, and province of West New-Jersey, viz. a tract of land, containing about 144 acres, situate in Delaware township, in the county of Northampton; bounded by lands of Elisha Decker, and others.

And whereas the owner of the said tract of land hath neglected to pay the Collector of the said township, the sum of Ten Shillings and Nine-pence, which, according to the said valuation, was assessed and laid upon said land, as the proportion thereof for one year for said tax, by the said act imposed: We, the Commissioners of the county of Northampton aforesaid, in pursuance of the said act, do hereby give notice, that on the 15th day of August next, at the house of Jacob Swartwood, in Delaware township, we will expose to sale, by public vendue, the abovementioned tract of located unimproved land, or such part thereof, as will be sufficient to answer the said tax, and all charges accruing by reason of non-payment thereof, to the highest bidder. The sale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands at Easton, the 8th day of May, 1769. CASPER DOLL, JOHN WETZEL, HARMAN SNEIDER. ¶ 3M.

WHEREAS I *Jacob Stouffer, of Mountjoy township, in the county of Lancaster, gave unto my brother's son, Jacob Stouffer, in April last, a bond signed by me for the sum of 194 l. lawful money of Pennsylvania, which bond is due on the 2d or 3d day of June next; but whereas I and the said Jacob Stouffer had accounts to settle with each other, and in settling the same, an error or mistake was made, so that I have given him the said bond for a much larger sum than is coming to him; and as I have since desired him to look over the accounts, and see them right done, but he refusing it; I therefore desire that no person may take an assignment of the said bond from the said Jacob Stouffer, as I am not willing to pay the same, until the said accounts are settled.* §

JACOB STOUFFER.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

June 15, 1769. NUMB. 2112.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

BOSTON, June 1, 1769.

YESTERDAY being the Anniverſary of the Day appointed by the Royal Charter for the Election of Counſellors for this Province, the Great and General Court or Aſſembly met at the Court-Houſe in this Town, at Nine o'Clock in the Morning; when the uſual Oaths were adminiſtered to the Gentlemen who were returned to ſerve as Members of the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives, who alſo ſubſcribed to the Declaration.---

Immediately after the Houſe of Repreſentatives had taken the Oaths, &c. required by Act of Parliament, they appointed a Committee to wait on his Excellency the Governor, who waited on his Excellency accordingly, with the following Meſſage.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Great and General Court or Aſſembly of this Province, being once more convened, by Virtue of the Authority veſted in you by his Majeſty, and according to the Royal Charter; the Houſe of Repreſentatives think it their indiſpenſible Duty, under the preſent Aſpect of Affairs in the Province, on their Part, to claim that conſtitutional Freedom, which is the Right of this Aſſembly, and is of equal Importance with its Exiſtence.

We take this Opportunity to aſſure your Excellency, that it is the firm Reſolution of this Houſe to promote, to the utmoſt of their Power, the Welfare of the Subject, and to ſupport his Majeſty's Government within this Juriſdiction: To make a thorough Enquiry into the Grievances of the People, and have them redreſſed: To amend, ſtrengthen and preſerve the Laws of the Land: To reform illegal Proceedings in Adminiſtration, and ſupport the public Liberty. Theſe are the great Ends for which this Court is aſſembled.

A Reſolution ſo important, demands a Parliamentary Freedom in the Debates of this Aſſembly: We are therefore conſtrained, thus early to remonſtrate to your Excellency, That an Armament by Sea and Land inveſting this Metropolis, and a military Guard, with Cannon pointed at the very Door of the State-Houſe where this Aſſembly is held, is inconſiſtent with that Dignity, as well as that Freedom with which we have a Right to deliberate, conſult and determine.

The Experience of Ages is ſufficient to convince, that the military Power is ever dangerous, and ſubverſive of a free Conſtitution.

The Hiſtory of our own Nation affords Inſtances of Parliaments, which have been led into mean and deſtructive Compliances, even to the ſurrendering their Share in the ſupreme Legiſlative, through the Awe of Standing Armies.

His Majeſty's Council of this Province have publickly declared, that the military Aid is unneceſſary for the Support of civil Authority in the Colony: Nor can we conceive that his Majeſty's Service requires a Fleet and Army here, in this Time of the moſt profound Peace.

We have a Right to expect, that your Excellency will, as his Majeſty's Repreſentative, give the neceſſary and effectual Orders, for the Removal of the abovementioned Forces, by Sea and Land, out of this Port, and the Gate of the City, during the Seſſion of the ſaid Aſſembly."

The Committee reported, that his Excellency did not think proper to conſider this Meſſage, till the Houſe ſhould make Choice of, and preſent to him their Speaker, after which he ſhould conſider the Meſſage as coming from the Houſe. Whereupon the Motion was made, and the Houſe came into the following Reſolutions and Proteſt.

In the Houſe of Repreſentatives, May 31, 1769.

WHEREAS their late Majeſties King WILLIAM and Queen MARY, in the third Year of their Reign, did by their Royal Charter ordain and grant, for themſelves, their Heirs and Succeſſors, That on the laſt Wedneſday in the Month of *May* every Year, there ſhould be convened, held and kept by the Governor of this Province for the Time being, a Great and General Court or Aſſembly, for ſuch important Purpoſes, as in the ſaid Royal Charter are expreſly mentioned.

And in the ſaid Charter it is particularly eſtabliſhed and ordained, That yearly once in every Year for ever thereafter, the Number of Eight and Twenty Counſellors or Aſſiſtants, ſhall be, by the Great and General Court or Aſſembly, newly choſen: Which Election of Counſellors or Aſſiſtants by the General Aſſembly, as well as the Elections of a Speaker, and a Clerk of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, by the ſaid Houſe, have always been made on the ſaid laſt Wedneſday of *May*, annually.

And whereas the ſaid Great and General Court or Aſſembly is now convened by the Authority of His Majeſty, according to the ſaid Royal Charter;

RESOLVED, That this Houſe, as one Branch of the ſame, in Duty and Loyalty to His Majeſty, as well as in Regard to their own juſt Rights and Privileges, will, to the utmoſt of their Power, ſupport and maintain a Conſtitutional Freedom in their Elections, Debates and Determinations.

RESOLVED, As the Opinion of this Houſe, That the keeping an armed Force by Sea and Land, in this Metropolis, and within the Harbour of the ſame, while the General Aſſembly, by his Majeſty's Command, is here convened, is a Breach of Privilege, and inconſiſtent with that Dignity and Freedom, with which they have a Right to deliberate, conſult and determine.

RESOLVED, That this Houſe proceed to take their Part in the Elections of the Day, *from Neceſſity*, and in ſtrict Conformity to the Royal Charter: Having before claimed their Conſtitutional Freedom, and now proteſting, That their thus proceeding, while the aboveſaid Forces are ſuffered to remain in the Metropolis, where the General Aſſembly is convened, is not to be conſidered as a Precedent in any Time hereafter, or conſtrued as a voluntary receding of this Houſe from their Conſtitutional Claim.

Then the Houſe made Choice of Mr. SAMUEL ADAMS for their Clerk, and afterwards they choſe the Hon. THOMAS CUSHING, Eſq; their Speaker, who was preſented to the Governor, and approved, after which his Excellency ſent the following Anſwer to the Meſſage of the Houſe.

GENTLEMEN,

I HAVE no Authority over his Majeſty's Ships in this Port, or his Troops within this Town; nor can I give any Orders for their Removal.

FRANCIS BERNARD.

May 31.

At 10 *o'Clock his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Honourable his Majeſty's Council, and a great Number of Officers, civil and military, waited on his Excellency Sir* FRANCIS BERNARD, *Baronet, at the Province-Houſe, to compliment him on this Anniverſary; where there was an elegant Collation provided by his Excellency: At* 12 *o'Clock, his Excellency the Governor, accompanied by the Gentlemen who were at the Province-Houſe, went in Proceſſion to the Court-Houſe, eſcorted by the Company of the Train of Artillery, in their Uniform, commanded by Captain* Paddock, *belonging to the Regiment of Militia in this Town, whereof* Joſeph Jackſon, *Eſq; is Colonel.*

His Excellency arriving at the Council-Chamber, and being in the Chair, the Speaker, elected by the Houſe, was preſented to his Excellency for Approbation, agreeable to the Direction of the Royal Explanatory Charter; his Excellency was then pleaſed to ſend a Meſſage to the Houſe, in Writing, ſignifying his Approbation of ſaid Election: After which his Excellency the Governor, his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Honourable his Majeſty's Council, and the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives, went in Proceſſion from the Court-Houſe to the Old Brick Meeting Houſe, where a Sermon, well adapted to the Occaſion, was preached by the Rev. Mr. Jaſon Haven *of Dedham, from thoſe Words in* Pſalm 75, *Ver.* 6, 7. For Promotion cometh neither from the Eaſt, nor from the Weſt, nor from the South. But GOD is the Judge; he putteth down one, and ſetteth up another.

After Divine Service, the Guns at the Batteries were fired, his Excellency the Governor, his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the Honourable his Majeſty's Council, &c. preceded by the Officers of the Guards, and the Regiment of Militia, went in Proceſſion to Faneuil Hall, eſcorted by the Company of the Train, where an elegant Dinner was provided, and a previous Invitation given by the Governor and Council, to a great Number of Gentlemen in Town and Country, as alſo to the Honourable General Mackay, *Commander of the Troops in this Town,---Commodore* Hood,----*the Field Officers of the* 14*th*, 29*th*, 64*th*, *and* 65*th Regiments,---and the Captains of the Men of War in this Harbour,---&c.*

In the Afternoon the General Aſſembly met at the Court-Houſe, and elected the following Gentlemen Counſellors for the enſuing Year, viz.

For the late Colony of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

The Honourable Samuel Danforth, Iſaac Royall, John Erving, William Brattle, James Bowdoin, Thomas Hubbard, Harriſon Gray, James Ruſſell, Royall Tyler, James Pitts, Samuel Dexter, * Joſeph Gerriſh, * Thomas Sanders, * John Hancock, * Artemas Ward, * Joſeph Hawley, * Benjamin Greenleaf, *and* * Joſhua Henſhaw, *Eſquires.*

For the late Colony of PLYMOUTH.

Gamaliel Bradford, * James Otis, * Jerathmeel Bowers, *and* * William Sever, *Eſquires.*

For the late Province of MAINE.

John Hill, Nathaniel Sparhawk, *and* John Bradbury, *Eſquires.*

For SAGADAHOCK. Jeremiah Powell, *Eſquire.*

At Large,

Benjamin Lincoln, *Eſq; and* * *Mr.* Walter Spooner.

The Gentlemen with this [*] *Mark, were not of the Council laſt Year.*

The Liſt of Counſellors choſen Yeſterday, being this Day, agreeable to the Direction of the Royal Charter, preſented to the Governor, his Excellency was pleaſed to conſent to the Election of the Gentlemen beforenamed, except the Hon. William Brattle, *Eſq; the Hon.* James Bowdoin, *Eſq;* Joſeph Gerriſh, *Eſq;* Thomas Sanders, *Eſq;* John Hancock, *Eſq;* Artemas Ward, *Eſq;* Benjamin Greenleaf, *Eſq;* James Otis, *Eſq;* Jerathmeel Bowers, *Eſq;* Joſhua Henſhaw, *Eſq; Mr.* Walter Spooner; *to the Election of whom he did not conſent.*

Joſeph Hawley, *Eſq; declined going to the Board.*

The Gentlemen who were of the Council laſt Year, and now left out, are, the Hon. Thomas Flucker, *Eſq;* Nathaniel Ropes, *Eſq;* Timothy Paine, *Eſq;* John Worthington, *Eſq;*

The SPEECH *of his Excellency Sir* FRANCIS BERNARD, *Bart. Captain-General and Governor in-Chief in and over his Majeſty's Province of the* Maſſachuſetts-Bay *in* New-England, *and Vice-Admiral of the ſame, to the Great-General Court or Aſſembly of ſaid Province, convened at* Boſton, *May* 31, 1769.

Gentlemen of the Council, and

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

AS I have nothing in immediate Command from his Majeſty to lay before you, I ſhall at preſent only recommend to you to give your earlieſt Attention to the Buſineſs of the Province. This is got into ſuch an Arrear, that it will require the utmoſt Diligence to get it done within the uſual Time generally allotted to this Seſſion. What I ſhall have to point out to you, will be communicated by ſeparate Meſſages.

I ſhall be ready to concur with you in all Meaſures propoſed for the Good of the People that are conſiſtent with the invariable Rule I have laid down, of not departing from the Duty I owe to the King. The Service of the Crown, and the Intereſt of the People, are Objects very compatible with each other; they muſt be ſo under a Monarch, who makes the general Welfare of all his Subjects the ſole End of his Government. It ſhall not be my Fault, if this Coalition of Duties is not as apparent as it is real.

Council-Chamber, June 1, 1769. FRA. BERNARD.

LONDON, April 11.

Yeſterday Mr. Wilkes publiſhed the following Addreſs to the County of Middleſex:-----April 10.

"GENTLEMEN,

SINCE an Oppoſition to me has been declared by a Miniſterial Gentleman, whoſe Seat in Parliament is purpoſely vacated by the Acceptance of an inſignificant Place, without even the Pretence of 'being ſolicited by ſome reſpectable Freeholders,' I find that the old Artifice of ſtarting another Candidate is renewed with the Hope of dividing you, and of drawing your Attention from the Object of this Struggle, which is between the Electors of Great-Britain and the aſſumed power of Adminiſtration. Several Gentlemen, warm Friends to the Freedom of the Subject, have been ſtrongly ſolicited by the Emiſſaries of this Miniſtry to accept a Seat in Parliament by your Means. They have not however been the Dupes of this Plan of Deceit. They have ſpurned at the treacherous Propoſal. I rejoice that a perfect Union of Sentiment on this Subject prevails in almoſt every Part of the County. The Queſtion is now underſtood to be not who ſhall repreſent the County, but whether you the Electors have the Right of naming your own Repreſentative to Parliament. I am ſure you will not give up that Right, nor quit the public Ground on which you ſtand. It is of the higheſt importance to every Elector in the Kingdom, that after the late Attempt to rob you of this Right, it ſhould be acknowledged and eſtabliſhed. You have repeatedly and unanimouſly denied that any one Part of the Legiſlature could deprive you of your Choice, and this in a Manner the moſt obliging and honourable to me. If then another Candidate could at this Time by any Means be brought into Parliament for the County, the Miniſtry would ſucceed in their Attack, and you would appear to acquieſce in an illegal Claim. You may now have the Glory of bringing this national Cauſe to a Deciſion, of eſtabliſhing the juſt Claims of Engliſhmen on ſo ſolid a Foundation as never again to be ſhaken, of preventing the Sacrifice of this eſſential Right, and the making a fata Precedent againſt yourſelves, and your Poſterity.

"GENTLEMEN,

"The Attention of the Public is fixed on you, and the Importance of the Cauſe has ſpread a general Anxiety for the Event of next Thurſday. I congratulate the People that the Freeholders of Middleſex are called to ſtand forth; for I know your Vigilance and undaunted Spirit in the Defence of our common Liberty. May ſuch Efforts be crowned with the Succeſs they merit; and may we be the happy Inſtruments of perpetuating the Bleſſings of a free Conſtitution to the lateſt Inhabitants of the whole Britiſh Empire! I am, &c. JOHN WILKES."

St. James's, April 1.

The following Addreſs of the Nobility, Freeholders and Heritors of the Shire of Edinburgh, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir Alexander Gilmour, Bart. their Repreſentative in Parliament. Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Nobility, Freeholders, and Heritors of the Shire of Edinburgh.

Moſt Gracious SOVEREIGN,

WHILST we feel ourſelves happy in the enjoyment of every right and privilege, ſecured to us by the laws and conſtitution of our country, we cannot obſerve, without the utmoſt regret, a ſpirit of licentiouſneſs, ſedition and riot, prevailing amongſt ſome of your Majeſty's ſubjects, whereby you are diſturbed in the ſeat of your Government, and the ſecurity of the kingdom in general moſt daringly attacked.

In vain do theſe diſturbers of the public tranquility call the ſacred name of Liberty to their aid. At that glorious æra, when our forefathers ſtruggled for the eſtabliſhment of their lawful rights and privileges, they conſidered their freedom to be ſecure only by the eſtabliſhment of laws and regular government; and therefore we, their poſterity, muſt unanimouſly condemn the attempts of thoſe who, under this deluding and falſe pretence, indulge themſelves in the proſecution of meaſures ſubverſive of all government, and conſequently deſtructive of all liberty.

Prompted as well by loyalty and affection to your Majeſty's perſon, as by regard to the dignity and honour of your reign, we embrace this opportunity of expreſſing our indignation at every attempt to weaken the force of lawful authority; and of aſſuring your Majeſty of our moſt fervent reſolution, to ſupport your royal wiſdom and prudence in the exertion of ſuch meaſures as may be neceſſary for effectually ſecuring the public tranquility, and the ſtability of government.

AR. COCKBURN, Preſes."

The following Addreſs has been preſented to his Majeſty by Lord Strange: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Merchants, Clergy, Traders, and other principal Inhabitants of Liverpool, on the 14th day of March, 1769.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

ANIMATED by a ſenſe of loyalty to the beſt of Kings, ſuffer us humbly to approach your throne, expreſſing our gratitude for your paternal care.

We cannot look on the conduct of thoſe miſguided perſons, who have not given themſelves leave to conſider the conſequences of the late ſeditious proceedings, which have ſo unhappily diſturbed the public peace, and tend to the ſubverſion of good order and government, without the utmoſt deteſtation and abhorrence.

Permit us, Sire, as a teſtimony of our duty, and ſteady attachment to your royal perſon, to aſſure you, that we will, with our lives and fortunes, ſupport your Majeſty's government againſt thoſe who dare attempt wantonly, and under the maſk of liberty, to undermine our happy conſtitution. And we further beg leave to expreſs our ſincere and ardent wiſhes, that your Majeſty's reign may be long, proſperous, and happy."

ROBERT BASS, APOTHECARY,

In MARKET-STREET,

HAVING now compleated (in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from London) a large and general importation of drugs, neceſſaries, and utenſils, in the moſt uſeful branches of phyſic, and ſurgery, begs leave to aſſure the public, he will diſpoſe of them on the moſt reaſonable terms, and warrant every article good and genuine.

Chymical and galenical medicines, prepared as ordered by the London college of phyſicians.

Family receipts carefully attended to, and all orders punctually obeyed, as uſual.

N. B. A few bottles of pyrmont, and Spaw water, black lead crucibles, electrical white glaſs globes, candied eringo angelica, and elecampane, fine caſſia cinnamon, Engliſh verjuice, arquebuſade, or the much eſteemed vulnerary water, vermecilli, almond ſoap, &c.

Freſh patent medicines of moſt kinds, particularly a quantity of the great univerſal medicine of beaume de vie.

Pink root, and caſtor oil, juſt received.

Capilaire, and orgeot. T.b.c.t.f.

Cheſter, June 10, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Wedneſday, the 28th Day of this inſtant June, at 3 o'Clock, on the Premiſes, will be ſold by Vendue, a certain Meſſuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract or Piece and Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing 250 Acres, ſituate in the Townſhip of Weſt-Nantmell, in Cheſter County, bounded by Lands of Samuel M'Ilduff, Francis Alexander, Daniel Henderſon, and Thomas Alford: late the Eſtate of James Scott; ſeized in Execution, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Cheſter, June 10, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Thurſday, the 29th Day of this inſtant June, on the Premiſes, at 3 o'Clock, will be ſold by Vendue, a certain Meſſuage, Plantation and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing about 200 Acres, be it more or leſs, ſituate in the Townſhip of Weſt-Nantmill, in the County of Cheſter, bounded by Lands of James Kerr, Joſeph Kerr, James Douglaſs, and others; late the Eſtate of William Sheerer; ſeized in Execution, and to be ſold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

[*For more new Adverтiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By Captain KEITH, arrived here from Cork, and Captain TAPSCUT, arrived at Boſton from Briſtol, we have the following Advices, viz.

LONDON, *April* 1.

THE frequent conferences lately held between the Right Hon. the Earls Temple and Chatham, are, it is ſaid, on the ſubject of ways and means to appeaſe the people, and to reconcile the preſent unhappy diviſions.

It is ſaid that Lord C-----m hath declared his diſapprobation of a late meaſure, in terms that will open the eyes of the preſent adminiſtration, and which may probably make proſelytes of more than one of them.

We are told, that if a certain noble Marquis and his friends, come again into office, one of the firſt meaſures will be to eſtabliſh an equal land-tax throughout the kingdom, and to lop off many penſions on the eſtabliſhment of a neighbouring country.

We hear that a change of miniſtry will be the infallible conſequence of ſome late reſolves.

We hear that there have been lately very high differences between ſome reſpectable perſonages, about the utility of granting a free pardon to the patriot, previous to the next election; and that a lady of the firſt conſequence, has declared her determined reſolution of quitting this kingdom for ever, if that event ſhould take place.

April 3. We hear that application has been made to the miniſters, by the heads of a certain company, for ſix ſhips of the line to be fitted out immediately, and ſent to ſecure their poſſeſſions in a diſtant country, which, at this time, appear to be in danger.

April 5. We are authorized to aſſure the public, that the report of the King of Pruſſia having bought in all the demands of the German commiſſaries, who were denied payment by the board of enquiry in London, after the war, &c. which lately appeared in the public papers, is entirely falſe, and without the leaſt foundation.

April 6. We are credibly informed, that the inhabitants of the ward of Farringdon Without, will not be repreſented by an Alderman, till April, 1770.

April 8. A Military Gentleman in the Eaſt-Indies, is ſaid to have loſt 75,000 l. by the Failure of the French Eaſt-India Company.

Advices in the Amſterdam Gazette, ſaid to be received from Jaſſy, the Capital of Moldavia, mention an Engagement between the Ruſſians and Tartars, in which the former are ſaid to have had 30,000 men killed, and 20,000 made Priſoners, and that the Tartars have deſtroyed all New Servia; but as theſe Advices mention neither Time nor Place, they very juſtly obſerve, that the Information they bring is not to be credited.---Yet an Extract of a Letter from Jaſſy, dated Feb. 28, and publiſhed in the Bruſſels Gazette, ſeems to confirm the above, with the following Circumſtances: "That the ſaid News was announced at Jaſſy, by a Diſcharge of 12 Pieces of Cannon, and the cuſtomary Symphony of Turkiſh Muſic." On the other Hand, an extraordinary Gazette, dated the 10th of March, has been publiſhed at Peterſbourgh, containing a long Account of the Advantages obtained over the Tartars by the Ruſſians, and wherein the former, beſides being repulſed, at two or three different Places, which they attacked, are ſaid to have loſt in ſeveral Engagements many Hundreds of their Troops.

Extract of a Letter from Paris.

----"*You may aſſure my Friends on your Side of the Water, that one, if not the firſt Article in the Quadruple Alliance, is to keep the Sword drawn till the French are reſtored all their late Poſſeſſions in America. The Impermanency and frequent Fluctuations of your Councils, prevent any Buſineſs being done, or certainly one of theſe Powers might have been bought off. You may depend on it, Hanover will ſoon be in French Hands----you will defend it; and freſh Millions will be buried in the old Grave of Germany.*"

April 13. *The Budget being found on Monday Night laſt full of Breaches, was ſent to a Sempſtreſs in Pall-Mall, to be ſine drawn againſt To-morrow, when it is to undergo another Examination.*

We are aſſured, that the French Court hath given Inſtructions to Count de Vaux, who has lately been appointed Commander in Chief of their Troops in the Iſland of Corſica, to behave with the utmoſt Lenity to ſuch Priſoners as fall into his Hands, and to purſue every Method in his Power, to give the moſt agreeable Impreſſion of the French Nation.

April 15. Yeſterday about half paſt 9, the election for Middleſex came on at Brentford. The candidates were Mr. Wilkes, Mr. Luttrell, Mr. Roach, and Mr. Serjeant Whitaker.

When Colonel Luttrell was nominated, there was much hiſſing, and much clapping; Mr. Serjeant Whitaker's nomination was heard with a dead ſilence; Mr. Wilkes's with a very loud acclamation; and Mr. Roach's with a very loud laugh.

After the writ, and the act of parliament againſt bribery and corruption were read, and the Sheriffs ſworn, the Hon. Mr. Fox, eldeſt ſon of Lord Holland, put up Col. Luttrell. Then Mr. Sawbridge came forward on the Huſtings, and ſilence being demanded, addreſſed himſelf to the public in the following words.

"He ſaid, he need not acquaint them that the affair in point was now a diſpute between A------n, and the freeholders of Middleſex; that ſince the former election, there was a meeting of the ſupporters of the Bill of Rights, wherein he had the honour to take the chair, and that it was reſolved to ſupport Mr. Wilkes's cauſe, as the cauſe of liberty; he hoped that they would now ſtand forth, as they had already done in ſuch a cauſe, and ſhew to the whole world, that nothing is capable of taking away their freedom, the glorious birthright of every Engliſhman, he therefore preſſed this very ſeriouſly, as an object of their conſideration; and concluded by hoping that the friends of Mr. Wilkes, would equally ſhew themſelves friends to peace and good order.

Mr. Townſhend then ſeconded Mr. Sawbridge, and ſpoke to this effect.---"He ſaid, he need not recapitulate what the Gentleman who ſpoke laſt had ſaid, as he was very ſenſible the doctrine of liberty was too well eſtabliſhed in their hearts to need it. He obſerved, that it had been rumoured that the friends of the other candidates would be prevented by Mr. Wilkes's friends from polling on this occaſion; this, he was very ſure, was only circulated by the tongue of malice; nor would he mention it, but as a caution to them to be particularly circumſpect in their behaviour; as the more they were ſo, the more it would proclaim to the world the impartiality of their conduct, and freedom of their choice. He begged them above all things (as they reſpected their own conſequence) to preſerve peace and good order, which conſtituted the very ſpirit of liberty and independance. That it was full time enough to ſhew hoſtilities, when the laws and religion of this country were openly attacked, and attempted to be wreſted from them (which he hoped would never be the caſe) then it was only juſtifiable, and conſtituted the true character of an Engliſhman." Both theſe ſpeeches were received with the loudeſt burſts of applauſe imaginable, and upon the holding up of hands, the majority (indeed it may be ſaid the totality) were for Mr. Wilkes.

The poll began at 11 o'clock, and finally cloſed at half an hour after 3, when, on caſting up the poll, the numbers were declared, at a quarter paſt 5, as follow:

For Mr. Wilkes	1143
Col. Luttrell	296
Serjeant Whitaker	5
Mr. Roach	0

The laſt Gentleman was nominated by Mr. Martin, and Mr. Jones, but at 12 o'clock the Sheriffs received a letter from Mr. Roach, declining being a candidate, not chuſing to take the oaths neceſſary on the occaſion. Soon after which he came upon the Huſtings.

A grand cavalcade of the freeholders ſet out from the Prince of Orange, in Jermyn-ſtreet, before whom were carried 6 or 7 flags (on ſome of which were written Bill of Rights, and on others Magna Charta) all badges of the different ſocieties of which Mr. Wilkes has been made a member.

A great body of freeholders, Mr. Wilkes's friends, preceded by a band of muſic, with colours flying, marched along Pall-Mall, and ſtopped fronting the Palace, where they gave three loud huzzas, and the muſic began to play; this alarmed the guards, who marched out to the gate with their bayonets fixed; but the company marched on peaceably for Brentford, and the ſoldiers returned into the barracks.

As Col. Luttrell, with a ſmall party, was proceeding on horſeback to Brentford, he was met at Hyde-park Corner by a mob, when a diſpute by ſome accident ariſing, ſeveral of the people, it is ſaid, were rode over. On the other ſide the people charged the Colonel, and his party, in their turn, and pelted them ſo furiouſly with dirt, &c. that they drove ſome of them almoſt into the river, and put the whole party in ſuch a manner to the rout, that they rode diſperſed over the field, a few galloped off full ſpeed for Brentford, and the Colonel loſt his hat.

The friends of the two principal candidates behaved with great civility to each other upon the Huſtings.

Previous to the election, above 100 Gentlemen voluntarily offered to take the poll for Mr. Wilkes; and the ſervice of 40 were accepted.

We are told that a certain candidate for the county of Middleſex actually made his will, *in caſe of accidents.*

The whole was conducted with great tranquility and regularity; after the poll was over a number of horſemen, with colours flying, and muſic playing, attended by ſeveral thouſand people, went through St. James's-ſtreet, the Strand, and over London-bridge, to the King's Bench, to congratulate Mr. Wilkes on his ſucceſs.

Yeſterday the publicans, all the way from Knightſbridge to Brentford, ſold their beer at 3d. per pot, which they ſaid was in honour of Mr. Wilkes.

The concourſe of ladies in carriages was yeſterday really aſtoniſhing at Brentford.

At night the inhabitants of all the principal ſtreets illuminated their houſes, the bells of ſeveral churches were rung, and every meaſure exhibited, to teſtify their joy on the occaſion, which was concluded with great prudence and decorum.

Yeſterday the Sheriffs of London were ordered to make their return of the writ for Middleſex, which not being accepted, they were directed to amend their return, and make their report this morning.

It is now ſaid the return will not be altered, as the Sheriffs in that caſe will be liable to be proſecuted for perjury.

A great change in the miniſtry is hourly expected.---The Duke of B-----d, Earl G---r, Viſcount W------h, and Mr. R----y, will reſign, and the Rockingham party will take the lead in the new adminiſtration;---the Marquis, it is ſaid, having engaged to withdraw his ſupport from a certain popular Gentleman, priſoner; this new arrangement has been determined upon while the Earl of C-----m, and his noble brother, were dividing the ſtate between them.

It is alſo ſaid that a firm coalition has taken place between the Grenville and Rockingham parties.

Yeſterday his Grace the Duke of Bedford arrived in town, being ſent for on purpoſe to attend at the Privy Council, held at St. James's, on buſineſs of great importance.

His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter, the Marquis of Granby, Earl Temple, and many perſons of diſtinction, attended at the Houſe of Commons, yeſterday, to hear the debates on the public cauſe.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham, it is now ſaid, will be appointed to a principal office in the new adminiſtration, which is talked of as to take place in a few days.

Mr. Serjeant Glynn, notwithſtanding he is now ſo afflicted with a fit of the gout that he cannot ſtand, was brought to the door of the Houſe of Commons in a ſedan, and being put on a chair, was carried into the Houſe by two men, that he might not be abſent at a time when the buſineſs relative to his conſtituents required his attendance and ſupport.

On the expulſion of Mr. Walpole in the year 1712, that Gentleman was again rechoſen by a great Majority; one Mr. Taylor being then in the oppoſition, petitioned, as Mr. Walpole had been declared ineligible, that he might come in on the majority, but there being no precedent of the kind, the whole election was declared void.

Some gentlemen, verſed in politics, are of opinion, that inſtead of the Bill of Rights, it would be more effectual to employ the Axe.

Col. Luttrell, it is reported, was groſly inſulted on his return laſt night from the Houſe, by the footmen and chairmen, one of whom ſtruck him in the face with a lighted flambeaux, on which the Colonel drew his ſword, and returned to the Coffee-houſe, where he was diſguiſed by the help of his friends, put into a chair, and ſent home privately.

The exigencies of the preſent year amount to	£ 6,634,000
Supplies,	6,688,000

A million and a half will remain to pay debts at the year's end.

Means for raiſing the ſupplies.

By way of land tax,	1,500,000
Malt,	750,000
American revenue,	30,000
Sinking fund,	1,800,000
Ceded iſlands,	38,946
French prizes,	20,000
Gum ſeneca,	2000
Ld. Chatham's ball. as paymaſter,	9381
Impreſs money repaid by Mr. Legg's executors,	3849
Apples imported,	79
Rice exported,	9924
Allowed for German demands,	45,838
From 12ds. in the Chelſea penſions,	5423
Overplus of the widows penſions,	17,565
Six-pence ſtoppage in the civil liſt,	42,000
Six-pence winter ſtoppages from the cavalry in Germany, the money now in pay-office, and regiments agents,	18,566
Stock purſe of two regiments,	3322
Remaining in the war-office,	9766
Unappropriated money in the exchequer,	59,000
To be raiſed by lottery, to conſiſt of 60,000 tickets, and to be ſold at 13 l. per ticket by the treaſury,	180,000

The prizes amounting to 600,000 l. to be paid in full at the bank.

Letters from Verſailles, dated April 8, ſay, "the King has iſſued an arret of his council of ſtate, authorizing the directors of the Eaſt-India company to form a lottery for 11,100,000 livres, in order to enable that company to fulfil its engagements."

Extract of a letter from Hamburgh, March 23.

"The laſt letters from Warſaw adviſe, that Prince Repnin has publicly given out there, that all who do not declare themſelves to be againſt the Confederates, or would remain neuter, will be treated as enemies; which the Ruſſian generals have alſo intimated to the Magnates of Poland. The declaration has made a terrible impreſſion upon the minds of the public."

We have authority to aſſure the public, that the report of great armaments going from France to the Eaſt-Indies, is without any foundation.

There is no truth in the report of a certain military great perſon being about to reſign; as it is a well known fact, and may be depended on, that he has formed an entire new plan for the regulation of the army, and which he, this ſummer, intends to put in execution----that he ſhares his Majeſty's confidence, and returns it with the moſt ſincere and dutiful affection to his Majeſty's perſon, and zealous attachment to his ſervice.

Several French veſſels have been taken by the Corſicans, one of which was laden with corn, and had, beſides, 3000 crowns on board.

From Leghorn we are told, that General Paoli has received a preſent of a veſſel, laden with grain, from ſome private Gentlemen of a certain nation, who have promiſed him another in a little time.

From Warſaw we have a confirmation, that the Poliſh Coſſacks who inhabit the Way-wodies of Braclau and Kiovia, ſeeing the unparallelled cruelties exerciſed by the Tartars and Confederates, have joined the Ruſſians, in order to defend their country againſt the ſaid Confederates, and the enemies of Chriſtianity.

Some detachments of the Confederates of Great Poland have advanced as far as Schoneck and Stargard, within 6 miles of Dantzick, and after committing divers diſorders, carried off from the latter place two burgomaſters, and the miniſters of the Lutheran church.

Letters from Paris now ſpeak of the treaty, offenſive and defenſive, ſaid to have been concluded between their court and thoſe of Vienna, Madrid, and Berlin, as a report that ſtands in need of as much confirmation, as that of the Engliſh miniſtry having offered to reſtore Canada to France.

The news of the quadruple alliance of the Courts of Spain, France, Auſtria and Pruſſia, was brought over from Paris by the Britiſh envoy, about 5 weeks ago; ever ſince which time our miniſtry have been concerting proper meaſures, to avail themſelves of ſo glorious an opportunity of approving themſelves worthy of the name of Engliſhmen, and lords and maſters of the ſea.

Mr. Luttrell's hat, his loſs of which occaſioned ſo much mirth among the mob, was the cauſe of two or three battles, numbers were ſo deſirous of having it: Wherefore the man, who firſt took it up, ſeeing there was no poſſibility of keeping it with peace, cut it into ſlips, and ſold them to different people.

It is the opinion of ſome very eminent gentlemen of the bar, that the ſubſcribers of a late addreſs from a trading city, are every one of them liable to be proſecuted by the members of the aſſociation for ſupporting the Bill of Rights, for publiſhing a malicious, defamatory libel.

We hear that a very great man has lately, to the very great ſatisfaction and ſurprize of his friends, expreſſed himſelf very much in favour of a certain popular Gentleman.

A great houſe, in a great town, is ſaid to have ſtopped for near 200,000 l.

Yeſterday the election and return of Mr. Wilkes, as member of Middleſex, was declared void, and this day that Gentleman again ſolicited the votes and intereſt of his friends.

The Houſe of Commons, which was very full yeſterday, continued ſitting very late, and met again this day.

We hear that the debates in a great houſe laſt night were carried on with the greateſt warmth ever known in that reſpectable ſociety.

It was this morning poſitively aſſerted, that the freeholders of a certain county, have reſolved on preſenting petitions to each branch of the L-----e next week, reſpecting the member of their choice, and alſo what they apprehend to be their own right.

Many perſons are of opinion, that a petition will not be received by one branch of the L-----e.

This morning there was a great reſort of reſpectable Gentlemen at the apartments of John Wilkes, Eſq; in the King's Bench Priſon.

They adviſe from Leghorn, that a large Dutch tranſport, bound to Corſica with ammunition and ſtores, for the uſe of General Paoli, has been taken by a French frigate, the commander of which unloaded the cargo, diſmiſſed the ſhip, and gave the Dutch Captain bills upon Paris to the whole amount.

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 1.

On Friday, the 12th ult. at about 11 o'clock, as the ſon of the Rev. Mr. WILLIAM DUNLAP, of King and Queen county, attempted to run from the kitchen to the manſion houſe, a ſquirrel he had in his pocket was ſtruck dead with lightning; the child providentially eſcaped without hurt. The ſquirrel was taken out of his pocket in the very poſture in which it had been ſitting, gnawing a grain of corn.

Extract of a letter from London, February 9, 1769.

"In the courſe of yeſterday's debate, the ſame ſuggeſtions were thrown out as in the Houſe of Lords, ſufficiently expreſſive of the inclination of Government to get rid of this very diſagreeable buſineſs, but attended with exhortations to maintain their own dignity. Upon the whole, I am fully perſuaded, that by a little good management on both ſides, a perfect union between Great-Britain and her colonies may be happily reſtored.

"I underſtand, from Col. Barrè, that the friends of America have in contemplation the bringing into Parliament a general conſideration of the affairs of that country, and to take in the various cauſes of diſtreſs; but I do not expect any good effects from it this ſeſſions, nor that the revenue acts will be repealed."

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 8.

On Monday afternoon arrived here in good health, in the ſhip Lord Baltimore, Captain Mitchell, his Excellency ROBERT EDEN, Eſq; our Governor, with his lady and family; on the ſhip's coming to an anchor, off the city, ſhe fired 7 guns, which were returned by an equal number, but on his Excellency's coming on ſhore, in the evening, he was met by all the members of the Council then in town, and a great number of other Gentlemen, under a diſcharge of all the cannon on the battery.---And on Tueſday morning, about 10 o'clock, his Excellency went up to the Council-houſe, attended by his Lordſhip's honourable Council, where his Excellency's commiſſion was opened and publiſhed.

BOSTON, *June* 1.

Advices from Briſtol are, that Complaints are great among the Merchants, on Account of the Scarcity of Money in Trade, and among the Manufacturers, for Want of Employment.

The Court for trying Piracies, Felonies, &c. committed on the High-Seas, which ſit here for the Trial of ſeveral Seamen charged with the Murder of Lieutenant Panton, met on Monday laſt, when the Priſoners, by their Counſel, filed a Plea againſt the Juriſdiction of the Court: Upon which the Court thought proper to take the ſame under Conſideration, and adjourned to the 14th Inſtant.

June 5. *The maſter of a veſſel arrived at Piſcataqua from St. Ubes informs, that the Portugueſe fortreſs of Mazagan, on the coaſt of Sallee, is taken by the Emperor of Morocco's army; but can't tell any particulars relative to the conqueſt.*

Laſt Saturday afternoon, there being a clear ſky, the Tranſit of the Planet Venus over the Sun's diſk was very plainly obſerved here thro' ſmoked glaſſes, by thoſe who were endowed with ſtrong viſual faculties.---We hear a very compleat and accurate obſervation of the above Tranſit, was taken at Cambridge by the Holiſian Profeſſor of Mathematicks and Philoſophy at Harvard College, in that place; and it is to be hoped that proper obſervations of this uncommon phœnomenon have been made in different parts of the world, by thoſe who have a ſuitable apparatus for the purpoſe, that ſo the ſolution of a very grand and difficult problem in aſtronomy may be obtained, viz. That of determining the Sun's parallax, or, true diſtance from the earth; *which is inacceſſible any other way, and without which the true dimenſions of the ſolar ſyſtem, and the ſeveral orbs of which it is compoſed, can never be aſcertained, nor the magnitudes and denſities of the Sun, Planets and Comets, aſſigned.----So extremely rare are theſe phœnomena, that that which was obſerved in 1761, there never was but one ſeen before ſince the creation, and that by two perſons only: And now this opportunity is paſt, the preſent race of mankind may take their leave of theſe Tranſits, as no other will happen till the 9th of December, in the year* 1874.

NEWPORT, June 5.

Laſt Saturday, the third Inſtant, the Tranſit of Venus was obſerved in this Town. The Planet touched the Sun's Limb a little Weſt of the Vertical. The firſt Impreſſion, or Moment of external Contact, was 2 h. 31 m. 27 ſ. P. M. apparent Time; Immerſion, or internal Contact, was at 2 h. 46 m. 46 ſ. apparent Time. So the Time from VENUS's firſt touching the Sun's Limb, to the Moment of total Immerſion within the Diſk, was 15 Minutes, and 19 Seconds. Two Clocks were previouſly regulated with great Care. The true Mid-day or Moment that the Sun's Centre was upon the Meridian, was accurately obſerved the Noon of the Day of the Tranſit: Great Pains having been previouſly taken in making a true Meridian, by ranging Two Threads pendant from aloft, with Alioth and the Pole Star, when they were upon the Meridian. But further obſervations, with Calculations upon the Sun's Altitudes, may ſtill confirm or correct the Meridian.

The Day preceding, and the Morning of the Day of the Tranſit, and during the whole Time of the Tranſit, numerous Altitudes of the Sun were taken, by an aſtronomical Sextant, moſt accurately conſtructed, of 5 Feet Radius, furniſhed with Teleſcopic Sights, and Nonius Diviſions, to 5 Seconds. The Sky was uncommonly clear and ſerene during the whole Obſervation. The Obſervation of the Tranſit was made through 2 Teleſcopes, a Reflector, and a Refractor. The Moment of the firſt external Contact was diſtinctly perceived *through a Reflector, and* given by One Obſerver; *and the Moment of total Immerſion was*

*** To be SOLD, A likely ſmart Negroe BOY, between 10 and 11 years of age. Enquire of the Printers; he is ſold for no fault, but being too ſmall for the ſervice he is wanted.

observed, and announced at the same Instant, *by two Observers, one at the Reflecting, and the other at the Refracting Telescope. More Time is requisite for the numerous Calculations necessary to give the further Particulars and important Applications of this rare, curious and noble Phœnomenon.*

The Public are indebted to that eminent Benefactor and Promoter of Science and Literature, the Honourable ABRAHAM REDWOOD, *Esq; for furnishing the* Reflecting Telescope, *and* Sextant *for this Observation.*

N E W - Y O R K, June 12.

Captain Leacraft, from St. Croix, spoke with Captain Shourt the 25th of May, from this Port, bound for Jamaica, in Lat. 27, out 15 Days, all well.---They had Advice at St. Croix, that a Number of Spanish Agents from the Main, with Cash, were gone up to Coracoa, with a Purpose of purchasing Twelve Sail of the best going Vessels they could find, in order, it is thought, to convert into Privateers.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated April 14, 1769.

" The P------ will be prorogued in a few Weeks.---The American Petitions have all been thrown aside, nor will any thing be done towards redressing our Grievances till next Year. The present M----y is now more unpopular than ever.---Wilkes's Friends increase daily; some of the richest and most reputable Gentlemen in the Kingdom have openly espoused his Cause: No Reasons have as yet been assigned by the P-----t for his being expelled the House after the first Time: They plead in general, that he is a Man of bad Principles, and worse Morals. " Dr. W-r-b-rt-n, the learned Bishop of Gloucester, is now one of the Minority: He preached a Sermon at the Chapel Royal a few Weeks ago, which gave great Offence to his -------- it was aimed directly at the M----rs, whom he accused of being the Authors of all the Sedition and Tumult in the Kingdom.------Some say, the K----- rose up to go out, but was prevented by the ----- who sat by him;---the Papers will tell you of his being repeatedly insulted by the Mob, at the Play-House, &c.------Lord B--- is still in Italy, where he has received many Civilities from the holy Family.------His Name is scarcely ever mentioned in London: New Favourites have now become the Objects of the Rage of the Populace.

" The Resolutions of the Philadelphia Merchants have alarmed the M------ greatly. They wish the late Acts were repealed, and yet are ashamed to repeal them, as it will call their Prudence and Authority in Question. It gives great Pleasure to the Friends of America, to hear that Manufactures are encouraged among you: These will make you rich; these will make you free; these will make you happy in Spite of all G---- B------ can do."

The 20th of May, in Lat. 37, 44. *Lon.* 51, 11. *Capt. Russell spoke with the Ship Hope, of Philadelphia, from Providence, bound for London; and* 10 *Days after, in Lat.* 38, 10. *Lon.* 68, *he also spoke with Capt. Hathorn, from Philadelphia, bound for Bristol.*

Captain Keith, in 8 *Weeks from Liverpool, the* 31*st ultimo, in Lat.* 38, 49. *Lon.* 63, *spoke with Captain Galloway, in a Brig from Virginia for Borrowstoness, in Scotland,* 10 *Days out. And the next Day he also spoke with the Ship Two Sisters, Captain Taylor, from Virginia for London.*

Captain Channell, in 17 *Days from St. Ubes, the* 29*th ult. in Lat.* 37, *Long.* 71, *spoke with Capt. Martin, in a Schooner from Philadelphia for the Grenades.*

Yesterday the Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Bolderson, sailed with the Mail for Falmouth.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated April 16, 1769.

" This City is in a violent Ferment.---Col. Luttrell has taken his Seat for the County of Middlesex, though Mr. Wilkes had a Majority of 847 Votes. The Division of the House runs thus, Pensioners and Placemen (every Man)

For Luttrell,	199
Against him,	145
Majority,	54

" How this will end nobody knows, but the Freeholders of Middlesex threaten to take Possession of the House of Commons, and declare that they will not pay the Land Tax."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Hungry River, in Dorchester County, Maryland, dated June 2.

" I don't know whether you have heard the disagreeable News of the Governor of Senegal, with all the English Inhabitants, being cut off by the Natives, except the Governor's Lady, who got off in a Rhode-Island Sloop, one Clark, Commander, and arrived at Fyall about nine Weeks ago. This I am told, with several other Circumstances, by the Master of a Snow from St. Michael's, who is addressed to me, and who arrived here about ten Days ago."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Edenton, North-Carolina, to his Friend in Philadelphia, dated May 26, 1769.

" Our Assembly is dissolved, new Writs are issued, and the Election will be on the 18th of July.----Don't you think the Virginians have behaved like Men? I fancy Lord B-------t is greatly mistaken, and must by this Time know, that Titles, Burgundy, and a gilt Coach, will not be sufficient Inducements to bribe Men out of their Liberties. A Man of War was dispatched, last Sunday, with the agreeable News to the Ministry, who, by the bye, seem to have their Hands full."

Thursday last his Majesty's Sloop of War the Viper, Captain Lindsay, arrived here from South-Carolina.

Captain Waid, from Jamaica, on the 29th of May, in Lat. 31, spoke the Brig Industry, Captain Thompson, of this Port, bound to Rotterdam from the Bay of Honduras, 28 Days out, all well.

Captain Keith, from Cork, about four Weeks ago, in Lat. 48, Long. 31, spoke the Ship Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Gill, from Jamaica for London.

Friday last a Fire broke out in the upper Part of a House in Sixth-street, but by the timely Assistance of the Inhabitants it was happily extinguished, after damaging the Roof.

On Saturday Afternoon a Girl about 4 Years old, was unhappily killed, at the upper End of this City, by the Falling of a Pile of Boards. At the same Time two or three other Children were very much hurt.

Last Saturday Night, about 12 o'Clock, one Arthur Campbell, a Constable, in the District of Southwark, hearing a Disturbance in the Neighbourhood, went with a Companion towards the Place, where he was assaulted in a violent Manner, by a Number of Seamen, armed with Bludgeons, and wounded so badly, that he died the next Day. Several other People were knocked down, and very much bruised, by the same Gang. And on Sunday five of the Principals were taken up, and committed to Goal.

We hear that the PUBLIC COMMENCEMENT, both for the *Medical Degrees*, and the *Degrees in the Arts*, is appointed to be held in the College of this City, on Friday, June 30th.

A R R I V A L S.

From Philadelphia. Captain Biddle, and Captain Emlen (last from Madeira) in the Bay of Honduras; and Captain M'Cutcheon, at Belfast.

Messieurs H A L L and S E L L E R S,

AS the Inhabitants of this Town were, on Sunday last, during the Time of Divine Service, disturbed by the Firing of the Viper Sloop of War in the Harbour, I should be glad to know whether Captain Lindsay intended it in Honour of the Saint, to whom, by the Rubric, the Day is dedicated, or of the Gentlemen whom he invited to dine with him; or whether, by ordering his Guns to be fired when all the Protestant Congregations in Town were at Divine Service, he meant it as an Insult on the Religion and Customs of the Place? Your giving the above a Place in your Paper, that Captain Lindsay may explain to the Public, whom he has offended, the Motives of his Conduct, will oblige

An Inhabitant of Philadelphia.

☞ The Members of the *American Philosophical Society*, held at Philadelphia for promoting Useful Knowledge, are desired to take Notice, that their next Meeting is to be To-morrow Evening, at the College, when Business of Importance will come before them----To begin precisely at Seven o' Clock.

☞ Neat Hair and black Leather T R U N K S, to be sold at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 14s. 6d. Wheat 5s. 6d. Indian Corn 2s. 6d. Ship Bread 13s. Middling Ditto 20s. White Ditto 29s. Pipe Staves 9l. Barrel Ditto 3l. Hogshead Ditto 5l. Red Oak Ditto 4l. Beef 52s. 6d. Pork 90s. West-India Rum 3s. 3d. New-England Ditto 2s. 3d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 3d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muscovado Sugar 40 to 60s. Melasses 2s. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 12s. Tar 10s. Turpentine 17s. 6d. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 18s. Lisbon Salt 18d. Bohea Tea 3s. 3d. Hemp 5d. Cotton 19d. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 8l. Mustard-seed 32s. a Bushel.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Sally, J. Whitmarsh, Brig Two Friends, G. Coffin, and Brig Peggy, J. Doble, from Boston. Ship Phœbe, M. Davidson, Lisbon. Sloop Herring, T. Bond, and Sloop Rennis, E. Higgins, Maryland. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, R. Richardson, St. Croix. Sloop Chance, T. Rotch, Sloop Industry, J. Sartain, and Ship Speedwell, J. Wilson, Honduras. Brig Lovely Lass, A. Wade, Jamaica. Ship Sally, W. Keith, Cork. Brig Swallow, J. Brice, N. Castle, on Delaware. Sloop Elizabeth, J. Cunningham, from N. Carolina.

Outwards. Ship Phœbe, M. Davidson, for Cork. Schooner Dove, W. Gamble, and Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Brig Sally, J. Whitmarsh, Quebec. Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Lisbon. Snow Sarah, P. Hunter, Oporto. Snow Sally, E. Spain, Maryland. Brig Two Friends, G. Coffin, Newfoundland. Brig Lovely Lass, A. Wade, Jamaica. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, R. Richardson, St. Croix. Brig Hibernia, W. Price, St. Kitts. Ship Hercules, J. Scott, for Falmouth.

Cleared. Ship Molly, J. Chapman, Sloop Hannah, T. Parker, and Sloop America, J. Gorham, to Boston. Ship Mary and Elizabeth, J. Sparks, London. Schooner Little Peggy, J. Watson, Virginia. Brig Globe, H. Styles, and Ship London Packet, J. Cook, Lisbon. Brig Jane and Sarah, J. Lancaster, and Sloop Polly, J. Conyers, Barbados. Schooner William, J. Jewer, Honduras. Ship Newry Packet, J. Montgomery, Dover. Schooner Ranger, D. M'Cullough, Jamaica. Snow Anna, J. Livingston, and Ship Chalkley, P. Young, Bristol. Sloop Defiance, J. Tillinghurst, R. Island. Sloop Hunter, S. Crawford, St. Croix. Sloop Sally, R. Alberson, N. York. Schooner Nelly, C. Alexander, Salem. Sloop Cape-Fear Packet, E. Hanson, and Sloop Patience, W. Ward, N. Carolina. Ship Britannia, W. Deverson, Newfoundland. Schooner Squirrel, S. Paul, to Nantucket.

To-morrow will be published, and sold by D. HALL, *and* W. SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia,*

THE LAWS passed by the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, during their last Session.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Monday, the 19th of June, at 11 o' Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Adam Haas, in Germantown, A certain Lot or Piece of Ground, situate on Manheim-street, in Germantown, containing about 13 Acres, bounded Eastward and Westward by Ground of Edward Shippen, Esq; seized and taken in Execution, by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 20th of June, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain lot or piece of ground, situate on the south side of Walnut-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth about 24 feet 6 inches, and in depth 220 feet, bounded eastward by a lot whereof this was part, southward by Edward Shippen's ground, westward by ground late of George Bullock deceased, and northward by Walnut-street aforesaid; late the estate of John Hitchcock and wife; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 30th of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, that valuable and noted tavern, commonly known by the sign of the Crooked Billet, situate in Horsham township, on Old York road, 16 miles from Philadelphia; together with about 14 acres of land, 4 acres whereof are good meadow ground; the situation is pleasant, and very convenient for any sort of business; the house has 4 large rooms on the lower floor, and 5 on the second. There are likewise a large kitchen, workshop, barn, stables, sheds, and other out-houses, erected thereon; the whole is in good repair; now in the tenure of Asaph Wilson; late the estate of Matthias Harvey; seized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, June 15, 1769.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the premises, the 27th instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, if not sold by private sale before that time,

SUNDRY lots of land, adjoining the river Schuylkill, fronting the great road, leading from Reading to Philadelphia, and within 5 miles of the city, being part of the estate late of Edward Robeson, deceased.

On lot No. 1, containing about 15 acres, is a large commodious well finished stone dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, chaise-house, and sundry other small out-houses, and a well of very good water near the door; also one other stone house, suitable for a tenant, with a spring-house, and 5 acres of very good meadow, watered by a never failing stream, about 2 acres of orchard, with divers kinds of choice fruit trees, a good garden, and near 3 acres of woodland.

On lot No. 2, containing about 11 acres, is a stone dwelling-house, and near 4 acres of woodland.

Lot No. 3, containing about 12 acres, above 3 whereof are woodland.

Lot No. 4, containing 5 acres and a half of land.

The lots No. 1, 2 and 3, are extremely well situated for a gentleman's country seat, commanding a beautiful and extensive prospect of the river Schuylkill; the whole being very healthy and pleasant. Three months credit will be given the purchaser. A plan may be seen at the London Coffee-house.

All persons that have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts; and those that are indebted, are requested to make speedy payment to the subscribers, otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of an attorney. ANN ROBESON, Executrix; PETER ROBESON, OWEN JONES, junior, Executors. §

ROBERT WILSON,

Has imported in the last Vessels from London, Liverpool, and Glasgow,

A NEAT and general Assortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will sell on the most reasonable Terms, at his Store in Second-street, near the Corner of Chestnut-street.

N. B. All those Persons indebted to him above the Time agreed on, are requested to make immediate Payment. ¶

TO be sold by public vendue on Saturday, the first of July next, at 7 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-House, if not sold before by private sale; SIX certain messuages or tenements, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the east side of Second-street, a little below Walnut-street, containing in breadth on said street near 27 feet, with two brick tenements two story high, and continue the same width to Dock-street; whereon is a new two story brick tenement, well finished, fronting said street, with a 6 feet alley adjoining, leading up to the back of the first mentioned tenements, with a new pump, and excellent water. There are in said alley three brick tenements, two story high, and are bounded southerly by ground of Henry Lisle, and northerly by ground of the Widow Armit, and Hannah Steel. The above tenements are insured for 600 l. for 7 years. The whole lett now for above 90 l. per annum. For further information, apply to Mr. PAUL ISAAC VOTO, Scrivener, or JOHN NEWBY, at Fogg's Manor, in Chester County.

N. B. All persons indebted to the subscriber by bond, note or otherwise, are desired to discharge the same by the first of August, or expect to be dealt with as the law directs, without further notice. ‡ JOHN NEWBY.

Imported in the last vessels from London, Liverpool and Glasgow, and to be sold cheap for cash or short credit, by

JAMES STUART,

In Second-street, nearly opposite the Golden Fleece,

A VARIETY *of goods, amongst which are calimancoes, durants, striped camblets, saggathies, German serges, calicoes, cottons, Damascus, moseens, ribbons, plains, spotted and coloured lawns and gauzes, tape, figured and flowered bordered handkerchiefs, white thread from No.* 6 *to* 70, *Dundee coloured ditto, check handkerchiefs, cotton and linen checks of all widths, ozenbrigs, Irish and Russia sheetings, bed bunts and bed ticken, muslins, silk handkerchiefs, sewing silk, thread and worsted hose, worsted and silk mitts, buckrams, Scots snuff, table knives, cuttoe and pistol capt ditto, Barlow and common penknives and razors, ivory and horn combs, garters, laces, bobbins, needles, pins, felt hats, quarto, common and gilt bibles, confessions of faith, M'Ewen's essays and types, with a variety of other books, chiefly divinity, Dilworth's spelling books, primers, writing paper, &c. &c.*

N. B. Said Stuart requests those indebted to him above six months, to make immediate payment. †

Philadelphia, June 12, 1769.

To be SOLD by the subscribers, executors of the estate of WILLIAM PLUMSTED, late of the city of Philadelphia, Esq; deceased, either in the whole, or in parcels, as may best suit the purchasers, the following tracts of land, with their improvements, viz.

A TRACT of 556 acres, situate in the township of Upper Merion, in the county of Philadelphia, adjoining lands of Thomas Waters, John Moore, Jonathan Roberts, and others. A certain other tract of 280 acres, situate in Cedar Creek, in the county of Northampton, and near Grouce-hall, having a stone messuage, stone barn, a wooden tenement, and a spring-house, thereon erected. And a certain other tract of about 37 acres, and one quarter of an acre, of woodland, about one mile from the last mentioned tract, and in the same township and county. MARY PLUMSTED, Executrix; ARCHIBALD M'CALL, and JUDAH FOULKE, Executors. §

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of General Assembly of the government of the counties of New-Castle, Kent, and Sussex, on Delaware, intituled, " An Act to enable the owners and possessors of the meadow, marsh and cripple, lying upon Nonsuch and Mill Creeks, and adjoining Lewdon's Island, in the hundred and county of New-Castle, on Delaware, to imbank and drain the same, to keep the outside banks and dams in good repair for ever, and to raise a fund for doing thereof;" the following pieces or parcels of marsh, meadow ground, and cripple, were duly rated, agreeable to the act aforesaid, viz. A piece or parcel of meadow ground, marsh, and cripple, deemed to contain 200 acres, and adjoining Lewdon's Island, Nonsuch, and the Mill Creeks, deemed the property of Joseph Lewdon. Also a piece of marsh or meadow ground, deemed to contain 35 acres, and adjoining marshes of Zachariah Van Leuvenigh, and Alexander Harvey, deemed the property of Matthias Morton. And whereas the owners of said marsh, &c. have refused or neglected to pay to the treasurer the said rate or assessment which, according to the said act, was assessed, and laid upon the said marsh, &c. for the repairing and supporting the banks and dams aforesaid. This is to give notice, that on Saturday, the 24th instant June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dam across Nonsuch, will be exposed to public sale, to the highest bidder, for the payment of the said tax or assessment, the marshes, meadow ground, or cripple above described, or such part thereof as will be sufficient to answer the said tax, and all charges accruing thereon, by reason of the non-payment or refusal thereof. ALEXANDER HARVEY, Manager. §

York County, in Pennsylvania, June 10, 1769.

RUN away, on the 13*th of March last, from the Subscriber, at Susquehanna, near Harris's Ferry, a Negroe Man, called Will, alias William Keith; he is about* 5 *feet* 9 *Inches high, thin visaged, a little Pock-marked, not very black, about* 40 *Years old, a smooth talking Fellow, can be very mannerly, reads and writes, and is a Cooper by Trade, and is also very handy about a Farmer's House; he is well acquainted in Philadelphia, having learnt his trade there, and lived several Years ago with Dr. Graham, of that City; he had on, when he went away, a brown homespun Cloth Coat, pretty much worn, yellow Buttons; an old white Flannel Jacket, Buckskin Breeches, and an old Felt Hat. He told on the Road, that he was a free Negroe, formerly belonging to one Mr. Blunston, of Lancaster County. Whoever takes up said Slave, and secures him, so that his Master, the Subscriber, may have him again, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by*

¶ *WILLIAM CHESNEY.*

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are requested not to carry him off.

Burlington, June 12, 1769.

NOTICE is hereby given to CURTIS GRUBB, of Lancaster, in the Province of Pennsylvania, that THOMAS CASON, a Servant of his, is now in my Custody, and that he is desired to come or send soon, pay Charges, and take him away; or to inform me, whether I shall dispose of him for the same.

¶ EPHRAIM PHILIPS, *Goaler.*

To be SOLD by public vendue, at the WIDOW WILLIAMS's, at the corner of Lombard and Front-streets, on Saturday, the 24th day of June, if not sold before by private sale,

A LARGE frame chaise shed, 90 feet by 15, and will contain 18 carriages, together with a good frame shop, 20 feet by 30, and is very suitable either for a carpenter or a cabinet maker: Both these buildings are on a lot of ground 40 feet front on Second-street, and 100 feet deep, opposite to Charles Coxe's, near the corner of Union-street, subject to a ground rent of 10l. per annum. The advantageous situation, for either of the above businesses, or almost any other (it being in a public part of the city) will render it very valuable to the purchaser. Any person inclinable to purchase before the day fixed for the sale, may view the premises, and know the terms, by applying to WILLIAM SCULL, in Union-street. The buyer may have 2 months credit, on giving good security. The said Scull carries on the business of chaise and harness making, as usual, in the neatest manner. He has a warranted eight-day clock, with a neat mahogony case, which will be sold at the same time. ‡

To be LETT for a Term of Years, or SOLD,

THE Plantation of Samuel Hunter, senior, situate at Fort Hunter, in Paxton township, Lancaster county, and province of Pennsylvania, lying on the bank of Susquehanna, 7 miles above Harris's Ferry, on the road that leads to Juniata, and up the river, containing 300 acres, 100 whereof is clear, 30 acres of meadow, well watered, and under good fence; a good bearing orchard, containing 5 acres, a large garden, well pailed in, a good dwelling-house, 60 feet by 24, the one half stone, and the other walnut logs, with a large cellar under the stone end; a double geered grist-mill, over shot, fit for either country work or merchant, being about 100 yards from the dwelling-house, on a stream called East Fishing Creek, which never fails, with a still-house, two stills, and all vessels necessary for the distillery, a good barn, and 3 stables, a good spring, within 20 yards of the house, being a suitable place for either tavern or store. Likewise to be sold by the subscriber, 300 acres of land, above and joining the above lands, on East Fishing Creek, with a good dwelling-house, and a good fulling-mill, lately erected thereon, and all the utensils, with a large copper dying kettle, with a shop, and stable. For terms, apply to the subscriber, on the premises. ¶ SAMUEL HUNTER, senior.

TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED away, about eight days past, a large red and white COW, she has large horns, and Ludwig Karcher, marked on them. Whoever takes up the said cow, and brings her to LUDWIG KARCHER, in Fifth-street, near Vine-street, shall receive the above reward. *June* 7, 1769. ¶

*** The OPERA of LOVE in a VILLAGE, is put off till Monday, the Nineteenth Instant. ¶

ALL Perſons that have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Jeſſe Tyſon (late of Abington, deceaſed) are deſired to bring in their Accounts to the Subſcribers, and they may receive what is due to them; and thoſe that are indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.

WILLIAM ASHBRIDGE, } Executors.
§ JONATHAN LIVEZEY, }

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 1100 acres, for the moſt part well timbered and watered, ſituate in Suſſex county, on Delaware, within two miles of two public landings, on Muſpilion creek, from whence grain may be brought at the eaſy rate of Three-pence per buſhel to Philadelphia, it lies convenient to 3 griſt-mills, and ſeveral places of worſhip of different denominations; it will be ſold together, or divided into parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. The title is indiſputable. For Terms, apply to JOSHUA FISHER and SONS, or BENJAMIN WYNKOOP, in Philadelphia; or, WILLIAM HAZARD, at the Fork Landing, on Muſpilion, near the premiſes.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Abel Pearſon, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt the ſame, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjuſted and paid by MARY PEARSON, Adminiſtratrix. ¶

Lancaſter County, May 17, 1769.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living at Speedwell Forge, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Nicholas Forſter Hughes, he is about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, of a thin viſage, pale complexion, and has black curled hair; he is a great lover of ſtrong liquor, and very quarrelſome when drunk; had on, when he went away, an old beaver hat, lightiſh coloured nap coat, a ſpotted ſwanſkin jacket, check ſhirt, leather breeches, worſted ſtockings, and good ſhoes; perhaps he may change his name, and, as he is a very good ſcholar, it is very likely he will forge a paſs. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward, paid by me

¶ JAMES OLD.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1769.

RUN away, from on board the Brigantine Nancy, DANIEL DINGEE Maſter, from Cork, on the Morning of the 7th Inſtant, two Iriſh Servant Men, one named WILLIAM LYONS, about 5 feet 5 Inches high, and a well ſet Fellow, has a remarkable ſquinting ill Look, is ſuppoſed to have changed his Cloaths, and to appear as a Sailor; he is a Fuller and Dyer by Trade. The other named JOHN MAHER, about the ſame Height, ſmooth Face, dark Complexion, and crooked Noſe, wears his own Hair tied behind, and profeſſes to have ſerved as a Gentleman's Servant. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo that their Maſter may have them again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, or FIFTY SHILLINGS for each or either of them, and reaſonable Charges, paid by the ſaid DANIEL DINGEE, or JOSHUA FISHER and SONS. †

TEN POUNDS Reward.

ON Sunday, the 28th of May, 1769, at night, the houſe of the Subſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, was broke open, and robbed of Fifty-ſix Pounds Sixteen Shillings; the money being 4 Half Johannes's, 4 or 5 Dollars, and the reſt paper. Whoever will apprehend the perſon or perſons that took the ſame, ſo that he, ſhe, or they, may be brought to juſtice, and the money had again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by me DAVID M'CLURE. ‖

WHEREAS a certain DAVID ROBERTS, of Gwynedd townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, obtained a note of hand, for Fifty Shillings, money of Pennſylvania, from William Inger, Jacob Inger, and John Inger, jointly; to be paid the 27th of November, 1769; and two bonds, for Ten Pounds each, one of which payable the 27th of November, 1770, and the other on the 27th of November, 1771, all which ſaid obligations are dated the 11th of March, 1769, but being fraudulently obtained, we hereby forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of either of them, as we will not pay any of ſaid ſums, unleſs compelled by law.

WILLIAM INGER,
June 6, 1769. ¶ JACOB INGER,
JOHN INGER.

STRAYED or ſtolen, the 10th of May laſt, from the paſture of Harman Youngkin, at Nockamixon, in Bucks county, a black MARE, 4 years old this ſpring, paces, trots, and hand gallops, ſhod before, with old ſhoes, has a remarkable running wart at the root of her near ear, light bodied, and about 14 hands high. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have her again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have FOUR POUNDS reward, or Twenty Shillings for the mare only, and reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS BARTON, in New-Britain townſhip, or ſaid HARMAN YOUNGKIN. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 5th of this inſtant June, from the Subſcriber, living near Cohanſey Bridge, in Weſt New-Jerſey, a German ſervant man, named William Peineburg, about 45 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, has grey hair, a dark complexion, and a ſtiff walk; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a green broadcloth coat, with yellow lining and cuffs, a brown waiſtcoat, a homeſpun linen ſhirt, tow trowſers, blue yarn ſtockings, and half worn ſhoes; he took with him, a light blue half worn coat, another homeſpun linen ſhirt, a pair of thickſet breeches, and two yards of ſtriped lincey, he alſo took with him a black dog, of a middle ſize, with a ſhort cut tail, and ſome curled hair on the back. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JACOB MILLER. ‖

WHEREAS Matthew Hallowell, late of the Townſhip of Horſham, in the county of Philadelphia, hath aſſigned over to us the ſubſcribers, all his eſtate in truſt, for the Uſe of his creditors. Theſe are therefore to requeſt all perſons that have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, to meet at the houſe of Aſaph Wilſon, at the ſign of the Crooked Billet, in the Manor of Moreland, on the 19th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive their dividends of ſaid eſtate, otherwiſe be excluded from the ſame.
EZEKIEL CLEAVER, DANIEL THOMAS, Aſſignees. ‡

Carliſle, May 17, 1769.

IN purſuance of an order of Orphan's Court, held at Carliſle the 16th day of this inſtant, will be ſold by public vendue, on Tueſday, the 20th of June next, at 10 o'clock, a valuable plantation and tract of land, ſituate on Canedogwainet creek, about two miles from ſaid town, containing 160 acres, and allowance, a good dwelling-houſe, two ſtory high, a good barn, and ſtables, about 40 acres of upland clear, 35 acres of extraordinary good mowable meadow, and above 20 more may be made; the whole under good fence, the upland good, and well timbered. The plantation is now under leaſe for 4 years from the firſt of April next. The ſale will be held on the premiſes, and time given for part of the purchaſe money, being the real eſtate of Henry Cowan, deceaſed. Attendance will be given by

§ MARY COWAN, Adminiſtratrix.

Cheſter, June 1, 1769.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphan's Court for Cheſter county, will be expoſed to ſale by public vendue, on the premiſes, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on Monday, the 19th day of June inſtant, a certain meſſuage, or tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in London Grove townſhip, in the ſaid county, containing 143 acres, and the uſual allowance of 6 acres per cent. for roads, &c. be the ſame more or leſs; late the eſtate of Andrew Caldwell, deceaſed, and to be ſold by JANE CALDWELL, and ANDREW CALDWELL, Adminiſtrat. ¶

LOST in NEW-YORK,

ON Monday, May 22, 1769, a Lady's PLAIN GOLD WATCH, made in LONDON, by WEBSTER; on Back of it engraved a Lion Rampant, holding a Pen in his Paw. Whoever will bring it to the PRINTERS of this Paper, ſhall have TEN DOLLARS Reward, and no Queſtions aſked; if offered for Sale, pray ſtop it, and the Party. §

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Saturday, the 17th inſtant, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a good Virginia built ſchooner, about 10 months old, with all her ſails, &c. as ſhe now lies in Mr. Meaſes's dock, below the Drawbridge. For further particulars, apply to ſaid Meaſe, who will ſhew the veſſel, ſails, &c.

If ſecurity is given, three months credit, without intereſt, or twelve months credit, on paying intereſt, will be allowed. ‖

TO be ſold by public vendue, on Friday, the 16th inſtant June, on the premiſes, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, a plantation, containing about 22 acres, late the eſtate of JAMES LOWNES, part in Paſſyunk, and part in Moyamenſing townſhips, ſituate near Robert Smith's place, on the 5 mile road; there are on the premiſes, a large new framed houſe, a new barn, and an old dwelling houſe, a good bearing orchard, about 5 acres of meadow, and a good ſpring of water; a great part of the upland is well adapted for gardening. Part of the purchaſe money may lie on intereſt. For further particulars enquire of ISAAC SNOWDEN, EMANUEL EYRES, BENJAMIN BONSALL, GEORGE YOUNG, or RICHARD HUMPHREYS, aſſignees of ſaid LOWNES. ‡

ON the 20th day of this inſtant June, will be expoſed to SALE, by public vendue, on the premiſes, A certain plantation, and tract of land, lying and being in the townſhip of Upper Makefield, Bucks county, containing 100 acres, or upwards, being beautifully ſituated, having a houſe and barn thereon, and other buildings, likewiſe an extraordinary good orchard of grafted fruit, plenty of good meadow, well wooded and watered, &c. The payments will be made very eaſy, by the owner, JOHN SCOTT. ‖

TO be ſold, or rented, by the Subſcriber, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, on the 30th day of this inſtant June, the noted ONION's IRON-WORKS, ſituated in the county and province aforeſaid, on the head of Gunpowder river, to wit, two forges, a furnace, griſt-mill, and ſaw-mill, all of which in about 100 yards diſtance from each other, and a ſufficient number of out-houſes, ſuch as dwelling-houſes, ſmoke-houſes, chair-houſe, carpenter's, and blackſmith's ſhops, ſtables, &c. and at the head of navigable water, where flats and ſcows may carry off the iron to the town of Joppa, where large craft may receive it, which is not above one mile from ſaid works; together with about 8 or 9000 acres of land adjoining, chief of which is good farming land, and, with little expence, may be made a large quantity of good meadow; on ſaid land is great plenty of iron ore, and wood within a ſmall diſtance of ſaid works. ZACCHEUS ONION. § 756.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,
By the Subſcribers, on Monday, the 19th of June, at two o' clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

A LOT of GROUND, and a two ſtory brick HOUSE, with a good cellar under it, and two rooms on a floor, a brick kitchen, wooden ſtable, and other buildings, ſituate in Arch-ſtreet, oppoſite the Friends Burying-ground; the houſe and lot contains 20 feet in front on ſaid ſtreet, and the lot extends in depth to Cherry-alley; the whole ſubject to a yearly groundrent of Four Pounds ſterling. At the ſame time and place will alſo be ſold, a lot of marſh land on Petty's Iſland, containing 4 acres and 70 poles. Alſo, ſundry houſhold goods, conſiſting of beds, bedding, drawers, &c. &c. late the eſtate of John Gaul, deceaſed. MICHAEL BAKER, JACOB RENO, and MAGDALENE GAUL, Execut. ¶

Lower Merion, May 27, 1769.

To be ſold at public vendue, on Thurſday, the 22d day of June next, on the premiſes,

THE meſſuage and plantation formerly of Mr. Daniel Biles, deceaſed, ſituate in Merion, 7 miles diſtant from Philadelphia, containing 217 acres of land. Its ſite being, for health and proſpect, as agreeable as any place in the county; the ſoil good, and well watered, a ſufficient quantity of woodland, 12 acres of meadow, and more may be made, a large and good orchard of the beſt fruit, as apples, pears, cherries, &c. a large commodious dwelling-houſe and kitchen, with a good well of water adjoining the ſame, a large barn, barracks, and convenient ſheds for cattle, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe, over a never-failing ſpring, with many other conveniencies, ſuitable for a gentleman or farmer. A draft of the ſame may be ſeen at the London Coffee-houſe, or on the premiſes, which will be ſhewn to any perſons inclined to view the ſame before the day of ſale; the conditions whereof will be made known, and an indiſputable title given, by JENET, WILLIAM and JOHN ADDUDDLE, Execut. of WILLIAM ADDUDDLE, deceaſed. ‡

RUN away from his bail, living in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, a certain AARON YOE, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, wears his own hair; had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old felt hat, an old claret coloured coat, a country made ſhirt, and a pair of old black breeches; his other apparel unknown. Whoever takes up ſaid perſon, and ſecures him, ſo that the Subſcribers (who are his bail in ſeveral actions) may get him again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings Pennſylvania currency reward, paid by

§ THOMAS WRIGHT,
April 26, 1769. WILLIAM YOE.

TO be SOLD, a three ſtory brick houſe and lot, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, near the corner of Second-ſtreet, containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, 16 feet 6 inches, including a 3 feet alley, over which the houſe is built, and in length 102 feet. The houſe is 36 feet deep, with a brick kitchen, one ſtory, and a ſmall apartment, two ſtories high, between the houſe and kitchen; there is alſo at the end of ſaid lot, a 2 ſtory brick tenement, 16 feet by 15; bounded northward by Benjamin Hooton's lot, eaſtward by Hugh Hodge's houſe and lot, and weſtward by the houſe and lot now in the tenure of the widow Coombes; ſubject to a groundrent of 12l. currency per annum, and is inſured for 7 years. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH REDMAN, in Market-ſtreet, or Dr. JOHN REDMAN, in Second-ſtreet.

GOOD HEMP,
To be SOLD, by
JOSEPH PEMBERTON,
On the North Side of RACE-STREET, the third Door from the Corner of THIRD-STREET. †5s. Tbc.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living on Kent-Iſland, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, the 9th of May inſtant, at night, two ſervant men, viz. John Jennings, a convict, by trade a ſhoemaker; and Benjamin Webber, an indented ſervant, a weaver by trade; ſaid Jennings is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, of a thin viſage, has a ſcar acroſs his left cheek, has thin brown hair, freſh cut on the crown, but may have it cut off, is fond of ſtrong liquor, and when drunk is very bold; both of them are Engliſhmen, born in or near Coventry; Jennings took a pair of leather breeches, patched, and ſewed with white thread, a bearſkin jacket, made in a plain manner, a bearſkin great coat, almoſt new, of a light cloth colour, old hat, a pair of new ſhoes that do not fit him, and other things unknown; it is probable they may change their dreſs and names, and I do expect they have a forged paſs or diſcharge, on ſome aſſignment or indenture. Benjamin Webber has a bearſkin jacket, made in a plain manner, a bearſkin ſurtout, mended on the elbows with another ſort of cloth, white hoſe, his ſhoes have been lately ſoaled, with other things unknown. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal in this province, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, current money, for Jennings, and Forty Shillings for Webber, and if out of the province Six Pounds for Jennings, and Four Pounds for Webber, and reaſonable charges, if brought to Queen's-Town goal, paid by

¶ BENJAMIN KIREY.

N. B. Jennings took with him a good ſett of ſhoe-maker's tools and ſome leather; I forewarn all maſters of veſſels taking them on board.

Juſt imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, and other Veſſels, from LONDON, by

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

And now ſelling at his Shop in Second-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet,

A NEAT aſſortment of China, glaſs, cream coloured, flint, Nottingham and delph wares, conſiſting of CHINA diſhes, table plates, variety of tea and coffee cups and ſaucers, blue and white, burnt, enamelled and penciled; cuſtard cups, Nankin breakfaſt ſetts; a genteel tea table ſett, enamelled; tea pots, jarrs and beakers; a large aſſortment of bowls, from 3 quarts to half pints, great choice of right tavern bowls; and a very neat tureen and diſh, blue and white. CREAM COLOURED fruit plates and ſtands, leaves and ſcollop ſhells of different ſizes, extremely neat, bread baſkets, diſhes and covers, ſugar bowls, pierced and plain, ſallad diſhes, water jugs, tureens, cheeſe-toaſters and warming pans, candleſticks, new pattern, and well proportioned; ſauce boats, garden pots, pierced deſert plates, coffee pots, flower pots, prints for blanc-mangée, and baking diſhes of all ſizes. WHITE STONE plates, plain and figured edges, ſome of a very ſuperior quality, quart, pint, and half pint mugs and bowls, coffee cups and ſaucers, chamber pots, enamelled bowls, and cups and ſaucers, NOTTINGHAM pudding diſhes, bowls, jugs and mugs. DELF bowls in great variety, plain and coloured plates, painted bottles and baſons, chamber pots, and ſugar diſhes. Some very neat *Red China* tea and water pots, marbled and gilt ditto. GLASS decanters and muſtard pots, with plain and ground ſtoppers, plain, enamelled and engraved wines, very cheap, wine and water rummers, ſalts, cut and plain, cream jugs, with feet and without, cruits, flowered tumblers, and many other articles, the whole of the beſt quallty, highly finiſhed in an excellent taſte, and at very reaſonable prices.

Black lead pencils of all ſizes and prices, Durnford and London pins, Whitechapel and common needles, ſorted, pocket looking-glaſſes, *horn and ivory muſtard ſpoons*, and an aſſortment of cutlery, wholeſale and retail.

IMPORTED, and to be ſold low for caſh, by
RICHARD PARKER,
In Third-ſtreet, the fifth door above Market-ſtreet,

CALICOES, ſtriped perſians, maſqueraded Bengals, China and Engliſh taffeties, ſilk damaſks, ſaggathies, fuſtians, durants, ſhaloons, calimancoes, camblets, poplins, allopeens, damaſks, everlaſtings, broadcloths, Jerman ſerges, ſtrouds, halfthicks, flannels, emboſſed ſerges, ſpotted ſwanſkins, red long ells, carpeting, Iriſh linens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, Ruſſia drillings, Flanders bed ticks, bed bunts, yd. wd. and 7-8ths cotton and linen checks, yd. and 3-8ths ditto, 3-qr. ditto, dowlaſes, princes linens, ozenbrigs, a variety of ſtampt handkerchiefs, ſilk and cotton romals, ſpotted bandanoes, flowered ditto, breeches patterns, cotton velvet ſhapes, ſilk valure ditto, hair ſhapes, wrought nankeen ditto, ſewing ſilks, a large aſſortment of ribbons, ferrets, coloured threads, white and brown ditto, Scotch and Nuns ditto, bobbins and tapes, mohair, ſilk and hair, ſcarf, twiſt and horſe hair buttons, white and yellow metal ditto, lacquered and double gilt ditto, horn ditto, mens and womens horſe whips, chaiſe whips, whip laſhes, writing paper, ſealing wax, wafers, receipt books, pocket books, temple ſpectacles, ſnuff in bladders, ditto in bottles, black, blue, green, buff, ſcarlet and cloth coloured mohair, ſilk and hair, beſt ſcarf, twiſt, cords, broad and narrow worſted bindings, galloon and ſtay cord, bed lace, nonſopretties, pins, common needles, Whitechapel and ſquare ditto, darning and looping ditto, knitting needles, keerby perch hooks, rock ditto, fiſhing rods, ditto reels, ivory and horn combs, ditto in caſes, beſt HV double wormed gimblets, common ditto, ſadlery, braſs cocks, candleſticks, ſnuff boxes, braſs ink pots, leather ditto, curtain rings, key ditto, taylors ſhears, ſciſſars, locks and hinges, eſcutcheons, wood ſcrews, tenter hooks, ſteel and braſs thimbles, pinchbeck ditto, ſtay hooks, white and yellow metal ſleeve buttons, glaſs ſet ditto, pinchbeck gilt ditto, ſilver watches, ſilvered watch chains, ſteel and pinchbeck ditto, ſteel watch keys, ſeals, piſtol capt penknives, cutteaus, Barlow penknives, ſeal end ditto, caſt-ſteel razors, carpenters and ſhoemakers hammers, pinchers, nippers, tacks and awl blades, Indian ditto, pinchbeck, ſteel, whitemetal and braſs ſhoe and knee buckles, buckle chapes, ſtock buckles, hoes and axes, ſcale beams, flat irons, box irons, wool and cotton cards, jack cards, chimney tile, braſs wire, boxes of tin plates, ſcythes and ſickles, bar lead, pidgeon ſhot, duck and ſwan ditto, window glaſs, braſs kettles, warming pans, coffee pots, pewter, tin ware, japanned, gilt and plain, French indigo, red chalk, bohea tea, nutmegs, cinnamon, brimſtone, black lead, vermillion, ſtone ware in crates, delf ware, lanthorns, beſt oil flints, foot rules, joint yards, bottled port and claret, old Madeira wines, &c. &c. &c.

Philadelphia, May 18, 1769.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

ONE undivided third part of Elizabeth Furnace, in Lancaſter county, and of the lands thereunto belonging, containing 11,124 acres.

One undivided third part of Charming Forge, in Berks county, and of the lands belonging to it, containing 4220 acres; there is an inexhauſtible quantity of the beſt ore belonging to theſe works, and wood ſufficient to ſupply them for any time to come.

Two hundred acres of good land in Lancaſter county, unimproved, near Harris's ferry.

A valuable plantation in Huntington townſhip, York county, containing 520 acres of land; on this place are erected, a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, and other out-houſes; there are 150 acres of good meadow on this place, part of which is cleared.

Six thouſand ſeven hundred acres of very good land in the county of Cumberland.

A houſe and lot in the town of Reading, which now letts for Eight Pounds per annum.

Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the above eſtate, or any part thereof, may enquire for further particulars of the Subſcriber, at his houſe, in Market-ſtreet,

3 M. ALEXANDER STEDMAN.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

June 22, 1769. NUMB. 2113.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 1.

MONITOR XI.

My dear Countrymen,

ANIMATED with the ſincereſt zeal for your proſperity and happineſs, founded, as they inevitably are, on the preſervation of our liberties, I have been attentively watching the courſe of events, at this dangerous period, and obtaining the beſt intelligence from Britain, that I might reſume my office of laying before you the intentions of thoſe, who would by fraud or force annihilate our free conſtitution.

I can now furniſh you with ſuch an account of things from the moſt authentic information, as will, I humbly conceive, perſuade you, that the moſt fatal meaſures are meditated and executing againſt the liberties of America; meaſures which we are called upon, by every thing ſacred and dear to us, to fruſtrate by a firm and unanimous oppoſition.

On the firſt day of this ſeſſion of Parliament, Mr. Hans Stanley, a Miniſterial man, in ſeconding the motion for an addreſs to the King, declared, that the late duty-act was laid expreſly to bring the queſtion of right to a deciſion, and that care had been taken to draw the troops from the frontiers to the great towns, to inſure its ſucceſs.

My Lord North, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, gave it, as his opinion, that they ought to have America proſtrate at their feet, before they even deigned to liſten to her complaints.

In both Houſes of Parliament, every falſe and inflammatory letter, from Governor Bernard, and the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, is preſented, peruſed, and heard with applauſe; while every thing, that might detect them, and vindicate us, is carefully ſuppreſſed; a fate which has alſo attended our Petition, Memorial and Remonſtrance. It is not, that the Parliament is unacquainted with the exiſtence of ſuch papers, but the Miniſtry informs the Lords and Commons, they do not think proper to preſent them, unleſs called for; at the ſame time they are ſecure of a majority againſt any ſuch motion. By this manœuvre they artfully ſecure themſelves from any future Parliamentary cenſure; and withhold that evidence, which would manifeſt the fallacy of their repreſenting the oppoſition in America as partial and factious.

The ſentiments at Court, it may be depended on, are moſt unfavourable to our rights; and no one is countenanced there, who does not echo abſolute ſubmiſſion in the ſubject.

With the preſent Miniſters, every pernicious tale-bearer, from America, is heard, applauded and believed; every relator of truth heard, indeed, but not credited. The agent for the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, was directed to preſent a petition from the Dulaware Counties; which, when he preſented, the Secretary of State received, with this obſervation; I ſuppoſe, Sir, this was drawn up at ſome Coffee-houſe in Philadelphia, and ſent down for them to ſign. Such is the manner, in which the conſtitutional complaints of the people are treated.

In the merchants and manufacturers we can have no hope, but as we make them *feel*; ſince otherwiſe, they move only to pay their court to the Miniſtry, and for that reaſon have been quiet this ſeſſion, and immovable by all the efforts of the friends to America.

That you may judge how little benefit we are to expect from any change of Miniſtry, I will give you a ſhort character of the contending parties, from which an arbitrarily inclined Court, will always ſelect a Miniſtry adapted to its purpoſes. Theſe parties are diſtinguiſhed by the names of their leaders, into that of Bedford, Rockingham, Grenville and Shelburne. The firſt is now in power, men abandoned in morals, deſperate in fortunes, and deſpicable in abilities; but devoted to the moſt arbitrary deſigns of the Court, which they are purſuing with ſuch blind zeal, as muſt ſoon and inevitably work the ruin of the conſtitution, or of themſelves. Theſe are avowed and violent enemies to the liberties of Great-Britain, as well as of America. The Rockingham party are friends to trade, to the liberty and happineſs of the people; but to the *ſupport of the right of Parliament over* US, *they are firm*, though in the execution they would be more temperate than the former, or than the Grenvillian party, which, without virtue or ability, has too much cunning to attempt any thing againſt Great-Britain, but are with art, obſtinacy and reſentment, eagerly ſoliciting an opportunity of wreaking their vengeance on us. Mr. Grenville's party is therefore in violent oppoſition to the preſent Miniſtry, on every queſtion but that of America. The laſt party, led by our firm and unalterable friend Lord Shelburne, are the only men, who, on the great ground of liberty and the conſtitution, ſtill think and maintain, the Parliament has no right to tax us; they are true friends to both countries on virtuous principles, and in a Court more favourable to the liberty of the ſubject, might hope for countenance and opportunity to ſave the conſtitution from ruin, and the people from oppreſſion. But at preſent, there is little proſpect of their ever gaining ſuch aſcendency in adminiſtration, as will enable them to compleat their benevolent purpoſes; ſo that all we can expect from them, is to declaim, without ceaſing, againſt meaſures they cannot prevent. We have ſeen Lord Shelburne in adminiſtration; but ſingle againſt all the foes of America, therefore incapable of ſtemming the oppreſſive torrent.

Such, my countrymen, is the true ſtate of affairs in Great-Britain, from which I cannot but obſerve, that the preſervation of our liberties depends wholly upon your wiſdom, reſolution and virtue. How invaluable a poſſeſſion liberty is, how eſſential to the ſecurity of every bleſſing you can hope to enjoy yourſelves, or bequeath to your poſterity, has been already ſo fully explained, that I need not dwell upon it now; nor will I entertain a doubt, that any among you will tamely ſee it violated, or heſitate to oppoſe, whenever it ſhall be invaded. The eyes of all Europe are now turned upon America, and the friends to freedom expect ſuch a conduct from you, as becomes a people animated with the ſacred ſpirit of liberty, and impreſſed with a juſt ſenſe of your conſtitutional rights. That the *means of vindicating your inſulted liberties* are in your power, cannot be doubted; and I hope time will juſtify me in thinking, your *reſolution* to uſe them, is equally unqueſtionable.

Mr. RIND,

SIR,

Be pleaſed to inſert the following lines in your next Gazette, and oblige your friend, BRUTUS.

My dear Countrymen,

THE times indeed are big with danger and alarm; and we ſtand upon the precipice of ruin and miſery. We are therefore called upon by reaſon, prudence, and a tender regard for our poſterity, to uſe the means which nature hath given us, to provide for our ſafety. Let us put on a reſolution equal to the mighty occaſion: Let us exert a ſpirit worthy of *Britons*, worthy of freemen, who deſerve liberty. Let all thoſe who have a common intereſt in the public ſafety, join in common meaſures to defend the public ſafety. We have now an opportunity of reſcuing the conſtitution, and ſettling it upon a firm and ſolid baſis. Let us not then ceaſe our endeavours, until we have accompliſhed that deſirable end. We claim nothing new; we deſire nothing more than the privileges of *Britiſh ſubjects*, the continuance of that conſtitution which we have long and peaceably enjoyed.

No government can long ſubſiſt, but by recurring often to its firſt principles. The prevailing principle of our government is *virtue*. If we would be happy, we muſt be more attentive to it than we hitherto have been: By that only can liberty be preſerved; and on the preſervation of liberty depends our happineſs. By *virtue* I here mean a love for our country, which makes us purſue, with alacrity, ſuch meaſures as tend to its preſervation; and chearfully reſiſt the temptations of eaſe and luxury, with which liberty is incompatible. For luxury and idleneſs bring on a general depravation of manners, which ſets us looſe from all the reſtraints of both private and public virtue, and diverts our thoughts from examining the behaviour and politics of artful and deſigning men, who meditate our ruin, and would ſacrifice their country for their private emolument. From immorality and exceſſes we fall into neceſſity, and this leads us to a ſervile dependance upon power, and fits us for the chains prepared for us.

Whilſt we live at eaſe, and in luxury, we cannot be perſuaded to ſee diſtant dangers, of which we feel no part. The conjunctures, then, proper for reformations in government, are when men are awakened by misfortunes, and ſenſible of the approach of preſent evils. Such, my countrymen, is the preſent conjuncture; and we may turn our misfortunes to our advantage, if we will conſider our oppreſſion as an opportunity given us by indulgent Providence to ſave ourſelves. The meaſures, for this end, propoſed by our late Repreſentatives in their aſſociation, are wiſe and ſalutary. We ſhould adopt them without heſitation. They greatly deſerve our attention; and the example is worthy of imitation. They ſhould know that we approve their conduct; and our approbation of it cannot be ſo well manifeſted, as by purſuing the meaſures they have preſcribed. Whoever will reflect on the means uſed to procure a repeal of the *Stamp-Act*, and the good effects which reſulted therefrom, will ſurely perceive the propriety of the preſent aſſociation, and admit the neceſſity for ſuch a conduct. Similar cauſes will undoubtedly produce like effects. If a regard to our own manufactures, and a reſolution not to import thoſe of *Britain*, until that act was repealed, did then avail us, the ſucceſs of the preſent meaſure is warranted; and nothing more is requiſite, but an unfeigned and unanimous exertion of our powers to execute it. Let the contention among us be, then, who ſhall moſt contribute to promote ſo ſalutary a purpoſe. Let us not foolihly neglect the invitation of Heaven to be happy. But let us from this moment purſue our real intereſt, and reſolve to pay that attention to the manufactures of our own country, which alone can continue us a free and happy people.

Mr. RIND,

I AM told that ſince the diſſolution of the late Aſſembly, a large number of Gentlemen have come into a reſolution not to buy or import from Great-Britain, after a limited time, certain enumerated articles, among which is cloth, not to be higher in price than Eight Shillings a yard: I ſhall be glad to know why that cannot be wholly laid aſide. Perhaps the anſwer will be, that there is not wool ſufficient in the country to clothe the inhabitants; a very plauſible anſwer. But have we no ſubſtitute? Will not cotton, made into cloth, anſwer every purpoſe of duroy and ſaggathy for the ſummer, and will not deer ſkins make as good and commendable waiſtcoats as they do breeches? Both theſe articles we have in ſuch plenty, as to make up all the deficiency of wool, and beſide, by wearing of leather manufactured in America, we ſhall kill a bird or two more with the ſame ſtone, for the leather-dreſſer, the breeches-maker, and the glove-maker, will all want buſineſs, and who knows but here and there, a collector may want a little buſineſs alſo, as there will be no duties to receive. BUCKSKIN.

LONDON, March 28.

The following Addreſs has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Earl of Denbigh: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgeſſes of Leiceſter, in Common-Council aſſembled.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

POSSESSED with a juſt value of our happy conſtitution, and animated with a lively and active gratitude for your Majeſty's conſtant and inviolable attachment to it, we ſee and feel, with the utmoſt concern and abhorrence, the bewitching ſpirit of licentiouſneſs, under the ſacred name of liberty, diſturbing the peace of your Majeſty's government, diſquieting and diſtracting the minds of your Majeſty's loyal ſubjects.

As this diſagreeable appearance of things, in the mild reign of a moſt gracious Prince, cannot but raiſe our aſtoniſhment and deteſtation; we dutifully and firmly rely on your Majeſty's wiſdom and reſolution for the exertion of ſuch meaſures as may ſuppreſs the growing evil of licentiouſneſs, and with the greateſt humility and loyalty we devote to your Majeſty, in ſo good a cauſe, our lives and properties."

Philadelphia, June 1, 1769.

WHEREAS the Partnerſhip of FRANKLIN and HALL, of this City Printers, has now been expired above three Years, and tho' Notice has been often given to thoſe indebted to pay, yet, as little or no Regard has been paid thereto, they are obliged (as their Accounts muſt be cloſed) once more to let all concerned know, that if they do not come and clear off their reſpective Ballances for the Gazette, Advertiſements, and other Printing Buſineſs, in two Months from this Date, they will be under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of bringing them to ſettle in a Manner that will be troubleſome to them, as well as to

FRANKLIN and HALL.

Philadelphia, June 22, 1769.

ALL Perſons indebted to DAVID HALL, for Books, or other Stationary, are requeſted to pay. And whereas a Number of Perſons have greatly exceeded the Time they propoſed to ſettle with him in, Notice is hereby given to them in particular, that if they do not pay off their reſpective Accounts, in two Months from this Date, they may expect to be called upon in another Manner, by DAVID HALL.

ON Tueſday, the 4th of July next, at One o' Clock in the Afternoon, will begin the Sale, at public Vendue, at Peele Hall, on Wiſſahickon Road, of all the Houſhold and Kitchen Furniture of the late Captain William Dowell, deceaſed, conſiſting of great Variety; alſo all the live Stock on the Farm, and Implements of Huſbandry. *Philadelphia, June* 17, 1769. ¶

Francfort, June 15, 1769.

ABSCONDED, from the Subſcriber, the 29th of May laſt, a certain John Bradley, an Engliſhman, about 6 feet high, dark complexion, thin viſaged, very ſlim, and wore his own hair; had on a brown cloth jacket, double breaſted, a ſtriped linen ditto, cloth breeches, a pair of ticken ditto, worſted ſtockings, and calfſkin pumps; took with him, a bay HORSE, 4 years old, with a ſtar in his forehead, about 14 hands high, paces and trots; likewiſe an old ſaddle, with a new pad, and a ſnaffle bridle. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Bradley, and Horſe, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, or Thirty Shillings for the man, and Thirty Shillings for the horſe, with reaſonable charges, paid by

† JOSEPH THORNHILL.

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber,

Living in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Market-ſtreets,

A PLANTATION, containing 200 acres of good land, ſituated about two miles from the Croſs-Roads, in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, one half of which is choice wood land, 25 acres good watered meadow, and the remainder cleared land; there is on ſaid plantation, a large 2 ſtory brick houſe, brick kitchen, a good barn, and ſtables, covered with cedar, an exceeding good ſpring and ſpring-houſe, very convenient to the houſe, and a good grift and ſaw-mill, within half a mile of ſaid place; alſo a large good garden, well paled in, and a large fine orchard, containing about 600 apple trees of the very beſt kinds, and a great number of Engliſh and other cherry trees. The title to the whole is indiſputable. The purchaſer, by paying one third of the purchaſe money down, or leſs, may have any time under ten years for the remainder; for terms of agreement, apply to Captain John Singleton, near Newark, or the Subſcriber, GEORGE M'DOWELL.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from Lancaſter, on the 3d of November laſt, from the Subſcriber, living in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Jeremiah Hairliky, by trade a taylor, has much of the brogue on his tongue, is about 5 feet 7 inches high, full faced, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, fair ſhort hair, an impudent look, and red complexion; had on, when he went away, a blue coat, lined with the ſame colour, jacket and breeches of the ſame, check ſhirt, brown ribbed ſtockings, new ſhoes, with buckles, and a new felt hat; he is a tolerable good ſcholar, and probably may forge a paſs. He was lately imported on board the ſhip Myrtilla, Captain Caton, from Cork. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

‖ 7ſ6. GEORGE M'DOWELL.

FRANCIS SANDERSON,

COPPER-SMITH, in Lancaſter,

MAKES, and ſells, all kinds of copper work; ſuch as ſtills, fiſh, and waſhing kettles, brewing kettles, tea ditto, ſaucepans, coffee and chocolate pots, Dutch ovens, &c. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend upon being well ſerved; and as cheap as can be made by any perſon. Said Sanderſon carries on the ſame buſineſs in York Town, oppoſite Michael Swoop's, Eſq; where people who have a mind to apply may be ſupplied, on as reaſonable Terms as at Philadelphia, or Lancaſter.

N. B. He gives the higheſt price for old copper, braſs, pewter, or lead. ‖ 6 W.

Suſſex County, on Delaware.

ON the ſixth day of June inſtant, was taken up a Negroe BOY, by John Wood, of Lewis Town, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway, and committed to the goal of the county aforeſaid; and upon examination, he is found to anſwer every deſcription (except his cloathing, which he ſays is changed) of a boy advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, No. 2110, by John Brockenbrough, of Hobb's-Hole, in Virginia. His maſter may have him again, by applying to

¶ BOAZ MANLOVE, Sheriff.

WAS found, on Sunday morning, the 14th of May laſt, in the great road near Plymouth Meeting-houſe, a POCKET BOOK, with a ſmall ſum of money in it. The owner, by deſcribing the book, and the money therein, and paying the coſt, may have it again, by applying to THOMAS BLACKLEDGE, in Plymouth townſhip, Philadelphia county. ¶

RUN away, laſt night, from the Subſcriber, living in Monmouth county, Eaſt New-Jerſey, an indented ſervant man, who calls himſelf WILLIAM KELLY, he is a yellow fellow, part Indian, and part Negroe, about 40 years of age, a well made ſtrong fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; had on, when he went away, an old beaver hat, a homeſpun light-coloured cloth jacket, under ditto of the ſame, ſtriped flannel ſhirt, old leather breeches, old yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes; has a large ſcar on the outſide of his right leg, cut by a ſcythe, is much given to drink, and is very talkative. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by *June* 15, 1769. JOS. SALTAR. §

Lancaſter County, June 4, 1769.

RUN away, laſt night, from the Subſcriber, living in Donegall townſhip, and county aforeſaid, an Engliſh ſervant man, named Joſeph Pearſon, about 19 or 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, of a fair complexion, grey eyes, brown hair, walks very wide, and limps with his left leg; had on, and took with him, an old aſh coloured cloth coat and jacket, home made, an old beaver hat, one tow ſhirt, one hemp ditto, and trowſers, old ſhoes, tied with ſtrings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, in ſaid province, and ſends word, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall or may receive Three Pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges, from DANIEL HAINS. ¶

{ *For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.* }

By Captain HALL, *arrived at Boſton in ſix Weeks from London, we have the following Advices, viz.*

LONDON, *April* 18.

THE Houſe of Commons ſat, on Saturday laſt, from noon till two o' clock yeſterday morning.

The 4 city members were *all* of one opinion on a late occaſion.

Yeſterday morning the freeholders of Middleſex met at the Mile-End Aſſembly-Room, according to the advertiſement for that purpoſe. The room was as full as it could be crowded, and it is computed to hold about 2500. All the avenues to the houſe were thronged, and above 5000 people were aſſembled in the road before it. At 12 John Sawbridge, Eſq; member for Keith, in Kent, was called to the chair, and declared the intention of the meeting. James Townſend, Eſq; member for Weſtlooe, in Cornwall, in a very elegant and animated ſpeech, deplored the neceſſity of ſeeking out ſome new remedy for a new grievance: A grievance which till this period no King, no miniſter, no enemy, no power on earth, ever laid upon this kingdom, ſince it received the name of England.

With the greateſt force and conviction from law, hiſtory, and the natural rights of mankind, he aſſerted the privilege of repreſentation to the people. He declared himſelf ready to run every riſque, and to undergo every ſuffering, to preſerve this invaluable bleſſing to his countrymen, and that he would never tamely ſubmit to offer up his liberty at the ſhrine of any miniſter, or earthly potentate or power. He concluded with a wiſh, that ſome freeholders would propoſe a plan that might ſerve to confirm to us the rights (if there are any) that ſtill remain unviolated, and to recover thoſe which have been violently and unjuſtly taken from us, eſpecially that important leading right, on which all others depend---the right of election.

The Rev. Mr. Horne then made a motion, That a Committee of *Grievances* and *Apprehenſions* be appointed to take the ſame into conſideration, particularly the preſent alarming attack made on the right of election, and at the next general meeting to propoſe the proper conſtitutional meaſures to be taken for redreſs.

He ſupported his motion by many ſtrong and convincing arguments, and it was carried, *Nem. Con.* The Chairman, in putting the queſtion, declaring his entire approbation of it.

------ Adair, Eſq; George Bellas, Eſq; and many others, ſpoke in ſupport of the following motions, which were likewiſe carried, *Nem. Con.*

II. That the Committee conſiſt of 100 freeholders.

III. That Walpole Eyre, Eſq; be Chairman of the ſaid Committee.

IV. That George Bellas, Eſq; be Deputy-Chairman.

V. That the future meeting of the Committee of the county, be called by advertiſement in the public papers, ſigned by the Chairman, or Deputy-Chairman.

A gentleman, well verſed in the changes of the weather, ſays, that in all probability the enſuing will be a *very hot* ſummer, and that great numbers will be carried off.

As ſome felons were lately carrying to execution, they were bawling out Wilkes, and liberty; a gentleman, paſſing by, aſked them what they had to do with Wilkes, when they were to be hanged in half an hour? "Ah, ſir, ſaid they, we wiſh he were our *Repreſentative*."

A certain ſpirited gentleman, we are told, yeſterday, at Mile-End, declared that he was determined, on his part (and hoped that it was the intentions of the whole company) to exert himſelf in making decent and proper remonſtrances againſt the oppreſſive meaſures, as he termed them, that had been lately practiſed; but that if ſuch applications had not effect, he was determined, he ſaid, to oppoſe them, if he dyed his black coat red.

The H. of C. have agreed to the amendments made to the bill for an agreement with the Eaſt India company.

The H. of C. which was very full yeſterday, continued ſitting very late, and met again this day.

Yeſterday the Houſe had under their conſideration, the return of the writ for the county of Middleſex, and adhered to their former reſolution, finding Mr. Wilkes incapable of being choſen a member of that Houſe; a motion was made to delay the further conſideration of this affair till Monday, but on diviſion, 207 to 115, it was carried to proceed to-morrow.

April 20. Yeſterday in the afternoon Col. Luttrell took the oaths, and his ſeat in the Houſe of Commons, as Knight of the Shire for the county of Middleſex.

It is ſaid that Lord Irnham (an Iriſh Lord, and father of Lieut. Col. Luttrell, the *new made* member for Middleſex) will be created an Engliſh Peer; and that his ſon will be appointed Colonel of the firſt vacant regiment, a promotion that will not vacate his ſeat in parliament.

The favourite toaſt of the day is, "May the freeholders of this kingdom hold their Tenures as long as their lives, and tranſmit them unimpaired to their lateſt poſterity!"

The militia of this kingdom was made perpetual on the 12th current. It is remarkable the M---ſt-y were all for it.

An incendiary letter, it is ſaid, was yeſterday ſent to a Right Honourable perſon in a high ſtation, enumerating many encroachments pretended to have been made on the liberties of the ſubject for theſe three or four years paſt, and adviſing more circumſpection for the future, or in all probability another g*****l R*******n would happen.

About 7000 troops are now lying in diſguiſe, like Mr. Bayes's, in the invirons of London: All the difference is, that the innkeepers were his friends; it is imagined the preſent landlords are not ſo to the above troops.

It is now ſaid with certainty, that a naval promotion will take place in July next, when the following number of officers of each rank will be made, viz. 6 Admirals, 12 Poſt Captains, 12 Maſters and Commanders, and 18 Lieutenants.

When Mr. Wilkes was at Serjeants-Inn, Mr. Serjeant Glynn, who was in the chambers, ſent a compliment to deſire his company to drink a diſh of coffee, being too lame to wait upon him, but the Marſhal would not give permiſſion.

When Mr. Wilkes took refuge, on Thurſday night laſt, at the Crown and Anchor Tavern, the moment he opened the glaſs door in the paſſage to go in, he met Mr. Martin, the gentleman whom he fought a duel with ſome time ago; they behaved with great politeneſs to each other, and parted very good friends.

A Lady of high rank, being aſked on Sunday laſt what ſhe tho't of the preſent miniſtry; replied, "I am no judge of ſuch things."

We hear that a Lady of great conſequence loſt the ſum of 25,000l. a few nights ago at the game of hazard.

Tueſday was paid Mr. Wilkes's firſt fine of 500l. for republiſhing the North Briton, No. 45.

Col. Luttrell's hat was not lined with ſteel, as mentioned in one of the public papers, but it was lined with leather, dried and baked ſo hard and compact, as to be able to reſiſt the heavieſt blow from a bludgeon, and at the ſame time to be impenetrable to the ſharpeſt ſword.

April 25. The appointment of a Biſhop in America, is, we hear, ſettled; the perſon, as yet, unknown; the reſidence, Albany.

We hear that a conſiderable penſion will be ſettled on a certain Governor in America, as a reward for his faithful ſervices.

April 26. On Monday a grand Committee was held at the Cockpit, Whitehall, on affairs (ſaid to be of great importance) relative to America; moſt of the great officers of ſtate aſſiſted.

Many inſtruments, it is ſaid, are now employed by the Court party, to draw over a certain Chief Magiſtrate, whoſe conduct has hitherto acquired him not only the eſteem, but the public thanks of the Corporation over whom he has the honour to preſide.

It cannot but give a general alarm at this criſis of affairs between us and our colonies, to find that the government has contracted for 6000 barrels of tar to be ſent to London, from Hamburgh and Dantzick, at the exorbitant price of Fifteen Shillings and Ninepence per barrel, when there is one merchant at this preſent moment, who has now in his warehouſe in London, and has actually offered to the government the ſame quantity of North-American tar at half that price, and which in every reſpect is of a much better quality.

April 27. Her Majeſty, among other examples to all mothers, has forbid the uſe of white bread to any of her Royal Iſſue, and it is obſerved that no children are more healthy.

The petition intended to be preſented, it is ſaid, is likely to meet with a warm reception, as the friends to Ad---------n have induſtriouſly propagated a report, that they are all prepared, come when they will.

Mr. Francis Lucas, is promoted to the rank of a Lieutenant in the navy, and is appointed to his Majeſty's ſhip Romney.

The following bill was ſtuck up on Sunday morning laſt, on one of the pillars of the Portico of St. Martin's church, in the fields; the prayers of this congregation are earneſtly deſired to implore the divine mercy to ſend us peace and ſafety through theſe realms, to confound the meaſures of the weak and the wicked miniſters, to ſhorten their days of power, and to turn the hearts of an obſtinate--------.

An eminent lawyer, no leſs admired for his great abilities than his goodneſs of heart, has declared, that ſome certain meaſures lately taken, are intirely inconſiſtent with the conſtitutional intereſt of this country.

All conſiderate men are fearful of the conſequences which the preſent public diſputes may produce; and heartily wiſh that both ſides had not carried matters ſo far, as to render it very difficult for either to retract.

We hear one of the Sheriffs is, on Wedneſday next, to preſent the petition of the Middleſex freeholders to the King, and that he will be attended with 3000 electors of this county, and very probably by a retinue of another denomination, not leſs in number than 100,000.

April 28. Juſt as this paper was going to preſs, we received the following account of the Mile-End meeting from the committee.

At a meeting of the freeholders of Middleſex yeſterday at the Mile-End aſſembly room, James Adair, Eſq; in the chair, a petition was propoſed from the committee of grievances and apprehenſions, and read by George Bellas, Eſq; deputy chairman of the committee, it was received with univerſal applauſe, and agreed to without one diſſenting voice. John Sawbridge, and James Townſend, Eſquires, were the only gentlemen who ſpoke to it. Several ſhort-hand writers were obſerved in the room, on which Mr. Townſend declared, that he was neither aſhamed nor afraid of ſpeaking the truth in any place, but thought it improper that this petition ſhould be given to the public before it had been preſented to his Majeſty, and therefore deſired that no perſon would write it down: He made an apology for Mr. Glynn's abſence, owing to the gout; but informed them, that Mr. Glynn had been preſent at the committee, and had expreſſed at the ſame time his approbation of the petition, and his willingneſs to convey it to his Majeſty, if the freeholders ſhould think proper to honour him with their commands for that purpoſe. The thanks of the meeting were given to Walpole Eyre, Eſq; chairman, and George Bellas, Eſq; deputy-chairman of the committee; to John Sawbridge, and James Townſend, Eſquires, for the part they had taken in this buſineſs, and to Mr. Horne, for his great trouble, care, and judgment, in drawing up and preparing the petition, and to the reſt of the committee.----It was then reſolved, that John Glynn, Eſq; Walpole Eyre, Eſq; George Bellas, Eſq; James Adair, Eſq; John Sawbridge, Eſq; James Townſend, Eſq; the Rev. Dr. Wilſon, George Preſcot, Eſq; Arnold Wallinger, Eſq; and Francis Ayſcough, Eſq; be deſired to wait upon his Majeſty with the ſaid petition. Mr. Townſend deſired that it might be underſtood, that no other freeholder ſhould attend the delivering of this petition, becauſe it might give a pretence to adminiſtration, to play their old game, and miſrepreſent to his Majeſty an act of their innocent curioſity as tumult, inſurrection, and open rebellion. The petition was ſigned by upwards of 500 freeholders; many others finding it difficult to get to the table, reſerved themſelves to another opportunity of ſigning it.

It is reported that the reaſon of Mr. Wilkes not having publickly addreſſed the freeholders ſince his being declared (the laſt time) incapable of ſitting during this parliament, is, that the freeholders having reſolved to enquire into, and legally aſſert their own rights, it was no longer his cauſe, but theirs.

Yeſterday upwards of thirty gentlemen of the Livery waited on the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, with a paper, ſigned by them, ſignifying, that they apprehended the liberties of the Freeholders of the county of Middleſex have been violated, by a rejection of their Member to Parliament, who has been repeatedly and legally choſen by a great majority; and alſo mentioning other grievances they ſuſtain, and apprehend: Therefore they requeſt his Lordſhip would be pleaſed to iſſue out his precept for a Common-hall, that they may take the ſenſe of the Livery of London on theſe matters, and to conſider what meaſures are neceſſary to be purſued under the preſent circumſtances of public affairs. His Lordſhip received them very politely, and expreſſed a very great reſpect for the Livery; but requeſted that, as this was a matter of very great importance, they would allow him a ſhort time to conſider of an anſwer, in which he would conſult thoſe perſons who may be called the Guardians of this city.

The following is a liſt of the Aldermen who, on Tueſday laſt, voted for, and againſt, Mr. Wilkes's being ſent for, to take upon him the office of Alderman, in conſequence of the opinion of the majority of the council, that he was eligible for the office.

For ſending for Mr. Wilkes; William Beckford, Eſq; Sir W. Stephenſon, Knt. Barlow Trecothick, Eſq; Braſs Croſby, Eſq; Richard Peers, Eſq; John Kirkman, Eſq;

Againſt ſending; Sir R. Ladbroke, Knt. Robert Alſop, Eſq; Sir T. Rawlinſon, Knt. Sir Rich. Glyn, Bart. Sir Robert Kite, Knt. Right Hon. T. Harley, Sir Henry Banks, Knt. William Naſh, Eſq; Samuel Plumb, Eſq; Brackley Kenner, Eſq;

If Mr. Wilkes, or his friends, ſhould bring a mandamus for the Court of Aldermen, to ſhew cauſe why they have rejected him, we are informed the Court are ready to try the iſſue, without delay.

Saturday is the day, on which the time limited for preſenting any petition againſt the election of Col. Luttrell for Middleſex, will expire.

We hear that there have been lately ſome warm diſputes between a popular Patriot, and a certain reverend Gentleman, his friend.

We hear that his Majeſty will go to the Houſe of Peers on Tueſday next, and put an end to this ſeſſion of Parliament, by a moſt gracious ſpeech from the throne.

Yeſterday it was currently reported in town, that a manifeſto was arrived from the King of Pruſſia, inſiſting upon a very large ſum of money being immediately paid him by this Government, for Arrears due upon the concluſion of the laſt war, and in caſe of refuſal, to march 40,000 men directly, to take poſſeſſion of Hanover.

The houſe being ſo near breaking up, is ſaid to be the reaſon that a certain gentleman did not apply for his diſcharge, on making the uſual ſubmiſſion.

It is ſaid that a certain patriotic gentleman, who has, with a true patriotic ſpirit, exerted himſelf in the cauſe of Liberty, and who is poſſeſſed of a very conſiderable eſtate in the county of Middleſex, in and about Tottenham, has reſolved to ſell it, giving as a reaſon, "that he cannot think of holding an eſtate in any county, where *his voice*, as a *freeholder*, in the *choice of a Repreſentative, is ſet at nought*."

It is no leſs remarkable than true, that Col. Luttrell bears ſo near a reſemblance to the Rev. Mr. Horne, the patriotic Miniſter of Brentford, that, were it not for their different dreſſes, and a little difference in their ſtature, it would be difficult to know the one from the other.

It was the whiſper of yeſterday morning, amongſt ſome political connoiſſeurs, at the weſt end of the town, that in conſequence of ſome ſpirited negations, lately diſpatched to a certain northern court, that monarch has abſolutely marched no leſs a body than 30,000 men into a certain Electorate.

Some letters from Paris mention, that the Court had juſt received private intimations, concerning the true intent and deſtination of the great naval armaments at preſent fitting out at Denmark, which have given them ſome diſguſt.

April 29. It is rumoured, that the miſcarriage and illneſs of a very great and moſt amiable perſonage, was occaſioned by a fright at the time of certain tumultuous proceedings.

It is ſaid that a great perſonage has declared, that unleſs a certain petition, now depending, is ſigned by a majority of the whole freeholders, that it will not be regarded, as it cannot be ſaid to be the voice of the county.

It was yeſterday morning reported, that a great man in the law, who has lately teſtified his diſapprobation of certain meaſures, will ſpeedily reſign all his employments.

Notwithſtanding the many reports induſtriouſly circulated, the greateſt authority in the law has declared the proceedings of the H--ſe of C-----s, with regard to Col. Luttrell, to be perfectly legal and conſtitutional; and it is equally certain, that this is the general opinion of the gentlemen of the long robe.

We are now informed, that there were 12 council, learned in the law, employed to give their opinions in the queſtion, whether Mr. Wilkes was eligible to the office of Alderman? Nine of whom gave their opinions in the affirmative.

The petition, or (as others call it) remonſtrance, that is prepared to be laid before the Middleſex freeholders, contains the warmeſt expreſſions of affection and duty to his Majeſty; and ſets forth certain grievances with a manly freedom, equally diveſted of inſolence and meanneſs.

"The toaſt given by ſome of the moſt eminent merchants in Philadelphia, and particularly by the celebrated author of the Farmer's Letters, is, Let Britain be always juſt, and America always dependent."

On Friday, when his Majeſty was returning from the houſe, as ſoon as the ſtate coach came from under the horſe guards, it was ſurrounded by a very great mob, who ran up to St. James's by each ſide of it, and among ſome other high indignities ſhewn by them, exclaimed in his hearing, "Wilkes for ever! No Luttrell!" and continued doing ſo till his Majeſty got out at the palace.

When the Houſe of Commons took under conſideration the election for the county of Middleſex, George Onſlow, Eſq; moved that the Sheriffs ought to have returned H. L. Luttrell, Eſq; and not John Wilkes, Eſq; which motion was ſeconded by Sir A. Gilmour, Lord Clare, Cha. Jenkinſon, Attorney General, Sir Fletcher Norton, S. Fox, Lord North, J. Dyſon, Counſ. Thurlow, Col. Onſlow, Hans Stanley.

They were oppoſed by

Ald. Beckford, Col. Barre, T. Townſhend, C. W. Cornwall, Serjeant Glynn, John Aubrey, Ja. Townſend, E. Burke, Eſq; G. Grenville, Eſq; Sir W. Meredith, Sir Geo. Saville, Conſt. Phipps, Eſq; Sir Joſeph Mawbey, John Sawbridge, Eſq; W. Dowdeſwell, Eſq;

We are told that it is an invariable principle of the preſent Adminiſtration, to meddle with no connexions on the Continent, as the blood and treaſures of Great-Britain, have been long prodigally laviſhed in fighting the battles of the people.

Patents are ſaid to be making out for nine new Peerages, five on the other ſide the water, and four in England.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Middleſex.

Gentlemen,

THE manly perſeverance, with the calm, but undaunted ſpirit of your conduct, this day, in ſupport of the freedom of election, has crowned the juſt expectations of the public, and will for ever endear you to your countrymen. The honour I receive in being the fourth time elected your Repreſentative to the great council of the nation, affects me in the moſt ſenſible manner. My gratitude ſhall appear in a way, worthy of ſuch conſtituents, worthy of ſuch a cauſe. Animated by your example, and warmed like you with the holy flames of freedom, I ſhall on every great occaſion devote myſelf to the good of the people, and preſervation of public liberty. In this cauſe I will act under your auſpices to the laſt moment of my life, fearleſs of danger in behalf of a nation, which knows the ineſtimable value of the fundamental rights and liberties of the body of this people, and has frequently cemented them with the blood of her heroic ſons, of her truſty patriots.

If any further violence ſhould fruſtrate the effects of this day's proceedings, your ſteadineſs, Gentlemen, in ſupport of a free election, muſt, at laſt, ſucceed. The kingdom is too jealous of its noble privileges, and is inſpired with too active courage, to ſurrender the right to the preſent or any future adminiſtration, or meanly acquieſce in being deprived of it. While the Britiſh conſtitution preſerves its ancient form or ſpirit, you will have always in the Houſe of Commons a repreſentative of your own voluntary choice. You have withſtood the various attacks of a dangerous miniſtry, and your vigorous defence of your juſt claims, has rendered all their attempts fruitleſs. Every act of power and artifice of corruption have hitherto failed againſt your ſteady virtue. The ſame conduct, regularly purſued, muſt, in the end, enſure you ſucceſs. The privilege of this free nation will be reſtored and confirmed. You will be reverenced as the patrons of our rights, and every future age will pay to you the grateful tribute, that the liberty of England, in a moſt eſſential point, was ſecured againſt the repeated attacks of miniſterial deſpotiſm, by the perſeverance, firmneſs, and fortitude of the freeholders of Middleſex.

I ſhall always remain, Gentlemen,

Your grateful and obedient humble ſervant,

King's-Bench-Priſon,
Thurſday night, April 13. JOHN WILKES.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy and Freeholders of the County of Middleſex.

Gentlemen,

WARMLY impreſt with the goodneſs of my friends, I mean to return thanks in perſon to thoſe who honoured me with their ſupport and appearance at Brentford the day of election; but I cannot defer this public and ſincere acknowledgment of ſo ſingular a favour.

My grateful thanks are likewiſe due to ſuch Freeholders of Middleſex as were prevented by an impreſſion of repeated outrage, from carrying their good intentions towards me into execution, and I muſt lament with them, that 1143 votes, out of above 4000, ſhould arrogate a right of pronouncing the comprehenſive ſenſe of the county of Middleſex.

You have many of you, Gentlemen, endeavoured to reſcue your country from diſtraction and diſorder, it ſhall be my unalterable ſtudy to promote its peace, honour, and proſperity.

I am,

With the utmoſt reſpect,

Your much obliged and

Faithful humble ſervant,

South Audley-ſtreet, April 18. HENRY LAWES LUTTRELL.

To the PRINTER.

COL. Luttrell, in his addreſs to the freeholders of Middleſex, laments that the 1143 freeholders, who voted for Mr. Wilkes, ſhould be conſidered as the ſenſe of the county: But have not the freeholders greater reaſon to lament that 296 of his--------votes, ſhould be conſidered as the ſenſe of the county.

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 8.

Extract of a letter from London, March 17, 1769.

"From the ſeveral letters which I have lately wrote you, on the ſubject of American grievances, you can entertain but little hopes of immediate redreſs. Government ſtill perſiſt in maintaining their ground firmly, although no opportunity is neglected of manifeſting to Parliament, as far as is admitted, the general diſcontent which prevails among you.

"The province of New-York having tranſmitted to their agent a repreſentation of the General Aſſembly, it was put into the hands of Mr. Alderman Trecothick, who is very warm in your intereſts; but its rejection in the Houſe was reſolved upon, by a great majority.

"Though there are very little hopes of obtaining from Adminiſtration the leaſt conceſſion at preſent, yet every expedient for

*** To be SOLD A likely ſmart Negroe BOY, between 10 and 11 years of age. Enquire of the Printers; he is ſold for no fault, but being too ſmall for the ſervice he is wanted.

the desired purpose will be made use of, however ineffectual the consequences. Agreeable to this a motion will be made for the repeal of the revenue laws, on the inexpediency of the measure, in which notice is to be taken of the public declaration of the Ministry, viz. "That they were sensible of the insignificancy "of the tax, as well as the great difficulty and expence of the "collection, and that they had resolved *themselves* to have pro-"posed the repeal of the acts, had not the outrages at Boston "laid an absolute embargo on the design; that as six months had "passed in perfect tranquility, and an apparent obedience to the "laws, the alledged reason for continuing their existence does "not now prevail." And although there is little expectation of the attempt succeeding, yet the sentiments of Government will be come at, and some hints drawn from them of their future designs.

"The Mutiny Act is now in progress, which came into the House in the same shape as the former, and the committee have got leave to introduce a clause, which may not be disagreeable to the people of America; but as they may not allow it to stand on the report, it is hardly worth mentioning it yet. The Secretary at War has also a clause to add, which is suspected to be of the most offensive nature, viz. "To give the Governors, or Magi-"strates, power of quartering men in private houses, provided "there are not sufficient barracks, or public houses, for their "accommodation." But this is an evil he is only suspected of, from his strict silence on the subject of his intended clause. Other parts of Administration disavow, and even disapprove of the measure; and I should hope the genius of the British nation will assist in opposing such a design.

"You will observe, by the printed papers I have sent to you, that tho' the Parliament will not listen to the American arguments, yet the public has had an opportunity to judge of their force."

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 15.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in London, to his friend in this city, dated April 18, 1769.

"Tho' I have but a moment to write, I can't help saying, we are all in confusion here: The ----- of C----r, notwithstanding Wilkes has been four times elected for Middlesex, refuse to let him sit, and have at length (the 15th instant) chose a representative for that county, one Col. Luttrell, of the Dragoons: This, you may be sure, will not sit easy on the stomachs of the freeholders of England, and what will be the consequence, cannot be told, for there is fire enough in the minds of most people, to raise such a flame, as would not be easily extinguished.---Thank heaven this ------ M-----y have their hands so full at home, that they have no time to think of new oppressions for poor America.

"There seems to be very little chance this session, of a repeal of the American revenue acts, but still I would wish you could refrain from violence, and apply steadily to the encouragement of manufactures and frugality, which, in the end, will, and must ensure redress."

On Monday last his Excellency our Governor, with the advice of his Lordship's council, was pleased further to prorogue the General Assembly of this province, to the second Tuesday in November next.

BOSTON, *June* 8.

The following was received from Virginia by the Post last Evening, and communicated to the House of Representatives.

SIR,

THE House of Burgesses met on the 8th Instant: On the 16th they took into their serious Consideration the State of this Colony; and in the Course of their Deliberations, being alarmed at the Distress in which all America is likely to be involved, came to several necessary Resolutions; Copies of which they have given me particular Directions to transmit, without Delay, to the Speakers of the several Houses of Assembly on the Continent, and to request their Concurrence therein.

In Obedience to their Order, I now, Sir, enclose you a Copy of those Resolutions, and am persuaded the Importance of the Subject will be sufficient to engage the immediate Attention of your Respectable House; and the Circumstances of America evince the Propriety of their Conduct.

His Excellency the Governor thought fit, on the 17th, to dissolve the Assembly. However discouraging this Reprehension may be, yet we hope, that our Loyalty and Affection to his Majesty, our Regard to the true Interest of our Mother Country, and our Inclinations to terminate this unhappy Dispute, will be made manifest, and will, in the End, dispose our Gracious Sovereign to interpose in our Favour, and to procure for his injured People the Redress that they most humbly ask for.

I am, with the greatest Respect, Your obedient Servant,

PEYTON RANDOLPH.

Hon. THOMAS CUSHING, *Esq; Speaker of the Honourable House of Representatives of* MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

BOSTON, June 12, 1769.

On Monday last the happy anniversary of the birth of our most gracious Sovereign was celebrated by the hon. house of Representatives of this province. A great number of merchants, and gentlemen of the first distinction, were present by invitation, and the following toasts were drank, viz. 1. The King, Queen, and Royal Family. 2. North-America. 3. The restoration of harmony between Great-Britain and the Colonies. 4. Prosperity and perpetuity to the British Empire in all parts of the world. 5. The Marquis of Rockingham, and the glorious administration of 1766. 6. Duke of Richmond. 7. Lord Chatham. 8. Lord Camden. 9. General Conway. 10. Lord Shelburne. 11. Lord Dartmouth. 12. The late Governor Pownall. 13. Col. Barre. 14. Mr. Burke. 15. Dr. Lucas, the patriot of Ireland. 16. Paschal Paoli, and his brave Corsicans. 17. The Cantons of Switzerland. 18. The King of Prussia. 19. The King of Sardinia. 20. The distressed Poles. 21. Their High Mightinesses, the States General of the Seven United Provinces. 22. The Farmer of Pennsylvania, and all American patriots. 23. The Republic of Letters. 24. Liberty, without licentiousness, to all mankind.

The General Court of this province having been convened by Governor Bernard into this town, in which there are no less than 3 regiments, and the main guard, with cannon, placed within a few feet of the Court-house, and having remonstrated without effect, have, for 13 days past, made a solemn and expressive pause in public business.

It is confidently reported, that Lord Botetourt has wrote for ships and troops, to quell the noble spirit of the Virginians. The late resolves of their House of Burgesses, will reflect a lasting honour on themselves, and their constituents.

By Captain Hall, who arrived last Friday, we have it from the best authority, that about the 10th of April, positive orders were issued from Lord Hillsborough's Office, for requiring Governor Bernard immediately to repair to London; and from the same authority we are told, he will never return to this government.----The deep affliction this news gives, may be read in every countenance.

We hear there are associations entered into in England, truly formidable to those who have dared to invade the rights of the people.

Great commotions all over England; in London it is said that not less than 110,000 were assembled at one time, on account of Mr. Wilkes's place being assumed by Col. Luttrell; the whole county of Middlesex are about presenting a petition to his Majesty, in which the Americans are particularly noticed. It is said much depends upon the success of this petition.

By all the accounts from London, we find that an eminent politician among us, is not only come to the end of his tether, but has helped to bring greater folks than himself into the same beastly situation.

The Public may be assured, that the following Intelligence comes from Gentlemen of distinction (our Friends) on the other Side of the Water, by the last Vessel from London.-----They write,

"That the parliament remain fix'd in their resolution not to repeal the duty acts this session; and will rise the first of May. They hope the People here will remain as fixed in their resolution of industry and frugality, till those acts are repealed. And if they could be sure of that, they should almost wish them never to be repealed; being persuaded that we shall reap more solid and extensive advantages from the steady practice of those two great virtues, than we can possibly suffer damage from all the duties the parliament can levy on us. The Friends to the late severe measures flatter themselves, that we cannot long subsist without their manufactures; --- they believe that we have not virtue enough to persist in such agreements;---they imagine the colonies will differ among themselves, deceive and desert one another, and quietly, one after another, submit to the yoke, and return to the use of British fineries;---they think that tho' the men may be contented with homespun stuffs, the women will never get the better of their vanity and fondness for English modes and gewgaws. The ministerial people all talk in this strain, and even many of the merchants.---If, under all the insults and oppressions we are now exposed to, we can prudently, as we have lately done, continue quiet, avoiding tumults, but still resolutely keeping up our claims, and asserting our rights, we shall finally establish them; and this military cloud that now blusters over us, will pass away, and do us no more harm than a summer thunder shower.---But the advantages of our perseverance in industry and frugality, will be great and permanent: Our debts will be paid; our farms will be better improved, and yield a greater produce: Our real wealth will increase in a plenty of every useful home production, and all the true enjoyments of life, even tho' no foreign trade should be allowed us: ---- All Ireland is strongly in favour of the American cause. They have reason to sympathize with us.

NEW-YORK, June 19.

Some Advices from Albany assure us, the Disputes with the Indians at Detroit, were amicably adjusted, and Peace again settled:---They say, the pretences of the quarrel were, that the Indians had never been paid for the lands on which the French inhabitants had settled near Detroit; and for which they have now had satisfaction:---Sir William Johnson was also returned home again.

Last Week arrived here, by way of New-London, Capt. Noah Scovel, late of the Sloop Union, of this Port, who, on the 16th of April last, in a very sudden, and uncommonly violent Gale of Wind, was forced from her Anchors, and drove ashore, in the Road of the Island of Dominica, near Midnight, 5 Days after his arrival there; whereby the Vessel was lost, and part of her Cargoe:---Several other Vessels were drove from their Anchors, some of whom happily got out to Sea:---A London Ship, Capt. Barrass, rode it out with Difficulty, Part of her Cargoe being taken out.---His Majesty's Ship the Jason, Captain Antrobus, stood out to Sea, and we hear has since arrived in Prince Rupert's Bay. Nothing contributed (under God) more to the Preservation of the numerous Vessels then lying in the Road, than the Prudence and Skill of the Masters of the respective Ships, who exerted themselves, aided by their Crews, in an uncommon Manner.

By a letter from St. Eustatia, we learn, That they had advice there from the Streights, that an English vessel had been lately made a prize of, on her voyage from England for Corsica, by a French man of war.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22.

Captain Miller, from St. Eustatia, on the 17th Instant, off of Cape Henry, spoke a Ship from Virginia for London, out one Day; and the next Day he spoke a Sloop from Montserrat for New-London, out 12 Days, all well.

Captain Conyngham, from Antigua, on the 10th Instant, in Lat. 23:29, Long. 71, spoke the Ship Rebecca, Captain Todd, from Jamaica for London, out 25 Days; and on the 14th, in Lat. 37, Long. 73, he spoke the Sloop Polly, Captain Conyers, from this Port for Barbados, all well.

By Captain Castles, from Lisbon, we learn, that about the 8th of March, an Account was received there, that the Captains Watson and Oliver, from Pool, were lost on Port Bar, and that both the Captains, and Part of the Crews, perished. On the 23d ult. in Lat. 28:33, Long. 44, he spoke a Brig, Captain Coldstream, from Milford for South-Carolina, 4 Weeks out; 25th, in Lat. 29, Long. 46, spoke a Ship, Captain Bailey, from Bremen for Charlestown, 5 Weeks out; and on the 15th Instant, in Lat. 38:23, Long. 70, he spoke the Sloop Hunter, Captain Crawford, from this Port for St. Croix, all well.

Captain Blair, from Newry, on the 5th Instant, in Lat. 35:10, Long. 66, spoke Captain Bridges, for Barbados from this Place, 6 Days out, all well.

By Captain Bingley, from Lisbon, we are informed, it was currently reported there, that the Governor of Gibraltar had received Orders from England, to act with Vigilance against the Moors; and that like Orders had been sent to the different Commanders in the Mediterranean. Captain Bingley, on his Passage, spoke with Captain Leech from Lisbon for this Port.

Captain Wood, from South-Carolina, on the 14th Instant, in Lat. 34:23, Long. 75:30, spoke a Ship, Captain Cuthbert, from Boston for Cape-Fear; and on the 18th, off of Phenix's Island, he spoke a Sloop from Boston for Virginia, all well.

By Captain Kemp, from Providence, we learn, That his Majesty's Sloop Bonetta, Captain Wallace, is arrived there from the Havanna, where she had been to demand Restitution of the Bahamian Vessels, as mentioned in No. 2109 of this Gazette; that the Governor of the Havanna behaved very politely; restored the Vessels and Effects, disclaimed the Seizure, and cashiered the Officer who made it; that one of the Vessels is arrived at Providence, and the others daily expected.

With Captain Kemp came Passengers John Rainey, late belonging to the Sloop Seaflower, Captain Whitpain, bound to this Port from the Bay of Honduras, who, on the 8th of May, was unfortunately cast away on Cape Florida; the Vessel entirely lost, but the People, and greatest Part of the Cargoe, saved. And Matthew Revel, late Mate of the Sloop Friendship, Captain Vickers, bound to North-Carolina from Jamaica, who informs, that the said Vessel was cast away on the Colleradoes on the 6th of May, and entirely lost, together with the Cargoe; that the People took to their Boat, and got to the Havanna, where they were confined for some Days, till the Arrival of the Bonetta Man of War, in which they got a Passage to Providence.

Captain Peel, from Madeira, on the 3d Instant, in Lat. 28, Long. 73, spoke with Captain West, in a Brig from this Place for Jamaica, 13 Days out, all well.

We hear that in the Lutheran New Church of Zion, in Fourth-street, in this City, Divine Service will be performed, for the first Time, on Sunday next. And on Monday, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon, there will likewise be Divine Service, and a Sermon in English, to be preached by the Rev. Mr. PETERS, Rector of the united Congregations of Christ-Church and St. Peter's.

On Sunday Morning last a Lad, about 17 Years of Age, went into the River to wash himself, at the upper End of this City, and, by accidentally going out of his Depth, was unfortunately drowned.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captains Fortin, Leech, Mackey, Barber, Drew (last from Virginia) Hardie, Nuttle, Davidson, and Moore, at Lisbon; Captain Thompson, at Jamaica; Captains Walker, and Berwick, at Antigua; and Captain Hutchings (last from Virginia) at St. Eustatia.

At Antigua. Captains Shannon, Bailey, Ervens, Sampson, Sturdivant, Kennedy, Wise, M'Phane, Gurton, and Steed, from Virginia; Heel, from Maryland; Lattimer, and Perkins, from New-London; Trowbridge, from New-Haven; M'Clelland, from Falmouth; and Captain Hill, from New-England.

At Charlestown, in South-Carolina. Captain Parsons, from Virginia; and Captain Hunt, from New-York.

*** The Extracts from the Votes of the House of ASSEMBLY of the Lower Counties, were received too late for this Week's Paper, and must therefore be deferred till our next.

☞ To-morrow Evening, at the Assembly Room, will be read the first Act of the MAID OF THE MILL, an OPERA; it is not possible to read more, as the Songs are long, and many. §

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner St. Nicholas, E. Reed, from Salem, N. E. Ship Pennsylvania Farmer, J. Blair, Newry. Ship Rachel, J. Hanse, and Brig Thomas, J. Lake, Jamaica. Brig Willing Maid, W. Shroudy, St. Croix. Schooner Hannah, J. Wood, Montserrat. Brig Cornelia, B. Peel, Madeira. Sloop Susannah, J. Kemp, N. Providence. Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, Virginia. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, St. Eustatia. Schooner Betsy, W. Martin, Maryland. Ship Friendship, J. Castle, and Brig Dolphin, E. Bingley, Lisbon. Sloop Abigail, T. Thurstan, R. Island. Sloop Polly, S. Wood, S. Carolina. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullowney, from Halifax.

OUTWARDS. Brig Hawke, B. Matthews, for Dublin. Brig Greyhound, J. Hazelwood, Dominica. Ship Rachel, J. Hanse, Jamaica. Snow Polly, J. Allenson, Leghorn. Brig Peggy, J. Doble, Newfoundland. Sloop Success, J. Byrne, and Schooner Kensington, J. Moon, St. Eustatia. Brig Thomas, J. Lake, Cork.

CLEARED. Sloop Potomack, S. Sydebotham, Sloop Rennis, E. Higgins, and Snow Sally, E. Smith, to Maryland. Schooner Dove, W. Gamble, Barbados. Snow Sarah, P. Hunter, Oporto. Brig Sally, J. Whitmarsh, Quebec. Sloop Elizabeth, J. Conyngham, N. Carolina. Sloop Diana, T. Finley, and Brig Lovely Lass, A. Waid, Jamaica. Brig Carolina, E. Yorke, Antigua. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, and Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Lisbon. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, R. Richardson, St. Croix. Brig Ann and Catherine, P. Currie, Newfoundland. Brig Nancy, D. Dingee, N. Castle, on Delaware. Brig Molly, T. Sullivan, to Liverpool.

To be SOLD, by public vendue, on Saturday, the first of July next, at noon, at the London Coffee-House,

The FAMOUS HORSE

NORTHUMBERLAND,

BRED by Lord Mazareen, in Ireland, and got by Old England, son to the Goldopkin Arabian, and own Brother to his Grace the Duke of Ancaster's famous stallion Blank, sire to Lottery, his dam by Mr. Panton's noted Crab, his grandam by Old Partner, which was Mr. Panton's famous Witherington mare, his dam was also the dam of Ferdinand, high bred Flatty-face, and Mercury, and own sister to Shepherd's Crab. Northumberland is fifteen hands high, strong, boney, and beautiful; he won, with ease, the HUNDRED POUNDS purse at Philadelphia, in October last, and three weeks after won a subscription purse, beating over the New-market course, on Hampstead Plains, some very capital racers.

Philadelphia, June 19, 1769.

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, last Saturday, from the Subscriber, living in this city, an apprentice lad, named Jacob Krotchous, this country born, of German parents, by trade a skin-dresser, is about 19 years of age, and about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a fresh coloured face, a few marks of the small-pox, a short thick nose, a down look, short yellowish hair, and is strong made; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, a check shirt and trowsers, thread stockings, a pair of shoes, with yellow buckles in them: As he had neither coat nor jacket with him, it is likely he will try to get them on the road. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice, in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his mistress may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by RACHEL HAWN. ‖

To be SOLD by public Vendue, at the London Coffee-House, to the highest Bidder, on the Twentieth of July next, betwixt Seven and Eight o'Clock in the Evening,

A NEW Brick House, two Stories high, 16 Feet front, by 19 Feet deep, well finished, with a good Cellar under the whole, situated on a Corner Lot of 24 Feet front, on the West-side of Fourth-street, and 49 Feet and a Half deep, on the North-side of Cherry-street; whereon is also erected a framed Building, at present a Wheelwright's Shop, but suitable for many other Uses. The said Lot is subject to a Groundrent of Twenty-four Dollars per Annum, which may be bought off, if desired. Any Person inclining to view the said Houses before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subscriber, living therein, and be shewn the same. JACOB KINNARD. †

THE owners of land on Greenwich island, are desired to meet at the Court-house in Philadelphia, on the first Monday in July next, there to choose five managers, and a treasurer, for the said island. And at the same time and place, those that are interested in the Road and Bridge, are desired to meet and choose five directors, and a treasurer, for the Road and Bridge Company. †

BY Virtue of an Advertisement, dated April 19, 1769, at Salem, West New-Jersey, and signed by Thomas Hartley, Daniel Lithcow, and Peter Ambler, to apprehend a certain Doctor Thomas Ogle, this is to let said Subscribers know, that he is apprehended, and now confined in York Goal, York-Town, Pennsylvania, by Virtue of said Advertisement; and those who subscribed, are desired to come immediately, and make some Fact appear against him, or he will be discharged, and they sued for the Reward offered by them.

N. B. Said Ogle has the Watch and Fustian mentioned in the Advertisement, and was taken up by Alexander Ramsay, living in York-Town. ¶

To the PUBLIC.

THIS is to give notice there is printed, and to be sold by the publisher, living in Pewter-platter-alley, near Second-street, The Substance of a Discourse taken down in short hand, as was spoken by a female Friend, from Old England; also a prayer by another Friend, delivered on the same morning, the 3d day of last Fifth Month, at the Friends Meeting-house, in Pine-street, Philadelphia; being the time a marriage was celebrated; to which is added, a short preface by the Editor.

The subscriber still continues keeping school, where youth are carefully taught to read, write and understand merchants accompts in a most correct manner; and short hand writing; the same being an easy and speedy method to write down any discourse as delivered; the knowledge of which may be easily attained in a few weeks. WILLIAM DARRAGH, School-master, and teacher of Stenography. §

Philadelphia, June 22, 1769.

WAS taken up, feeding in a meadow, between Moyamensing and Glouceſter Point, a bay MARE, about 14 hands high, appears to be aged. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay the charges and damages, and take her away, within ten days, otherwise she will be sold for the same. She is now at GEORGE ZELLER's stables, at the corner of Third and Race streets. ¶

RUN away from the Subscriber, living in Glouceſter county, the 11th day of this instant June, a Mulattoe slave, named RICHARD, about 19 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, slim built, thin faced, a very large nose, marked with the small-pox, the thumb of his left hand has been badly cut, and is much less than the other; had on, when he went away, a good ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, a homespun striped jacket, with sleeves, ozenbrigs frock, old felt hat, full of small shot holes; he also took with him a very likely black DOG, half blood-hound, had 3 white feet, and some white on his breast, a very long tail, with a little white on the end of it. The said Mulattoe was seen at the mouth of Cooper's creek, and it is thought he has crossed the river, and gone to Kensington. Whoever takes up the said Mulattoe and Dog, shall have Three Pounds reward for both, but for the Mulattoe alone Two Pounds, and for the Dog, without him, Twenty Shillings, paid by THOMAS FRY, or PETER HOWARD, living near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subscriber, living in Bethel township, Chester county, out of a pasture, on the 16th of this instant June, a bright bay MARE, 5 years old, about 14 hands high, black mane and tail, bobbed short, round bodied, and a natural trotter, has shoes on before, with steel toes, for drawing. Whoever takes up the said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may get her again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward; but if stolen, and will secure both mare and thief, so that he may be brought to justice, Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN FORD. ‖

TO be SOLD, the 1st day of July next, at public vendue, in the Borough of Bristol, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, A valuable LOT, containing about 3 acres of good LAND; whereon there is a large brick house and kitchen, 2 stories high, a convenient shop for a shoemaker, or several other trades, a bearing orchard, of about 70 apple-trees. The conditions of sale to be made known at the time and place, by me

§ SAMUEL BURGES.

N. B. Likewise to be SOLD at the same time and place, several sorts of HOUSHOLD GOODS.

*** To be SOLD, A LIKELY healthy Negroe Man, about Twenty-four Years of Age, understands attending a Table, taking Care of Horses, and is fit for any Work that requires Strength. Enquire of SAMUEL JOHNSTON, Esq; in York-Town.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 5th day of July next, by the Subscriber, living in Radnor township, Chester county,

A PLANTATION, situate in the aforesaid township, 13 miles from Philadelphia, and nearly adjoining the road leading to Lancaster, containing about 200 acres of good land, near (or about) one half cleared, the rest well timbered; there is on said place a good dwelling-house, barn, stables, and out-houses, a considerable quantity of watered meadow already, and more may be made, also a large bearing orchard of the best grafted fruit, and a constant spring of water near the door, with a house over the same. The whole will be sold together, or divided, as may best suit the purchaser. The conditions of sale will be made known, at the time and place aforesaid, by

¶ DAVID REES.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, situate in Pilesgrove, Salem county, West-Jersey, containing about 300 acres of upland, and 10 acres of meadow, divided into two settlements; on one of which there are a large brick house, brick kitchen, with a good stone cellar under the whole, a good apple orchard, large barn, and about 60 acres of cleared land; on the other there are, a square cedar log-house, 24 by 20 feet, about 20 acres of upland cleared, a good young bearing apple and peach orchard, 8 acres of meadow cleared, and about 20 acres of white oak swamp may be cleared. Likewise to be sold two tracts, containing about 140 acres each, adjoining the above, all lying in a square body together; about 20 acres of cleared land, with log buildings on each tract, and about 20 acres of good white oak swamp to each, part of it cleared; some part lying in Manington, adjoining Joseph Sharp's land; the whole about 6 miles from Salem; and will be sold all together, or in separate tracts, as may suit the purchasers. For further particulars, enquire of Richard Sparks, at the Three Tuns, within a mile of the premises, or of Alexander, John, and Moses Hill, in Lower Penn's Neck, Salem county. Whoever inclines to purchase, shall have reasonable times of payment for the same. ¶

Lancaster Goal, June 6, 1769.

WAS committed to my custody, a certain SAMUEL LEONAND, who confesses to be a servant to George Spear, of Chester county; had on, when committed, a blue jacket, tow shirt and trowsers, an old hat, and old shoes; he is 5 feet 7 inches high, and slender made. This is to desire his master, if any he has, to come and pay his said servant's charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold out for his fees, in three weeks from the date hereof, by

‡ GEORGE EBERLY, Gealer.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the Subscriber, in Upper Providence, Chester County, the 16th of the 6th Month, 1769, a bright bay HORSE, 4 Years old, about 14 Hands and a Half high, has a crooked Blaze in his Face, somewhat in the Shape of a Bill-Hook, paces and trots. Whoever takes up and secures the said Horse, so that the Owner may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, if stolen, and Thirty Shillings more for securing the Thief, and reasonable Charges, paid by GEORGE MILLER. ‡

New-Castle, June 16, 1769.

RUN away on the 6th instant, at night, from Joseph Enos, a Negroe man, named Congamochu, alias Squingal, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, straight and slim, large white teeth, he has many large scars on his belly and arms, in his country fashion, talks very bad English, has a hole through one of his ears, and thought to be the right one, he has been inoculated for the small-pox in the left arm, but took no infection; had on, when he went away, an old cloth vest, without buttons, and a good pair of cloth breeches, open at the knees, both of a light colour, and a tow shirt; he was seen at the river shore, near New-Castle, the day after he went off; as he talked much of his wives, and country, it is thought he will endeavour to get off by water; this is to desire all masters of vessels, and others, not to carry off, nor harbour the said Negroe. Whoever takes up the said Negroe, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ JOSEPH ENOS.

TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED away from the Subscriber, in Southwark, Philadelphia, the 31st of last month, a black milch COW, with a white face, a slit in one ear, and a bell about her neck, without a clapper. Whoever brings the same to the Subscriber, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

June 13, 1769. SAMUEL ROBBINS. §

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

Little-Britain Township, Lancaster County, June, 1769.

BETWEEN the sixth and seventh day,
MARY NOWLAND ran away;
Her age I know not, but appears
To be at least full twenty years;
The same religion with the Pope,
Short neck, scarce room to fix a rope;
Brown hair, red face, short nose, thick lips,
She's large and round from neck to hips;
Short, thick, and clumsey, in her jog,
As neat as any fatten'd hog.
Upon her tongue she wears a brogue,
And was she man, would be a rogue.
Old gown she wore of calicoe,
Would cover her down to the toe;
Her petticoat was linsey bright,
Striped up and down with blue and white.
Brown linen smock---and by your leaves,
It had a pair of whiten'd sleeves.
'Tis thought about two months ago
She stole, of gold, a full Half-Joe.
Whoever takes her up, don't fail
To lay her fast in any jail;
They will be as a friend regarded,
And, as above, shall be rewarded.
Who brings her home I will give them it,
Your humble servant, ABRAHAM EMMIT. ¶

To be SOLD by public vendue, at the WIDOW WILLIAMS's, at the corner of Lombard and Front-streets, on Saturday, the 24th day of June, if not sold before by private sale,

A LARGE frame chaise shed, 90 feet by 15, and will contain 18 carriages, together with a good frame shop, 20 feet by 30, and is very suitable either for a carpenter or a cabinet maker: Both these buildings are on a lot of ground 40 feet front on Second-street, and 100 feet deep, opposite to Charles Coxe's, near the corner of Union-street, subject to a ground rent of 10l. per annum. The advantageous situation, for either of the above businesses, or almost any other (it being in a public part of the city) will render it very valuable to the purchaser. Any person inclinable to purchase before the day fixed for the sale, may view the premises, and know the terms, by applying to WILLIAM SCULL, in Union-street. The buyer may have 2 months credit, on giving good security. The said Scull carries on the business of chaise and harness making, as usual, in the neatest manner. He has a warranted eight day clock, with a neat mahogony case, which will be sold at the same time. ‡

Just published (Price 4d.) and sold by D. HALL, *and* W. SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia,*

THE LAWS passed by the GENERAL ASSEMBLY, during their last Session.

Lancaster County, June 5, 1769.

PURSUANT to a rule of court, of May term last, we the Subscribers, being appointed auditors to settle the accounts of Nicholas Bechtel, and adjust the demands of all the said Nicholas Bechtel's creditors, proportional to his creditors respective demands: These are therefore to give notice to all whom it may concern, that they do attend at Lebanon, in the said county, on the 14th day of July next, and bring in their accounts, properly attested, in order to be adjusted, by MICHAEL BRECHT, PHILIP MARSTELLER, and JOHN THONE, Auditors. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

Living in Goshen, Chester County, and within half a mile of the Sign of the Boot,

THE following lands and improvements; a good plantation, well improved, containing 114 acres, 20 acres of good meadow, and more may be made, Chester creek running through the same, the upland is divided into convenient fields, with water in each field, and a good brick house, with a well of good water at the door, a good barn, stables, sheds, good orchard, and many other conveniencies, not mentioned. Likewise about 50 acres of good land, adjoining the above place, with two tenements thereon, 12 acres cleared, a good orchard, and some meadow, and more may be made, two good log houses, cellared underneath, with a well of good water at each door, good blacksmith's and wheelwright's shops, partly opposite each other, on the great road. Both the above plantations are situated in the heart of a populous and thriving country, on the great road leading to Chester, where a great many waggons are daily going loaded with flour; the distance to Chester is 18 miles, to Philadelphia 25. For terms of sale, apply to the Subscriber, on the premises, ¶ AMOS DAVIS.

Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Saturday, the 24th instant, at 3 o'clock, at Robert Moulder's tavern, in Marcus-Hook, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate in Marcus-Hook, alias Chichester aforesaid, near the market, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 200 feet; and also three other pieces of land and meadow ground, situate in the aforesaid place; the one piece being upland, and contains 8 acres; one other piece of meadow contains one acre and a quarter; and the other piece contains one acre; which last mentioned two pieces are good meadow; all late the estate of Robert Moulder; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Monday, the 26th instant, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or piece of land thereunto belonging, situate in East-Bradford township, in Chester county, containing 31 acres, and 95 perches of land, and allowance for roads, bounded by lands of Anthony Dougherty, Daniel Hoops, Thomas Hoops, and George Baldwin; late the estate of James Clark, seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Monday, the 26th instant, about 4 o'clock, at the house of Elisha Hughes, innholder, in East Nottingham, in the county of Chester, will be sold by vendue, a certain parcel of land, situate in the township of West Nottingham, in the county of Chester, containing about 70 acres, more or less; bounded by lands of William Buchanan, Jacob Reynolds, Joseph Reynolds, and other land of William Reynolds; late the estate of William Reynolds aforesaid; seized in execution, at the suit of Joseph Davies, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Tuesday, the 27th instant, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land, containing about 40 acres, more or less, situate in the township of West-Nottingham; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, and others. Also will be sold at the same time and place, a variety of houshold furniture, horses, cows, &c. and sundry smith's tools; late the estate and effects of Martha M'Kee, and Victor Craig; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Chester County, June 6, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Tuesday, the 27th instant, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of good land thereunto belonging, situate in the township of Uwchland, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of Thomas Guest, Joseph Phipps, David Roberts, and Brandywine Creek, containing 93 acres, more or less. At the same time and place will be sold a crop of wheat in the ground; late the estate and effects of Evan Harry, seized in execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Lancaster, May 29, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 26th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, at Martick Furnace, in Lancaster county, the said furnace, and a forge, together with upwards of 3400 acres of land, thereto belonging; the improvements at both furnace and forge are very good, viz. at the furnace, a good dwelling-house, stores, and compting-house, a large coal-house, with eight dwelling-houses for the labourers, a good grist-mill, smith and carpenter's shops, six good log stables, with four bays for hay, a number of pot-patterns, and some flasks for ditto, stove moulds, &c. &c. a good mine bank, abounding with plenty of ore, so convenient that one team can haul 3 loads a day, about 15 acres of good watered meadow, and as much more adjoining may be made; the forge is about 4 miles distant, now in good order, with 4 fires, 2 hammers, and very good wooden bellows, a dwelling-house, compting-house, with 6 dwelling-houses for the labourers, 2 very good coal-houses, large enough to contain 6 months stock, 3 stables, smith's and carpenter's shops, 2 acres of meadow made, about 1500 cords of wood cut in the woods, at both places; there is plenty of water at the said works, in the driest seasons, and they are situate in a plentiful part of the country, where they may be supplied with necessaries on the lowest terms; several slaves, and a good forge man, several teams, waggons, &c. all late the property of Thomas Smith, James Wallace, and James Fulton; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

JAMES WEBB, junior, Sheriff.

N. B. The forge and furnace will be sold together or separate.

Lancaster, May 29, 1769.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, the 28th day of June next, at two o'clock, a messuage, plantation, and tract of land, containing about 200 acres, situate in Strasburgh township, well known by the name of the Black Horse, being a well accustomed tavern many years, and perhaps as good a standing for public business as any in the county, with a good orchard and meadow. At the same time is to be sold sundry household goods, horses, cows, &c. all late the property of Thomas Smith; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JAMES WEBB, jun. Sheriff.

Chester, June 10, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Wednesday, the 28th Day of this instant June, at 3 o'Clock, on the Premises, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage or Tenement, Plantation and Tract or Piece and Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing 250 Acres, situate in the Township of West-Nantmell, in Chester County, bounded by Lands of Samuel M'Ilduff, Francis Alexander, Daniel Henderson, and Thomas Alford; late the Estate of James Scott; seized in Execution, and to be sold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Chester, June 10, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, on Thursday, the 29th Day of this instant June, on the Premises, at 3 o'Clock, will be sold by Vendue, a certain Messuage, Plantation and Tract or Parcel of Land thereunto belonging, containing about 200 Acres, be it more or less, situate in the Township of West-Nantmill, in the County of Chester, bounded by Lands of James Kerr, Joseph Kerr, James Douglass, and others; late the Estate of William Sheerer; seized in Execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, June 15, 1769.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the premises, the 27th instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, if not sold by private sale before that time,

SUNDRY lots of land, adjoining the river Schuylkill, fronting the great road, leading from Reading to Philadelphia, and within 5 miles of the city, being part of the estate late of Edward Robeson, deceased.

On lot No. 1, containing about 15 acres, is a large commodious well finished stone dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, chaise-house, and sundry other small out-houses, and a well of very good water near the door; also one other stone house, suitable for a tenant, with a spring-house, and 5 acres of very good meadow, watered by a never failing stream, about 2 acres of orchard, with divers kinds of choice fruit trees, a good garden, and near 3 acres of woodland.

On lot No. 2, containing about 11 acres, is a stone dwelling-house, and near 4 acres of woodland.

Lot No. 3, containing about 12 acres, above 3 whereof are woodland.

Lot No. 4, containing 5 acres and a half of land.

The lots No. 1, 2 and 3, are extremely well situated for a gentleman's country seat, commanding a beautiful and extensive prospect of the river Schuylkill; the whole being very healthy and pleasant. Three months credit will be given the purchaser. A plan may be seen at the London Coffee-house.

All persons that have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts; and those that are indebted, are requested to make speedy payment to the subscribers, otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of an attorney. ANN ROBESON, Executrix; PETER ROBESON, OWEN JONES, junior, Executors. §

WHEREAS in pursuance of an act of General Assembly of the government of the counties of New-Castle, Kent, and Sussex, on Delaware, intituled, "An Act to enable the owners and possessors of the meadow, marsh and cripple, lying upon Nonsuch and Mill Creeks, and adjoining Lewdon's Island, in the hundred and county of New-Castle, on Delaware, to imbank and drain the same, to keep the outside banks and dams in good repair for ever, and to raise a fund for doing thereof;" the following pieces or parcels of marsh, meadow ground, and cripple, were duly rated, agreeable to the act aforesaid, viz. A piece or parcel of meadow ground, marsh, and cripple, deemed to contain 200 acres, and adjoining Lewdon's Island, Nonsuch, and the Mill Creeks, deemed the property of Joseph Lewdon. Also a piece of marsh or meadow ground, deemed to contain 35 acres, and adjoining marshes of Zachariah Van Leuvenigh, and Alexander Harvey, deemed the property of Matthias Morton. And whereas the owners of said marsh, &c. have refused or neglected to pay to the treasurer the said rate or assessment which, according to the said act, was assessed, and laid upon the said marsh, &c. for the repairing and supporting the banks and dams aforesaid. This is to give notice, that on Saturday, the 24th instant June, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dam across Nonsuch, will be exposed to public sale, to the highest bidder, for the payment of the said tax or assessment, the marshes, meadow ground, or cripple above described, or such part thereof as will be sufficient to answer the said tax, and all charges accruing thereon, by reason of the non-payment or refusal thereof. ALEXANDER HARVEY, Manager. §

TO be sold, or rented, by the Subscriber, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, on the 30th day of this instant June, the noted ONION's IRON-WORKS, situated in the county and province aforesaid, on the head of Gunpowder river, to wit, two forges, a furnace, grist-mill, and saw-mill, all of which in about 100 yards distance from each other, and a sufficient number of out-houses, such as dwelling-houses, smoke-houses, chair-house, carpenter's, and blacksmith's shops, stables, &c. and at the head of navigable water, where flats and scows may carry off the iron to the town of Joppa, where large craft may receive it, which is not above one mile from said works; together with about 8 or 9000 acres of land adjoining, chief of which is good farming land, and, with little expence, may be made a large quantity of good meadow; on said land is great plenty of iron ore, and wood within a small distance of said works. ZACCHEUS ONION. § 7t6.

AN Hundred and Thirty Dozen of SICKLES, ready prepared for the enjuing Harvest, which are made with the utmost Care, will be sold at the lowest Rate, and insured good by JAMES HENDRICKS, Cutler, at the Sign of the Sickle, the fourth Door above the Prison, in Market-street.

N. B. A Servant Lad's Time to be disposed of by said Hendricks, who has about 4 Years to serve. ‖

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

ABSCONDED from his bail in Charlestown, Chester county, a certain THOMAS HAMER, of a small stature, about 30 years of age, of a dark complexion, with black hair, and black eyes, wears a short blue coat, an old white homespun ribbed everlasting jacket, lapelled; the rest of his cloathing uncertain, perhaps he may have on a blue hussar cloak; he was born in Providence township, Philadelphia county, near Schuylkill, served some time to the joiner's trade, is a middling handy fellow, but much addicted to romance, pretends to have been a great traveller, and brags much of his feats on board the Foudroyant man of war, and says he was carpenter's mate on board said ship. Whoever takes up said Thomas Hamer, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so as he may be brought to justice, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by the Subscriber, living in Charlestown aforesaid,

June 3, 1769. ¶ JOHN THOMAS.

MADE his Escape from the Constable of Salem, on the 23d Day of May, a certain WILLIAM YOUNG, of Alloway's Creek, in the County of Salem, and Province of West-Jersey, a Taylor by Trade, of a middle Stature, and about 20 Years of Age. Whoever will take up said Young, and secure him, or send or bring him to the Subscriber, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, paid by ALEXANDER MILLAR. ‖

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

June 29, 1769. NUMB. 2114.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

PHILADELPHIA.

Extract of a Letter from New-Caſtle, on Delaware, dated June 19, 1769.

I HAVE incloſed you Copies of the Proceedings of the Houſe of Aſſembly here, relative to the Advice given to his Majeſty, by both Houſes of Parliament, for the ſeizing and carrying over any Perſon to *England* from *America*, that may be obnoxious to the King's Miniſters.------You will perceive thoſe Proceedings were agitated in the Houſe here, in Conſequence of a Letter from the Speaker of the late Houſe of Burgeſſes of *Virginia*, incloſing their Reſolves, which the Houſe here thought fit to adopt in Expreſſion as well as Sentiment; which, if done in the other Governments on the Continent, will be the beſt Evidence of *Unanimity* that can be given."

EXTRACTS *from the Votes and Proceedings of the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly of the Lower Counties, upon* Delaware.

1769, *Die Saturni, Jun. Tertio, A. M.*

On Motion,

ORDERED, That the Letter from the Hon. *Peyton Randolph*, Eſq; Speaker of the late Honourable Houſe of Burgeſſes of the Colony of *Virginia*, be read a ſecond Time; and the ſame being read accordingly, and ſome Time ſpent in conſidering the ſame,

On Motion,

Reſolved, Nemine Contradicente, That this Houſe will reſolve itſelf into a Grand Committee of the whole Houſe on this Day Se'nnight, to take into Conſideration the State of this Government.

Ordered, Upon Motion, That all abſent Members be ſummoned to attend upon the ſame Day.

Die Saturni, Jun. Decimo, A. M.

The Houſe, agreeable to the Order of the Day, reſolved itſelf into a Grand Committee of the whole Houſe, to take into Conſideration the State of the Government, and Col. *William Armſtrong* was choſen Chairman of the Committee.

The Speaker reſumed the Chair, and the Chairman reported, That the Houſe had ſpent ſome Time in the Premiſes, and craved Leave of further Time to conſider the ſame until Saturday Se'nnight, which was agreed to by the Houſe.

Die Saturni, Jun. Decimo Septimo, A. M.

The Houſe, according to Order, reſolved itſelf into a Grand Committee of the whole Houſe, and Col. *William Armſtrong* was choſen Chairman of the Committee.

The Speaker reſumed the Chair, and the Chairman of the Committee reported to the Houſe, That the Grand Committee of the whole Houſe had gone through the Buſineſs to them referred, and had formed four Reſolutions, which they had directed him to report, when the Houſe would receive the ſame.

Ordered, That the ſaid Report be immediately received.

Then the Reſolutions were reported, and read.

The RESOLVES *are the ſame verbatim with thoſe of the Aſſembly of* Virginia, *printed in No.* 2110 *of this Paper, to which our Readers are referred.*

The ſaid Reſolutions were, by Order, ſeverally read a ſecond Time, and upon Motion, the Queſtion being ſeverally put thereupon, were agreed to by the Houſe, *Nemine Contradicente.*

The Aſſembly was adjourned on the 17*th Inſtant, after paſſing the following* ACTS.

1. An Act for aiding the Diſcontinuances of the Proceſs of the Supreme Court, in the County of *New-Caſtle*, and for appointing other Days for holding the ſaid Court within this Government.

2. An Act for the new Appointment of Truſtees of the ſeveral General Loan Offices within this Government.

3. A further additional ſupplementary Act, to the Act, entituled, "An Act for the better Regulation of the Roads in *New-Caſtle* County."

4. An Act for extending an Act, entituled, "An Act to prevent Swine running at large, without Rings and Yokes, in certain Parts of *New-Caſtle* County, within this Government, to a certain Part of Appoquinimmick Hundred, in the ſaid County."

5. An Act for amending an Act, entituled, "An Act for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors within this Government."

6. An Act for the more eaſy and ſpeedy Recovery of ſmall Debts.

7. An Act concerning Wills made by Perſons reſiding out of this Government.

And nine private Acts.

BOSTON, *June* 15, 1769.

On Tueſday laſt a Committee of the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives waited on His Excellency the Governor with the following Meſſage, viz.

May it pleaſe your EXCELLENCY,

THE Houſe of Repreſentatives have duly conſidered your Meſſage of the 31ſt of May, and are ſorry to find your Excellency declaring, that you "have no Authority over His Majeſty's Ships in this Port, or His Troops within this Town; and that you can give no Orders for the Removal of the ſame."

We clearly hold, that the King's moſt excellent Majeſty, to whom we have, and ever ſhall bear, and ſince the convening of this preſent Aſſembly, we have ſworn true and faithful Allegiance, is the ſupreme executive Power through all the Parts of the Britiſh Empire: And we are humbly of Opinion, that within the Limits of this Colony and Juriſdiction, your Excellency is the King's Lieutenant, Captain-General, and Commander in Chief, in as full and ample a Manner, as is the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*, or any other His Majeſty's Lieutenants in the Dominions to the Realm of *Great-Britain* appertaining

From hence we think it indubitably follows, that all Officers, civil and military, within this Colony, are ſubject to the Order, Direction and Controul of your Excellency, ſo far at leaſt as is neceſſary for the Safety of the People, and the Security of the Privilege of this Houſe, as they are to the King's Majeſty within the Realm. And though we admit, that Peace and War are in the King's Hand, and that it is an indiſputable Part of the Royal Prerogative, neceſſary for the Preſervation of the Commonwealth, as all other well-grounded Prerogative Powers are, That to deſtine the Fleets, and march the Armies of the State to any Part of the World, where they may be neceſſary for the Defence and Preſervation of the Society, belongs to the Crown; yet it is impoſſible to believe, that a military Power, or a ſtanding Army, procured and ſtationed here, in Conſequence of Miſrepreſentations of the Duty and Loyalty of His Majeſty's Subjects of the Province, and ſuddenly quartered, not only contrary to Act of Parliament, and to every Principle of Reaſon, Juſtice and Equity, but accompanied with every Mark of Contempt, Reproach and Inſult, to as brave and loyal a People as ever ſerved a Prince, can be uncontroulable by the ſupreme Executive of the Province; which, within the Limits of the ſame, is the juſt and full Repreſentative of the ſupreme Executive of the whole Empire.

It is well known, that it is no uncommon Thing for Diſturbances to happen in populous Cities; and ſuch as have unfortunately taken Place in this Province, have been greatly miſrepreſented: We have not only been told of, but all Parts of the Empire have been alarmed with, Apprehenſions of Danger to His Majeſty's Government in *North-America* in general, and in this Province in particular, by Reaſon of the moſt exaggerated Accounts of certain Diſturbances, which, however, have, in every Inſtance, been far, very far from being carried to that atrocious and alarming Length to which many have been in *Britain*, at the very Gates of the Palace, and even in the Royal Preſence.

It is moſt certain, that every Subject has a Right to have the Rules of his Duty, Obedience and Allegiance, clearly defined and determined: Hence it may be inferred, that very miſerable is the Servitude of thoſe, who know not, whether they are ſubject to an abſolute Power, civil or military; or both, as may moſt effectually proſper the Machinations, and fulfil the Purpoſes of Deſpotiſm.

It muſt be obvious to all Juriſts, and to every Man endued with an ordinary Underſtanding, That the Doctrine your Excellency has been pleaſed to advance, in your Anſwer to the Meſſage of the Houſe, involves us in that State which is called by the Learned, *Imperium in Imperio*; or at leaſt eſtabliſhes a military Power here, uncontroulable by any civil Authority in the Province.

It has been publickly ſaid, that the military Power is become neceſſary in this Colony, to aid and ſupport civil Government; for which we have no leſs Authority than the Reſolutions of the two Houſes of Parliament, and the Declaration of one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State: The Uſe of the military Power to enforce the Execution of the Laws, is, in the Opinion of this Houſe, inconſiſtent with the Spirit of a free Conſtitution, and the very Nature of Government.----Nor can there be any Neceſſity for it; for the Body of the People, the Poſſe Comitatus, will always aid the Magiſtrate in the Execution of ſuch Laws as ought to be executed. The very Suppoſition of an Unwillingneſs in the People in general, that a Law ſhould be executed, carries with it the ſtrongeſt Preſumption that it is an unjuſt Law; at leaſt that it is unſalutary.----It cannot be *their* Law; for by the Nature of a free Conſtitution, the People muſt conſent to Laws, before they can be obliged in Conſcience to obey them.----In Truth, no Law, however grievous, has been oppoſed in the Execution of it in this Province; and yet a military Power is ſent here purpoſely to aid in the Execution of the Laws: And what adds to the Injuſtice of thoſe who procured this Armament is, that it was procured at the very Time when the People were dutifully ſupplicating the Throne for the Redreſs of Grievances, occaſioned by Acts of Parliament for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America.----We think we can infer from your Excellency's Declaration, that this military Force is uncontroulable by any Authority in the Province: It is then a Power without any Check here, and therefore it is ſo far abſolute.----An abſolute Power, which has the Sword conſtantly in its Hand, may exerciſe a rigorous Severity, whenever it pleaſes----What Privilege, what Security is then left to this Houſe, whoſe very Exiſtence, to any Purpoſe, depends upon its Privilege, and Security!----Nothing remains in ſuch a State, if no Redreſs can be had from the King's Lieutenant in the Province, but that the oppreſſed People unite in laying their fervent and humble Petition before their gracious Sovereign.

On Wedneſday Morning his Excellency the Governor ſent the following Meſſage to the Houſe by the Secretary; but the Houſe having adjourned to this Morning, the Secretary then delivered the ſame, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

NOTWITHSTANDING the Doubts and Difficulties which you have expreſſed to me in your Meſſage of this Day: It is certain that I have no Authority to give Orders for the Removal of the King's Ships out of the Harbour, or his Troops out of the Town: Whoever is acquainted with the Arrangement of the Commands in America, which are all derived from the ſame King, knows that it is ſo.

I am ſorry that this Queſtion ſhould cauſe the Non-activity of the Aſſembly for an entire Fortnight; the Expence of which has already coſt the Province upwards of Five Hundred Pounds lawful; and is, for what I can ſee, ſtill encreaſing; beſides the Inconvenience accruing to Perſons attending the General Court for Buſineſs, which falls harder upon them as Individuals, than Expences generally diſperſed among the People.

I cannot ſit ſtill and ſee ſuch a Waſte of Time and Treaſure to no Purpoſe. If therefore you ſtill continue of the Opinion, "that the Keeping an armed Force in this Town, and within its Harbour, is a Breach of Privilege, and inconſiſtent with that Freedom with which you have a Right to deliberate, conſult and determine," I muſt apply ſuch Remedy as is in my Power to remove this Difficulty; and the only Means I have, are to remove the General Court to a Place where it cannot operate.

It is an indifferent Thing to me where the General Court is held: I know not that it is neceſſarily confined to any Town; that Town ſeems to me to be the moſt proper for it, where the Buſineſs can be moſt conveniently, eaſily and readily done: And as it is apparent from your own Reſolutions, and a Fortnight's Experience, that you do not think that this is, at this Time, a proper Town for the General Court to ſit in, I ſhall remove it to *Cambridge*, againſt which Place no Objection, that I know of, can be formed. FRA. BERNARD.

Province-Houſe, June 14, 1769.

The Secretary then, by Order of the Governor, adjourned the Court to Harvard-College, in Cambridge, to Friday, the 16th Inſtant, at Ten o' Clock Beforenoon.

WE are aſſured, that the Order for Sir FRANCIS BERNARD, Bart. to return to England, is expreſſed to be to attend the KING, as Governor, to report to him the preſent State of the Province; that it contains Directions for the Adminiſtration of the Government *during his Abſence*; and that there is no Intimation of any Intention at preſent of ſuperſeding his Commiſſion. We hear that he propoſes to embark about the End of July.

Tueſday laſt his Excellency Governor WENTWORTH arrived in Town, with a great Retinue, from New-Hampſhire: Several other Gentlemen alſo arrived here, being Officers included in the Commiſſion for the Trial of Piracies, Felonies, &c. on the High Seas: The Court was opened according to Adjournment Yeſterday, for the Trial of the Perſons charged with the Murder of Lieutenant Panton, of his Majeſty's Ship Roſe: The Plea againſt the Juriſdiction of the Court was not admitted, and the Court proceeded to the Examination of the Evidences; and will continue from Day to Day, till the whole Trial is finiſhed.

The JUDGES are as follow.

His Excellency Sir Francis Bernard, Baronet, Governor of this Province, Preſident. His Excellency John Wentworth, Eſq; Governor of New-Hampſhire. The Honourable Samuel Hood, Eſq; Commodore, and Commander of his Majeſty's Ships in theſe Parts. The Honourable Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; Lieutenant Governor of this Province. The Hon. Jonathan Warner, Eſq; and the Hon. George Jaffrey, Eſq; of his Majeſty's Council of New-Hampſhire. The Honourable Robert Auchmuty, Eſq; Judge of the Court of Vice-Admiralty. The Honourable John Andrews, Eſq; Judge of the Court of Vice-Admiralty for Rhode-Iſland. The Honourable Andrew Oliver, Eſq; Secretary of this Province. Joſeph Harriſon, Eſq; Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for the Port of Boſton. John Nutting, Eſq; Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for the Port of Salem. Robert Trail, Eſq; Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms for Portſmouth.

LONDON, *April* 29.

Tranſlation of a letter from General Paoli to B. Trecothick, and S. Vaughan, Eſquires, dated at Caſinca, March 20, 1769.

Moſt eſteemed Gentlemen,

THE goodneſs and zeal with which ſo many generous Engliſhmen intereſted themſelves in the juſtneſs of our cauſe, and the effectual means that they have furniſhed for the defence of our liberty and country (at the ſame time they moſt powerfully ſtimulate us to perſevere in our undertaking) awake in us ſentiments of the moſt ſincere regard and gratitude, the only manner in which we can now thank our benefactors. I, however, in the name of the whole nation, return them the moſt unfeigned thanks, for the generous aſſiſtance that they have been pleaſed to procure, and have remitted, by way of Leghorn, agreeable to the letter of the 10th of February, I have applied this collection to the ſupport of the families of thoſe patriots, who, abhorring a foreign yoke, have abandoned their houſes and eſtates, in that part of the country held by the enemy, and have retired to join our army; and of all thoſe families who may in future find themſelves involved in the ſame fate.----I have thought this uſe quite conformable to the magnanimity of thoſe who have contributed this ſupply, and have reaſon to think they will not diſapprove it; and at the ſame time it will be agreeable to them, to be aſſured of the perfect eſteem with which I have the honour to be, &c.

For CHARLES-TOWN, *South-Carolina*,

The BRIG
PRINCE of WALES,
THOMAS MASON,
COMMANDER;

A Fine new Veſſel, has moſt excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail in a ſhort Time. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to GEORGE NOARTH, ALEXANDER LUNAN, or the Maſter on board, at Thomas Clifford's Wharff.

A Parcel of freſh RICE, to be ſold by ſaid LUNAN.

ON the 15th Day of July next, at 5 o' Clock in the Afternoon, at Robert Moulder's Tavern, in Marcus-Hook, will be SOLD by Vendue, the SHALLOP POLLY: She is of the following Dimenſions, to wit, 33 Feet Keel, 15 Feet 8 Inches Beam, 4 Feet 8 Inches Hold, with her Maſt, Bowſprit, Anchor, and Cable, attached, and to be ſold by

JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 18th inſtant, from on board the brig Hawk, Bennet Matthews, maſter, from Waterford, two Iriſh ſervants, viz. MICHAEL MOLLOY, aged 21 or 22 years, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a brown complexion, round full face, wears either his own brown hair, cut ſhort, or a wig; had on, when he went away, an old brown coat and jacket, white ſhirt, old leather breeches, and old ſhoes and ſtockings; he is a ſmart well made fellow, very cunning, and talks with a good deal of the brogue. The other named JOHN SCULLY, about 21 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a brown ſwarthy complexion, round faced, and has ſcars of old ſores on his legs, wears his own black hair, cut cloſe; had on, when he went away, an old blue coat, jacket, and breeches, old ſhoes and ſtockings, with an old ſlouched hat; he looks like a ſober innocent fellow, and is ſlow of ſpeech. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any of his Majeſty's goals, or brings them to the Subſcriber, living in Water-ſtreet, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN BOYLE.

N. B. Each has with him, old ozenbrigs trowſers.

PAUL FOOKS,

NOTARY and TABELLION PUBLIC for the FRENCH and SPANISH LANGUAGES, Profeſſor and ſworn Interpreter of the ſame, gives Notice,

THAT he continues, at his OFFICE, in Front-ſtreet, between Walnut-ſtreet and the Drawbridge, to tranſlate and draw any French or Spaniſh Writings; as Letters, Powers of Attorney, Contracts, Accounts, &c. and to ſtate them properly, agreeable to the Forms and Uſages of the reſpective Countries to which they are intended. Thoſe who have Occaſion to employ him, in any Branch of the aforeſaid Buſineſs, may depend on being ſerved with the utmoſt Secrecy, Punctuality, and Diſpatch.

He further gives Notice, That he alſo continues to teach the French and Spaniſh LANGUAGES, in the greateſt Purity and Elegance, on the uſual Terms. Tbc. G W.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Mill-Creek Hundred, New-Caſtle County, the Firſt of September laſt, an Iron grey FILLEY, with a white Blaze in her Face, was never docked, hath neither Brand nor Ear-mark, ſuppoſed to be about two Years old. The Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. ¶ ARCHIBALD HOMES.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 8.

MONITOR XII.

My dear Countrymen,

I HAVE laid before you a faithful account of the ſtate of our affairs in Great-Britain; and of the temper of the preſent Miniſtry. We ſee it too glaringly diſplayed in the King's ſpeech, and the addreſſes in anſwer to it, in the reſolutions of both Houſes concerning Boſton, with the addreſs and anſwer. They are too expreſſive to require any comment; they are written in blood, and cannot be miſunderſtood. It is true they aim at one colony only, but this artifice ſurely cannot deceive you, nor withhold you from conſidering every colony intereſted in the ſufferings of one for a common cauſe. Divide and tyrannize, is the maxim; to ſubdue one at a time, is the ſureſt and moſt facile way to cruſh all. With ſuch pregnant proofs before you, of a permanent and complete ſubverſion of your liberties, you cannot, without infatuation, liſten to thoſe who would perſuade you, that if you demean yourſelves into acquieſcence and quiet, this oppreſſive duty-act will be repealed, and every grievance redreſſed.

But to be convinced how futile this expectation is, look only upon the deſpotic circle with which they have already encompaſſed our liberties. The Parliament are to raiſe a revenue upon us without our conſent; the Commiſſioners are to ſee it collected; the Admiralty Courts are to try all revenue cauſes; whoever a Governor ſhall accuſe of treaſon, is to be ſent to Britain for his trial, or rather, as his Majeſty's moſt gracious anſwer has it, "*to be brought to condign puniſhment*;" the Governors, Counſellors and Judges, are appointed by the King, and exiſt during his pleaſure; and to render them all as rigorous in the collection of the revenue as poſſible, they are to be paid out of the money thus raiſed upon us, without our conſent or participation. From the ſame fund too is a military and naval force to be maintained, to enforce abſolute obedience to this tremendous ſyſtem of abject ſlavery. Never was a plan of deſpotiſm more abſolute, and in itſelf complete, never were chains better forged; and ſhould our acquieſcence ſuffer them to be riveted, we are undone for ever.

Is the giving our own money to the Crown a dear and valuable right? We are totally deprived of it by the Britiſh Parliament, over which we have no earthly reſtraint, with which no poſſible connection. Is trial by jury an eſſential privilege of freemen, neceſſary to a due diſpenſation of juſtice, and the ſecurity of the ſubject? This is abſolutely wreſted from us by the Admiralty Courts, in which one Judge, appointed by the Crown during pleaſure, and paid out of the condemnation money, if it be ſufficient, determines between the King and the ſubject. Are our lives dear to us? Every Governor may devote whom he pleaſes, by charging him with treaſon, and ſending him to England, where he will be tried, if happily this farce be deemed neceſſary to precede the tragedy of execution, by a jury of ſtrangers, infected with the moſt violent prejudice. The Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms only, are veſted with the alarming powers of exciſe, in forcing open, or ordering to be forced, any man's locks.

Deprived thus of the privilege of giving or keeping our money, the executive and judicial powers, as independent of the people, as they are abſolutely dependent on the King; the trial by jury, that great bulwark of ſafety in life and eſtate, taken from us; our houſes, cloſets, cabinets, &c. laid open to the will and pleaſure of the Commiſſioners, or the loweſt ſervant belonging to the revenue; and all theſe maintained by us without our conſent; what remains to make our ſlavery compleat? Nothing but our acquieſcence and ſubmiſſion. What can ſave us from this dreadful bondage? Nothing but an *unanimous, determined, permanent oppoſition.*

How this is to be conducted is the next queſtion, and it may be very ſhortly diſcuſſed. We have petitioned, reaſoned and remonſtrated in vain; let us try the next gentle method of admoniſhing *Great-Britain*, and recalling her to reaſon and juſtice, that is, *to deſiſt from the conſumption of her manufactures, and ſupplying her with thoſe raw materials, from which her trade, manufacturers, merchants and revenue, receive great profits, ſuch as tobacco, tar, pitch, hemp, flaxſeed, pot-aſh, &c.* Inſtead of expending our labour on theſe, let us raiſe grain, proviſions, and all materials for manufactures; in the manufacturing of which, the reſt of our labour may be employed. Some temporary loſs and inconvenience will ariſe from ſo great a change; but the benefits which will flow from it are manifold, great and laſting. It will ſave us from a ſlavery otherwiſe inevitable; the yoke is before us, the chains are prepared, there is no alternative but tamely to put them on, or vigorouſly endeavour to make them drop from the enervated hands of our oppreſſors. He who would expoſe himſelf and his poſterity to the hateful inſults of petty authority; he who would devote his life and fortunes to the arbitrary will of Governors, Commiſſioners, Judges, Cuſtom-houſe Officers, Minions and Paraſites; he who would ſee the whole people of this continent governed without exception by laws to which they give no conſent, and their once honourable and reſpected Aſſemblies humiliated to mere corporations; let him patiently reſign himſelf to the ſhackles which are forged for him, and wonderfully calculated to ſecure theſe fatal conſequences. But when the galling chain ſits heavy on him; when the calamities of which ſlavery is banefully prolific, preſs hard and ſore upon him; in that miſerable ſtate fleeced, deſpiſed, injured and inſulted, let him perſevere in his virtue of reſignation, nor be tempted to execrate his miſerable exiſtence, or accelerate, in wiſh, the ſlave's and wretch's laſt reſouree, the hand of death.

To render oppoſition effectual, unanimity is greatly requiſite. How neceſſary an union and harmony among ourſelves are to the maintenance of our moſt valuable rights, may be drawn not only from reaſon, but from the great apprehenſion entertained of it by thoſe who would ſubvert them. It was therefore that the congreſs at *New-York*, was ſo loudly exclaimed againſt by the *Grenvillian* party, and that the circular letter at *Boſton*, was ſuch an alarming meaſure at home, that every art of ſoothing, every influence of threats, were uſed by my Lord *Hillſborough*, to render it abortive. In purſuance of the old maxim, divide and tyrannize, this artful miniſter is induſtriouſly propagating an opinion, that but for ſuch ſteps as thoſe taken in *America*, he would certainly have had the late duty act repealed; and this at the very time the Miniſtry are declaring in Parliament, it was intended to fix the dominion of Parliament over *America*, and therefore to be enforced, if queſtioned: And every meaſure they take, tends to evince the fatal truth of this declaration.

Be aſſured then, my countrymen, and I ſpeak to you from the beſt information, we have every thing *to fear* from *Great-Britain*, nothing to expect but *inſult, injury and oppreſſion.* And from theſe, nothing can relieve us, but a *determined, unanimous, permanent, oppoſition.*

Annapolis (in Maryland) June 22, 1769.

WE, the Subſcribers, his Majeſty's loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Merchants, Traders, Freeholders, Mechanics, and other Inhabitants of the Province of *Maryland*, ſeriouſly conſidering the preſent State and Condition of the Province, and being ſenſible, that there is a Neceſſity to agree upon ſuch Meaſures, as may tend to diſcourage, and as much as may be, prevent the Uſe of foreign Luxuries and Superfluities, in the Conſumption of which, we have heretofore too much indulged ourſelves, to the great Detriment of our private Fortunes, and, in ſome Inſtances, to the Ruin of Families; and, to this End, to practiſe ourſelves, and, as much as poſſible, to promote, countenance, and encourage in others, a Habit of Temperance, Frugality, Oeconomy, and Induſtry; and conſidering alſo, that Meaſures of this Nature are more particularly neceſſary at this Time, as the Parliament of *Great-Britain*, by impoſing Taxes upon many Articles imported hither from thence, and from other Parts beyond Sea, have left it leſs in our Power, than in Time paſt, to purchaſe and pay for the Manufactures of the Mother-Country; which Taxes, eſpecially thoſe impoſed by a late Act of Parliament, laying Duties on Tea, Paper, Glaſs, *&c.* we are clearly convinced have been impoſed contrary to the Spirit of our Conſtitution, and have a direct and manifeſt Tendency to deprive us, in the End, of all political Freedom, and reduce us to a State of Dependence, inconſiſtent with that Liberty we have rightfully enjoyed under the Government of his preſent moſt Sacred Majeſty (to whom we owe, acknowledge, and will always joyfully pay all due Obedience, and Allegiance) and of his Royal Predeceſſors, ever ſince the firſt Settlement of the Province, until of very late Time, have thought it neceſſary to unite, as early as our Circumſtances will admit, with our Siſter Colonies, in Reſolutions for the Purpoſe aforeſaid; and therefore do hereby agree, and bind ourſelves to and with each other, by all the Ties and Obligations of Honour and Reputation, that we will ſtrictly and faithfully obſerve, and conform to the following Reſolutions.

Firſt, That we will not, at any Time hereafter, directly, or indirectly, import, or cauſe to be imported, any Manner of Goods, Merchandize, or Manufactures, which are, or ſhall hereafter be taxed by Act of Parliament, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in *America* (except Paper not exceeding Six Shillings *per* Ream, and except ſuch Articles only, as Orders have been already ſent for) but that we will always conſider ſuch Taxation, in every Reſpect, as an abſolute Prohibition to the Articles that are, or may be taxed.

Secondly, That we will not hereafter, directly or indirectly, during the Continuance of the aforeſaid Act of Parliament, import, or cauſe to be imported, from *Great-Britain*, or any other Part of *Europe* (except ſuch Articles of the Produce, or Manufacture of *Ireland*, as may be immediately, and legally brought from thence; and alſo, except all ſuch Goods as Orders have been already ſent for) any of the Goods herein after enumerated, *to wit*, Horſes, Spirits, Wine, Cyder, Perry, Beer, Ale, Malt, Barley, Peaſe, Beef, Pork, Fiſh, Butter, Cheeſe, Tallow, Candles, Oil, except Salad-oil, Fruit, Pickles, Confectionary, *Britiſh* refined Sugar, Muſtard, Coffee, Pewter, Tin-ware of all Kinds, whether plain or painted, Waiters, and all Kind of Japan-ware, wrought Copper, wrought and caſt Braſs, and Bell-metal, Watches, Clocks, Plate, and all other Gold and Silverſmiths Work, Trinkets, and Jewellery of all Kinds, Gold and Silver Lace, Joiners and Cabinet Work of all Sorts, Looking-glaſſes, Upholſtery of all Kinds, Carriages of all Kinds, Ribbons and Millenery of all Kinds, except Wig-ribbon; Lace, Cambrick, Lawn, Muſlin, Kenting, Gauze of all Kinds, except Boulting-cloths; Silks of all Kinds, except raw and ſewing Silk, and Wig-cauls; Velvets, Chintzes, and Calicoes of all Sorts, of more than Twenty Pence *per* Yard, *Eaſt-India* Goods of every Kind, except Saltpetre, Black Pepper, and Spices; printed Linens, and printed Cottons, ſtriped Linens, and Cottons, Check Linens, and Cotton Checks of all Kinds, Handkerchiefs of all Kinds, at more than Ten Shillings *per* Dozen, Cotton Velvets, and all Kind of Cotton, or Cotton and Linen Stuffs, Bed-bunts, and Bed-ticken of all Sorts, Cotton Counterpanes and Coverlids, *Britiſh* manufactured Linens of all Kinds, except Sail-cloth; *Iriſh* and all foreign Linens, above One Shilling and Six-pence *per* Yard, Woollen Cloth, above Five Quarters wide, of more than Five Shillings *per* Yard, narrow Cloths of all Sorts, of more than Three Shillings *per* Yard, Worſted Stuffs of all Sorts, above Thirteen-pence *per* Yard, Silk and Worſted, Silk and Cotton, Silk and Hair, and Hair and Worſted Stuffs of all Kinds, Worſted and Hair Shags, Mourning of all and every Kind, Stockings, Caps, Waiſtcoat and Breeches Patterns of all Kinds, Rugs of all Sorts, above Eight Shillings, Blankets, above Five Shillings *per* Blanket, Mens and Womens ready made Cloaths, and wearing Apparel of all Kinds, Hats of all Kinds, of more than Two Shillings *per* Hat, Wigs, Gloves, and Mitts of all Kinds, Stays and Bodices of all Sorts, Boots, Saddles, and all Manufactures of Leather and Skins of all Kinds, except Mens and Womens Shoes, of not more than Four Shillings *per* Pair, Whips, Bruſhes, and Brooms of all Sorts, Gilt and Hair Trunks, Paintings, Carpets of all Sorts, Snuff Boxes, Snuff, and other manufactured Tobacco, Soap, Starch, playing Cards, Dice, *Engliſh* China, *Engliſh* Ware, in Imitation of China, Delph, and Stone Ware of all Sorts, except Milk-pans, Stone Bottles, Jugs, Pitchers, and Chamber-pots, Marble and wrought Stone of any Kind, except Scythe Stones, Mill Stones, and Grind Stones; Iron Caſtings, Ironmongery of all Sorts, except Nails, Hoes, Steel, Handicraft and Manufacturers Tools, Locks, Frying-pans, Scythes and Sickles; Cutlery of all Sorts, except Knives and Forks, not exceeding Three Shillings *per* Dozen; Knives, Sciſſars, Sheepſheers, Needles, Pins and Thimbles, Razors, Chirurgical Inſtruments, and Spectacles, Cordage, or tarred Rope of all Sorts, Seines, Ships Colours ready made, Ivory, Horn, and Bone Ware of all Sorts, except Combs.

Thirdly, That we will not, during the Time aforeſaid, import any Wines, of any Kind whatever, or purchaſe the ſame from any Perſon whatever, except ſuch Wines as are already imported, or for which Orders are already ſent.

Fourthly, That we will not kill, or ſuffer to be killed, or ſell, or diſpoſe to any Perſon, whom we have Reaſon to believe intends to kill, any Ewe-Lamb that ſhall be yeaned before the Firſt Day of *May* in any Year, during the Time aforeſaid.

Fifthly, That we will not, directly or indirectly, during the Time aforeſaid, purchaſe, take up, or receive, on any Terms, or Conditions whatever, any of the Goods enumerated in the Second Reſolution, that ſhall, or may be imported into this Province, contrary to the Intent and Deſign of theſe Reſolutions, by any Perſon whatever, or conſigned to any Factor, Agent, Manager, or Storekeeper here, by any Perſon reſiding in *Great-Britain*, or elſewhere; and if any ſuch Goods ſhall be imported, we will not, upon any Conſideration whatever, rent, or ſell to, or permit any Way to be made uſe of by any ſuch Importer, his Agent, Factor, Manager, or Storekeeper, or any Perſon, on his, or their Behalf, any Store-houſe, or other Houſe, or any Kind of Place whatever, belonging to us, reſpectively, for expoſing to Sale, or even ſecuring any ſuch Goods, nor will we ſuffer any ſuch to be put on Shore on our reſpective Properties.

Sixthly, That if any Perſon ſhall import, or endeavour to import, from *Great-Britain*, or any Part of *Europe*, any Goods whatever, contrary to the Spirit and Deſign of the foregoing Reſolutions, or ſhall ſell any Goods which he has now, or may hereafter have on Hand, or may import, on any other Terms than are herein expreſſed, we will not, at any Time hereafter, deal with any ſuch Perſon, his Agent, Manager, Factor, or Store-keeper, for any Commodity whatever; and that ſuch of us as are, or may be Sellers of Goods, will not take any Advantage of the Scarcity of Goods that this agreement may occaſion, but will ſell ſuch as we have now on Hand, or may hereafter import, or have for Sale, at the reſpective uſual and accuſtomed Rates for three Years laſt paſt.

Seventhly, That we will not, during the Time aforeſaid, import into this Province, any of the Goods above enumerated for Non-importation, in the ſecond Reſolution, which have been, or ſhall be imported from *Great-Britain*, or ſome Part of *Europe*, from any Colony, or Province, which hath not entered, or ſhall not, within two Months from the Date hereof, enter into Reſolutions of Non-importation; nor will we purchaſe, take up, or receive, on any Terms, or Conditions whatever, any ſuch Goods, from any Perſon, or Perſons, that may import the ſame; nor will we purchaſe, take up, or receive, on any Terms, or Conditions, any of the ſaid Goods, which may be imported from any Province, or Colony, which has entered, or may enter into ſuch Reſolutions, unleſs a Certificate ſhall accompany ſuch Goods, under the Hands of a Committee of Merchants (if any) of the Place from whence ſuch Goods ſhall come; or if no ſuch Committee, then under the Hands of at leaſt three of the principal Merchants there, who have entered into Reſolutions of Non-importation, that ſuch Goods were imported before ſuch Reſolution was entered into in ſuch Place. And that we will not purchaſe, take up, or receive, on any Terms, or Conditions whatever, after the Expiration of Six Months, from the Date hereof, from any Colony, or Province aforeſaid, any of the ſaid enumerated Articles, which have been, or ſhall be imported from *Great-Britain*.

Eighthly, We, the Tradeſmen and Manufacturers, do likewiſe promiſe and agree, that we will not avail ourſelves of the Scarcity of *European* Goods, proceeding from the Reſolutions for Non-importation, to raiſe, or enhance the Prices of the different Articles, or Commodities, by us wrought up, or manufactured; but that we will ſell and diſpoſe of the ſame, at the uſual and accuſtomed Rates we have done for theſe three Years paſt.

Laſtly, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatever, ſhall oppoſe or contravene the above Reſolutions, or act in Oppoſition to the true Spirit and Deſign thereof, we will conſider him, or them, as Enemies to the Liberties of *America*, and treat them, on all Occaſions, with the Contempt they deſerve; provided that theſe Reſolutions ſhall be binding on us, for and during the Continuance of the before-mentioned Act of Parliament, unleſs a general Meeting of ſuch Perſons at *Annapolis*, as may, at any Time hereafter, be requeſted by the People of the ſeveral Counties in this Province, to meet, for the Purpoſe of conſidering the Expediency of diſpenſing with the ſaid Reſolutions, or any of them, not exceeding Four from each County, or a Majority of ſuch of them as ſhall attend, ſhall determine otherwiſe."

The above Reſolutions were ſubſcribed by a Number of the moſt conſiderable Merchants, &c. of Maryland.

L I S B O N, March 16.

IN Spite of all the Hopes we had conceived of the ill Succeſs of the Undertaking of the Moors againſt Mazagan, we have juſt received the News that that Fortreſs is fallen into their Hands. In Conſequence of this, the King has ordered a Fleet of 62 Sail, as well Ships and Frigates of War as other Veſſels, to put to Sea immediately, in order to endeavour to recover that Fortreſs.

L O N D O N, April 17.

A certain patriotic Gentleman, poſſeſſed of 18,000 l. per Annum in Wales, who was confined to his Bed by the Gout, ordered himſelf to be dreſſed, was put into his Carriage, and polled to Brentford for Mr. Wilkes.

April 19. We hear that ſtrict Orders have been iſſued to the Guards for their conſtant Attendance in their Barracks and Quarters; and none of the Officers can obtain any Leave of Abſence.

The Names of the 296 Freeholders of Middleſex, who voted for Lieutenant Colonel Luttrell at Brentford, will be printed.

A Wag informs us the preſent Sett of Miniſters are in a *deep Conſumption*, and that they are *given over by their Phyſicians.*

April 20. Though a certain C---f Juſtice in *Air* has been long ſtigmatized as the Promoter and Adviſer of violent Meaſures, yet it is now aſſured, that he has for once, at leaſt, in his Life Time, ſpoke on the contrary Side, and thereby prevented ſome haſty Steps, which, but for his Opinion, would have been taken.

It is now ſaid that the Record of a certain Tranſaction is abſolutely refuſed to be entered by the proper Officer.

April 21. We are informed that a certain great Lawyer has had the Honour of a Conference with a great Perſonage, and has declared his Sentiments in Regard to the Illegality of ſome late Proceedings.

The moſt favourite Toaſt now is, "Long Life to Liberty, inſtant Death to Slavery, and a deep Conſumption to all the Abettors of the latter."

Laſt Sunday a Sermon was preached in a Village near Town, by a certain Reverend Divine, who took his Text from the Jewiſh Prophet Micah, Chap. iii, Verſe 9, to the End.---"*Hear this, I pray you, ye Heads of the Houſe of Jacob, and Princes of the Houſe of Iſrael, that abhor Judgment, and pervert all Equity.*"

April 24. The Officers of Ordnance have received Orders to get ready 20,000 Setts of new Arms with all Expedition. As there are always Arms in the Tower for 60,000 Men at a Minute's Warning, and all the Arms of the reduced and diſbanded Regiments at the End of laſt War are ſtill at Hand, this Order occaſions much Speculation.

If the Want of Spirit ſhould permit the French to poſſeſs themſelves of Corſica, our Mediterranean Trade will be ruined; and as our American Trade is more than half loſt already, it ſeems probable that this unhappy Kingdom may be reduced to the Situation it was a Thouſand Years ago, when it had no Trade by Sea, other than what was carried on in ſmall coaſting Veſſels.

April 25. A Gentleman near Cavendiſh-ſquare, whoſe Name is Gilbert, has invented a Carriage, it is ſaid, which has a Power to run at the Rate of twenty Miles or upwards in an Hour, for a Conſtancy, without Horſes, on a different Conſtruction to any hitherto known, and will go with equal Swiftneſs hackward or forward with Eaſe, and ſtop at Command. A heavy Carriage, built on this Principle, will carry an unlimited Number of Tons Weight, without any Labour to keep it going, and may be of the ſame Utility by Water.

A certain dignified Clergyman made uſe of this very particular Expreſſion in his Sermon the other Day, namely, "That Religion was daily crucified between the two Thieves of Ignorance and Infidelity."

Theſe are ſtrange Times, for Matters of the utmoſt Moment remain in the greateſt Uncertainty. Is John Wilkes, Eſq; a Member for Middleſex, or not a Member? Is Col. Luttrell legally in Parliament, or not? If the Col. be legally in Parliament, who choſe him? Certainly he muſt repreſent thoſe who choſe him. Did the County chuſe him? Yes, if 290 odd are more than 1140 odd; but if he be not choſen by the County, but by the Houſe, may he not be ſaid to be the greateſt Repreſentative in Great-Britain? For does he not then repreſent all the Reſt of the Repreſentatives?

April 27. Betts in the City were Yeſterday 7 to 3, that Mr. Wilkes would receive a Pardon before the Expiration of next Week.

By the laſt Mail from Paris, we are adviſed, that the Eaſt-India Company, who were put to great Difficulty to pay 2,500,000 l. Levee to the Company of England, are in a fair Way of fulfilling their Engagements. As ſoon as their Lottery was authoriſed by Arret of Council, the Tickets were bought up as faſt as they could be delivered out.

April 28. We hear from New-Market, that there are already ſubſcribed 2,200 Guineas, which are put into a gold Cup, and is to be run for in next October Meeting. There are eleven of the beſt Horſes in this Kingdom entered to run for this Prize, being the greateſt ever known at that Place, or in any other Courſe in Great-Britain or Ireland.

April 29. We hear that a Petition is preparing by the Freeholders of a moſt reſpectable County, ſetting forth Apprehenſions of very dangerous and alarming Conſequences that may ariſe from Freeholders, or any Body of Men whatever, canvaſſing, petitioning, or pronouncing on the Conduct of the H. of C. with Regard to their own Members; or in any Reſpect intermeddling in the Determination of either Houſe of Parliament, on the Uſage and Law of Parliaments, which they apprehend to be as important and conſtitutional as any Right whatever, abſolutely neceſſary to the Freedom, Dignity, and Independency of Parliament.

On Saturday Night laſt a great Number of Freeholders of Middleſex met at the Swan Tavern at Weſtminſter Bridge, while a great Aſſembly had their late Choice under Conſideration, when a Motion was made, and warmly recommended, for a Remonſtrance to be drawn up, ſigned, and delivered that Night; but the Motion was over ruled by ſome other Gentlemen, who urged, that as a Meeting at Mile-End had been agreed on, and advertiſed for Monday, it would be better to wait; and take the Opinion of ſaid Gentlemen at the ſaid Meeting; and that the going ſuddenly down to the Houſe in a Body, at that Time of Night, would be too precipitate a Step, and might be attended with diſagreeable Circumſtances.

By Captain Yeaton, who arrived at Portſmouth, from Swanzey, in Wales, and brought a London Paper of the 4th of May, we have the following Advices, viz.

L O N D O N, May 4.

A Letter from Conſtantinople ſays, "Advice being received that a neighbouring Power to Poland had aſſembled an Army of 40,000 Men upon the Frontiers, the Porte demanded of the Miniſter from that Crown, with what View his Court has poſted

*** To be SOLD, A likely ſmart Negroe BOY, between 10 and 11 years of age. Enquire of the Printers; he is ſold for no fault, but being too ſmall for the ſervice he is wanted.

that Army; and as he has not given Satisfaction on the Subject, it is signified to him that he must give a positive Answer, since it greatly behoves the Grand Signior to know what to do in that respect."

The Privy Council, which was to have been held on Friday at St. James's, was postponed till this Day, which causes various Speculations.

We hear that Orders are given to all the principal Officers of each Department of S----e, not to be absent from Town this Week, on any Account whatsoever.

It is now said that a late Illness was not occasioned by the Mob's going to St. James's, but from a Circumstance that since happened at a great House a little to the Eastward of the Palace.

Last Night's Gazette contains Addresses from the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Freeholders, &c. of the County of Renfrew, and from the Magistrates and Town Council of Paisley; which were graciously received by his Majesty.

The following is a more circumstantial Account of the Proceedings at the Half Moon Tavern Yesterday, mentioned in our last. Edward Bond, Esq; was chosen Chairman. A Request for a Common Hall was agreed to, and immediately signed. About 12 o'Clock, the Chairman, attended by the whole Meeting, waited on the Lord Mayor at the Mansion-house, to request his Lordship to call, as soon as possible, a Common Hall, in order to take the Sense of the Livery of London, on the Measures proper to be pursued by them under the present most alarming Situation of Affairs. His Lordship received them with great Politeness; observed that the Request of so respectable a Part of the Livery of London demanded his most serious Attention; and that though there might be no Precedent to justify him, in complying with this Request of the Livery; yet as it was a Matter of some Doubt, whether the Peculiarity of our present Circumstances would not justify the Peculiarity of the Measure, his Lordship resolved to take the Opinion of the Common Council on this important Point; and declared that their Determination would be of great Weight with him; and it is said that a Common Council will be summoned for Friday next.

Upon casting up the Names on Monday Night at the Ship Tavern at Ratcliffe Cross, it appeared that 1424 Freeholders had then signed the Petition.

A counter Petition is preparing by the M---y, as a kind of Remonstrance against the Mile End Proceedings, and which is to be hawked round the County to be signed. Many Betts are depending, and some very considerable Ones, that 20 Names are not subscribed to it.

Mr. Serjeant Glynn has declared his Approbation of every Measure taken by the Freeholders of the County of Middlesex in the depending Petition, and fully approves of every Sentence of it, and will present it, and all Reports to the contrary are false.

Dublin, April 18. The Snow Unity, Robert Harper, Master, from Boston for this Kingdom, with 653 Hogsheads of Flax-seed, was drove ashore at Sternaway, on the Night of the 3d Instant, and received some Damage, but her Cargoe is quite safe; and the Jennit Ship from New-York and Philadelphia, with 960 Hogsheads, for Newry and Dublin, had three of her Yards carried away the same Night, and had put into Loughendaul, having over-run her Reckoning.

WILLIAMSBURG, *June* 15.

We hear there has been a slight Shock of an Earthquake felt lately at Lisbon, which was succeeded by a violent and heavy Rain, that raised such a Fresh in the River, as carried off a whole Village; a Cradle was taken up, in which was a Child that lived three Days, and a Lady and Gentleman were found dead in a Chaise. Captain Fawn (by whom we have this Intelligence) adds, that the Torrent brought down with it prodigious Numbers of Snakes, and that it was with Difficulty he kept his Vessel clear of them.

BOSTON, June 19.

Saturday last ended the Trial of the Persons charged with the Murder of Lieutenant Panton, when a Decree was given in, *Justifiable Homicide*, and the Prisoners set at Liberty.

The same Day the Sheriff of the County went on board his Majesty's Ship Rose, and arrested Mr. Peacock, a Midshipman on board said Ship, in an Action of Damages, for firing upon, and wounding in the Arm, one of the Accessaries charged with the Murder of Lieut. Panton, to which Mr. Peacock gave Bail in the Sum of 300 Pounds lawful Money.

By Captain Wylie from Hispaniola, we hear, that the Disturbances at that Island have entirely subsided.

We hear that Mr. Otis lately received a very polite Letter from the celebrated Mrs. Macaulay, the great Patroness of Liberty in England, with a Copy of her History, elegantly bound: This Lady is Sister to John Sawbridge, Esq; Member for Hythe, in Kent, and Chairman of the Supporters of the Bill of Rights.

We hear from Providence, That on the 18th of May last, in the Evening, a great Number of People riotously assembled in that Town, and violently seized Jesse Saville, a Tidesman, belonging to the Custom-House of the said Port, who was then attending his Duty there; and having gagged and put him in a Wheelbarrow, almost strangled, they carried him to a Wharff, where they threatened to drown him, if he made the least Noise; tied a Handkerchief round his Face, cut his Clothes to Pieces, stripped him naked, covered him from Head to Foot with Turpentine and Feathers, bound him Hands and Feet, threw Dirt in his Face, and repeatedly beat him with their Fists and Sticks, then threw him down on the Pavements, cut his Face, and bruised his Body in a most barbarous Manner; during which inhuman Treatment, which lasted an Hour and an Half, he was near expiring, and now lies dangerously ill. The Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, have promised a Reward of 50l. Sterling, to be paid upon the Conviction of any of them.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Virginia, to one in this Town, dated Williamsburg, May 29, 1769.

"*Inclosed are the Resolves, &c. which I doubt not will afford Satisfaction to the Virtuous, and Confusion to those of a different Character. Our late Assemblymen have endeared themselves so much to their Constituents by their patriotic Conduct, that it is expected they will receive the General Thanks of the People, and be invited to represent them at the next Assembly; and that the Charge of Election shall be paid by their Constituents. It is worthy of Observation, that altho' the Calling of this Assembly was delayed till 'twas too late to lay the public Levy for this Year, and several Laws, of considerable Consequence to the Country, were to expire, if not renewed this Session; yet the Assembly, judging the Liberties of the People of so much more Consequence, delayed not to enter, as soon as possible, on that Business, while they existed as an Assembly, tho' they expected the Event. However the Governor was not blamed, as we suppose he acted from Instructions, and I verily believe suffered more Uneasiness on the Occasion, than any other Person: For if Appearances are not very deceiving, he is a true and active Friend of the Colonies, and I hope will prove an effectual Mediator. I am," &c.*

Extract of a Letter from New-York, dated June 8, 1769.

"*We here impatiently expect to hear the Result of your Assembly's Deliberations concerning the Payment of the Troops, which Col. Robinson attends you, as I am told, to make a Requisition of.--We fear you may be, either by cajoling or Menaces, induced to grant Money for their Subsistence---But if you do, we shall lose all Hopes of you. You may depend every Art will be tried, and you have most to dread the Endeavours of some of your own People.*"

PROVIDENCE, *June* 17.

REHOBOTH, June 14.

On Saturday Evening last one Elisha Bliss, being in Company with some Women and Girls, at Obadiah Joy's, one of the young Women, named Mary Turner, on her Return home, was followed by said Bliss, who seized violently upon her, and being in Sight of a House, she endeavoured to Halloo; but, stopping her Mouth with his Handkerchief, he dragged her by the House, from which having got about 100 Rods, said Mary Turner on Oath declares, that the abovementioned Bliss, by Force, had carnal Knowledge of her Body. And still following her, kept her on the Road two Hours, until by Force he again repeated his Crime, notwithstanding her Endeavours to prevent him by Strength, Prayers and Tears. After this he still kept Company with her, and being yet above a Mile from home, she prevailed on him to let her go to the next House (pretending Business there) promising to return immediately, when she would permit him to go with her; but having informed the Family of the Conduct of said Bliss, he was taken up on Monday, and committed to Taunton Goal.

NEWPORT, June 19.

An eminent Wheelwright declared the other Day, That for one SPINNING WHEEL which he used to make, a short Time past, he now makes TEN, both in the Linen and Woollen Way; so greatly have the Linen and Woollen Manufactures increased in this Colony, in Consequence of the late oppressive, enslaving Acts.

NEW-YORK, June 26.

Captain Welsh, from Honduras, on the 30th of May, spoke with Captain Smith, in a Ship from Jamaica for Bristol, who told him, that 6 Days before, he had been close in with a Fleet of 7 Sail of Spanish Ships of the Line, who were beating round Cape Antonio.----He was near enough to the Admiral's Ship to have spoke with him, but they did not chuse to take any Notice of him.

The Beginning of last Week, his Majesty's Frigate the Hussar, Captain Conner, arrived at the Watering Place from the Eastward; and, we hear, is about to sail on a Cruize to the Westward.

Thursday Morning his Majesty's Ship Viper, Captain Lindsay, arrived here from Philadelphia; and, with his Majesty's Ship the Deal-Castle, now lies in our Harbour.

Captain Mackey, in 13 Days from Nevis, in Lat. 35, Long. 72, spoke with Captain Hodge, from Virginia, bound for Barbados, 48 Hours out.

Captain Hamilton in 7 Weeks from Cadiz, informs us, that a few Days before he sailed from thence, Advice was received there, that the French had actually taken two English Vessels, bound from London for Corsica, with Necessaries for the brave Paoli, and sent them as Prizes into some French Port in the Streights.

Yesterday Major ROGERS arrived here from Montreal.

Extract from General Orders. New-York, May 8, 1769.

"The Court is of Opinion, That Major ROBERT ROGERS is not guilty of any one of the Articles laid to his Charge; and therefore doth acquit him of the same.

"His Majesty is pleased to approve the Opinion of the Court, in acquitting the said Major ROBERT ROGERS of each of the said Articles of Charge, and to order that he be released from his Confinement.

"At the same Time it appears to his Majesty, that there was great Reason to suspect the said Major ROBERT ROGERS entertaining an improper and dangerous Correspondence; which Suspicion, the Account afterwards given of his meditating an Escape, tended to confirm." RICHARD MAITLAND, D. A. G.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.

On Saturday, the 24th Instant, died of the Small-pox, in the Bloom of Youth, Miss SALLY NORRIS, the second Daughter of ISAAC NORRIS, Esq; deceased.---A young Lady, whose good Sense, amiable Person, and distinguishing Virtues, were not more the Objects of Love and Admiration in all who knew her when living, than now the Occasion of Sorrow and Dejection, for the too early Loss of their Possessor.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Bristol, to his Friend in this Place, dated April 17, 1769.

"I find some of our People here are endeavouring to evade the Resolutions of your Merchants, large Quantities of Goods being now shipping for Maryland, which are intended for your Place, and New-York."

By Captain Adams, in 10 Weeks from Barcelona, we learn, that the Emperor of Morocco has agreed to furnish the Garrison of Gibraltar with live Stock, &c. and trade with the English, on the same Terms as formerly; which Trade, for some Time past, had been stopt, on Account of his demanding double Duties. Captain Adams also informs, that Captain Garret Brown, in a Brig belonging to Baltimore, sailed the 12th of April from Barcelona for Villa Nova, and from thence was to sail for the Groyne.

Since our last Captain Wilson arrived here from Cape Nichola, with whom came Passenger Captain Alexander Gear, late of the Brig Nancy, belonging to, and bound for Georgia from the Cape, which Vessel was unfortunately cast away the 17th of last Month on Heneago, and, together with the Cargoe, entirely lost; the People with Difficulty saved their Lives, having lost all their Clothes, &c. and had their Boat stove to Pieces; but they afterwards made a Raft, with which they got safe on Shore, from whence they got a Passage to the Mole in some Wreckers.

Captain Ferguson, from Antigua, on the 11th Instant, in Lat. 29:37, Long. 69:35, spoke a Sloop from the Grenades for Rhode-Island, out 16 Days, but did not learn the Master's Name.

Captain Leech, from Lisbon, on the 10th of May, in Lat. 30, Long. 32, spoke the Lord Cambden, and Duke of Cumberland Indiamen, outward-bound from London, who were then 14 Days from Portsmouth, and all well in each Ship; on the 6th Instant, in Lat. 29, Long. 59:30, spoke a Sloop from Rhode-Island for St. Kitts, 12 Days out; and on the 17th, in Lat. 36, Long. 68, he spoke another Sloop from Rhode-Island for the same Place, out 5 Days, but did not learn either of the Master's Names.

Sunday Evening last one Joseph Allen, late Mate of a Sloop in this Harbour, was found at one of the Wharffs in this City; he had been missing ever since last Friday Night, when it is supposed, in going on board pretty late, he fell overboard, and was drowned.

The Brig Concord, Captain Volans, is arrived at Bristol from this Place.

Captain Liddell, from Maryland, is arrived at Antigua.

☞ The PUBLIC COMMENCEMENT, for Degrees, both in the *Arts*, and in *Medicine*, will be opened in the College Hall of this City, precisely at Half an Hour past 8 o' Clock To-morrow Morning; and it is proposed to finish the Business in the Forenoon, on Account of the Heat of the Season. We hear that the principal Exercises (besides the Salutatory and Valedictory Orations) will be as follow, *viz.*

A Forensic Dispute, whether *Self-Love*, be the primary Motive of all human Actions?

An Oration on the most probable Method of attaining a good old Age.

A Forensic Dispute on the Question---Whether *Medicine* hath done most Good or Harm in the World?

An Oration in Honor of Medicine.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 14s. 3d. Wheat 5s. 6d. Indian Corn 2s. 6d. Ship Bread 13s. Middling Ditto 22s. White Ditto 29s. Pipe Staves 9l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 3l. Hogshead Ditto 5l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 4l. Beef 56s. Pork 85s. West-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 5d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 5d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muscovado Sugar 40 to 60s. Melasses 2s. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 12s. Tar 10s. Turpentine 17s. 6d. Tobacco 15s. to 30s. Rice 18s. Lisbon Salt 18d. Bohea Tea 3s. 4d. Hemp 5d. Cotton 18d. Bar Iron 24l. Pig Iron 8l. Mustard-seed 32s. a Bushel.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Two Brothers, J. Amory, from St. Christophers. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Mason, S. Carolina. Ship Molly, B. A. Allison, and Ship Earl of Donegall, D. Ferguson, Antigua. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, N. York. Sloop Abraham and Francis, J. Stephens, Tortola. Schooner Polly, W. Bartlet, Salem. Sloop Esther, J. Gilbert, St. Croix. Brig Lord Hyde, J. Taylor, St. Croix and Barbados. Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, N. Carolina. Sloop Hebe, J. Wilson, Hispaniola. Brig Nancy, T. Leech, Lisbon. Sloop Tom, B. Tuell, R. Island. Ship Esther, R. Adams, from Barcelona.

Outwards. Ship Sally, W. Keith, for Cork. Brig Polly and Nancy, S. Correy, Barbados. Snow Penn, J. Harkies, Madeira. Snow Rebecca, J. Miller, Cadiz. Schooner Polly, W. Bartlet, and Schooner St. Nicholas, E. Reed, Salem. Sloop Abraham and Francis, J. Stephens, for Tortola.

Cleared. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, to Barbados. Ship Rachel, J. Hanse, Jamaica. Schooner Cape-Fear Packet, R. Scott, N. Carolina. Brig Hibernia, W. Price, and Sloop Chance, R. Winter, St. Kitts. Ship Catherine, A. Henderson, Bristol. Brig Greyhound, J. Hazelwood, Dominica, Ship Phœbe, M. Davidson, Cork. Schooner Betsy, W. Martin, Maryland. Sloop Abigail, S. Thurstan, R. Island. Sloop Success, W. Cannon, and Schooner Kensington, F. Moon, St. Eustatia.

*** *The* CONTRIBUTORS *to the Sea Captains Club, are desired to attend their Quarterly Meeting on Monday, the 3d of July next, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-house.*

THE Managers of the York, Heidelberg, and Lebanon LOTTERY, beg Leave to acquaint the PUBLIC, That having not been favoured with Accounts of the Sale of their Tickets abroad, they are under the disagreeable Necessity of postponing the Drawing said Lottery, to the second Day of August next. Such Persons therefore as are yet unprovided, and chuse to become Adventurers therein, are desired to be speedy in their Applications to the Managers of said Lottery.

MISSING,

Supposed to have concealed HIMSELF in or near the outparts of Philadelphia city,

A BOY, between ten and eleven years old, light hair, and pale complexion, slim in his make, and short for his age; he was dressed in a blue and white striped jacket, leather breeches, white cotton stockings, and a white hat, with a blue silk lining, a silver basket button and loop: He was seen last Monday, about noon, on the Commons, near the Center-House; and on the same day, in the afternoon, and on Tuesday last, he was seen on the road leading from the sign of Whittington and his Cat, lately the sign of the Horse and Dray, to Passyunk; but has not been heard of since. All persons are desired to make enquiry after him, as his parents are very unhappy on account of his absence; and if any know of such a boy, where he is, they are desired to bring him to the house of William Goddard, in Chestnut-street, Printer of the Pennsylvania Chronicle, and they may depend on being well rewarded for their trouble. He absented himself, on account of cruel treatment he received from his Schoolmaster.

Philadelphia, June 25, 1769. ‡

East-Town, Chester County, June 19, 1769.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, living in East-Town, Chester county, the day of the date hereof, a bay MARE, 14 hands and 1 inch high, neither brand nor ear-mark, about 6 or 7 years old, one of her hind hoofs white, but not certain which, with a black curled mane, carries low, paces and trots, but most natural to her pace, has some white hair near her shoulder, caused by wearing a collar. Whoever takes her up, so as the owner may have her again, shall have Eight Dollars reward for the mare and thief, if stolen, or Four Dollars for the mare only, paid by ADAM JUNKIN. ‡

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on Saturday, the First Day of July next, about 4 o' Clock, will be sold by Vendue, a strong well built SHALLOP, with Mast, Sails and Rigging, Anchor and Cable, &c. as she lies in Chester Creek, near Jonas Preston's Wharff. Also will be sold a Bed, Rug and Blanket, Pot, Frying-Pan; and likewise a Quantity of Cedar Rails; all late the Property of John Hoover, seized in Execution, and to be sold by

¶ JOHN MORTON, *Sheriff.*

To be SOLD, by public vendue, to-morrow, being Friday, the 30th of this instant June, at the plantation of the subscriber (who intends to quit farming) in the Northern Liberties, on Schuylkill,

THE stock of the said plantation, consisting of near 100 sheep; bulls, cows, and steers, of different ages; also dressed flax, a broad-wheeled cart, and sundry other implements for the farm, dairy and garden: Likewise a crop of rye. The vendue to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon. The conditions will be made known at the time of sale.

To be LETT, and may be entered on immediately,

The plantation on which the subscriber now lives, containing 120 acres of Land, on which are a convenient dwelling-house (distinct from the principal tenement, which will be reserved) a good barn, stable, and other necessary out-houses; a garden of one acre and a half of ground, inclosed within a stone wall; 25 acres of wood-land; and 20 acres of good meadow, and more may easily be made. The remainder is well cleared, and the soil is good. It will be rented in one or two parts, as will be found most convenient. If a tenant chuses, six cows, and two horses, will be rented with the place.

To be SOLD, by private sale,

Two young healthy Negroe men; the one well acquainted with the business of a farm, the other with that of a garden. They can be well recommended for honesty, sobriety, and obedience, and have had the small-pox.

‡ JOHN MACPHERSON.

IF SARAH THOMSON, Daughter of Doctor THOMSON, of Lurgan, in the County of Armagh, in Ireland, will apply to the Printers hereof, she will hear of something considerable to her Advantage; or any Person giving Information concerning her, the Favour will be gratefully acknowledged. She is about 57 Years old, and was seen in Philadelphia about 18 Months since. §

Somerset County, New-Jersey, June 19, 1769.

RUN away, on Saturday, the 10th day of this instant, from the Subscribers, two Negroe men, one named Ben, of a yellow complexion, flat faced, bushy hair, about 5 feet 2 inches high, aged about 19 years; had on, when he went away, a brown homespun coat, lined with striped homespun, with metal buttons, black flowered everlasting jacket, a pair of linen breeches, or trowsers, a felt hat, and some other clothes; speaks good English and Dutch. The other named Jack, also of a yellowish complexion, aged about 21 years, about 5 feet 9 inches high; had on, when he went away, a blue coat, with white metal buttons, buckskin breeches, and several other cloathing, so it is likely he may change his dress; took with him a fiddle, and speaks good English and Dutch. They have both obtained a false pass, by which they pass for free mulattoes. Whoever apprehends the said Negroes, and secures them, so as their masters may have them again, and gives notice by a letter, by the post, to the Subscribers, near New-Brunswick, shall have Ten Dollars reward for both, or Five for either of them, and all reasonable charges, paid by LEFFERT WALDRON, ERNESTUS VAN HARLINGEN.

N. B. Their pass is signed with the name of Lefferty, a justice of the peace in the county of Somerset. They came over the Ferry at Bordentown, on Tuesday, the 13th instant, and went the post road to Philadelphia, and it is supposed they will try to push to sea. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry them off at their peril. §

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Thomas Williams, of the Northern Liberties, Boat-builder, deceased, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are desired to make speedy Payment; and those that have any Demands against said Estate, to bring in their Accounts (duly proved) that they may be adjusted and paid, by HANNAH WILLIAMS, WILLIAM RUSH, and JOHN WILLIAMS, Execut.

N. B. The Boat-building Business is now carried on by John Williams, who hopes his Father's old Customers, and others, will please to favour him with their Custom, who may depend on being well served, by their humble Servant,

¶ JOHN WILLIAMS.

*** To be SOLD, A LIKELY healthy Negroe Man, about Twenty-four Years of Age, understands attending a Table, taking Care of Horses, and is fit for any Work that requires Strength. Enquire of SAMUEL JOHNSTON, Esq; in York-Town.

Carliſle, June 10, 1769.

To be SOLD, *or* LETT *for a Term of Years, by the* SUBSCRIBER,

THE *Houſe and Lot wherein he now lives, ſituate in High-ſtreet, near the Court-Houſe, in ſaid Town; which is, and has been theſe ſeveral Years paſt, a noted and well frequented Tavern; the Houſe being large, and well finiſhed, with well finiſhed Kitchens, Stables, and other Out-houſes, a choice Well of Water in the Yard, and a good Garden, all in good Repair. The Purchaſer, upon paying one Half the Purchaſe Money, will have Time given for the Payment of the other Half, upon giving Security, if required. For further Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber, on the Premiſes, who will give an indiſputable Title for the ſame.*

¶ *JAMES POLLOCK.*

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, about a month ago, from the Subſcriber, in Earl townſhip, Lancaſter county, a certain CHRISTOPHER OWENS, a tall ſlim made young fellow, about 20 years of age, born in Ireland, ſpeaks good Dutch and Engliſh, of a dark complexion, has black hair, and has a ſcar in one of his legs, from a kick of a horſe. Whoever takes up ſaid Owens, and ſecures him in any goal in this province, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

June 22, 1769. § ROBERT WALLACE.

Philadelphia, June 6. 1769.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, the 22d of May laſt, an apprentice boy, named Evan Bradbury Morgan, country born, about 16 years of age, 5 feet high, full faced, of a ſwarthy complexion, light brown hair, has a very ſly look, and very apt to tell plauſible lies; had on, when he went away, an old beaver hat, a claret coloured coat and breeches, black waiſtcoat, blue ſtockings, old ſhoes, and braſs buckles; but as he carried with him other clothes, not known, it is likely he may change his dreſs; it is ſuppoſed he is gone towards Muſhmillion, as his mother lives there. Whoever ſecures ſaid apprentice, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Eighteen-pence reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN OBRIAN, Taylor, below the Drawbridge, Front-ſtreet.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to entertain, or carry off ſaid boy, at their peril. ¶

Lancaſter Goal, June 11, 1769.

THIS day was committed to my cuſtody, a certain Roger Egan, who confeſſes that he was ſold to John Oblanuſs, near M'Colleſter's, in York county; he is a ſhort thick fellow, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, ſhort black curled hair; had on, when committed, a brown coat, old leather breeches, a good felt hat, tow ſhirt, old ſhoes, and copper buckles. This is to deſire his maſter, if any he has, to come and pay his ſaid ſervant's charges, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold out for his fees, in three weeks from the date hereof, by

¶ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

Lancaſter, June 19, 1769.

THIS day was committed to my cuſtody, a certain John Carril, who confeſſes to be a ſervant to James Wilſon; but the ſaid James Wilſon had ſold the ſaid ſervant to George M'Dill, a mile on this ſide the Gap, in Lancaſter county. The ſaid ſervant has been a ſoldier, is 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and pock-marked; had on, when committed, a check ſhirt, an old jacket, and a felt hat. This is to deſire his maſter, if any he has, to come and pay his ſaid ſervant's charges, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold out for his fees, in three weeks from the date hereof, by

¶ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

Carliſle Goal, June 13, 1769.

WAS committed here, five men; one who calls himſelf James Bell, ſays he is a ſervant to John Champ, near Duck-creek in Virginia, about 10 *or* 12 *miles from Leeſburgh; another who calls himſelf John Wilſon, ſays he is a ſervant to John Ogden, waterman, in the Weſt-Jerſeys, about* 12 *or* 14 *miles from Brunſwick, and about* 10 *miles from the ſign of the Red Lion; he has on a large iron collar. Likewiſe two others, who call themſelves William Kittoe, and Richard May, ſay they belong to Philip Hall, in Prince-George's county, Maryland, one of them has a large ſcar on his cheek, and is blind of an eye. The fifth calls himſelf Lawrence Kearney, ſays he is a ſervant to Richard Longin, in the ſaid county, in Maryland, near Duck-creek, about* 10 *miles from Bladenſburg. Their maſters (if any they have) are deſired to come, within ſix weeks, pay their charges, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be ſold for the ſame, by* ROBERT SEMPLE, *Goaler.* §

Eaſton, June 23, 1769.

WAS committed to the goal of this county, a man, who calls himſelf JAMES CLARK, *he was ſent here on ſuſpicion of being a run-away ſervant; his right name is ſuppoſed to be* EVAN DAVIS, *who was advertiſed lately in Maryland, by Jonathan Roberts, and Samuel Blunt; he is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, ſandy complexion, his dreſs very indifferent. Whoever has any right to this man, is deſired to come and take him away, in 6 weeks time, or elſe he will be diſcharged.*

ALSO a man, who calls himſelf JAMES M'KINSEY, *is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, full faced, of a blackiſh complexion; he ſays he is a ſervant belonging to John Abbot, on the eaſt-ſide of the North River, in New-York government. His maſter is deſired to come and take him away, in 6 weeks time, or elſe he will be diſcharged, by*

‡ JACOB BACHMAN, Goaler.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 30th of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, that valuable and noted tavern, commonly known by the ſign of the Crooked Billet, ſituate in Horſham townſhip, on Old York road, 16 miles from Philadelphia; together with about 14 acres of land, 4 acres whereof are good meadow ground; the ſituation is pleaſant, and very convenient for any ſort of buſineſs; the houſe has 4 large rooms on the lower floor, and 5 on the ſecond. There are likewiſe a large kitchen, work-ſhop, barn, ſtables, ſheds, and other out-houſes, erected thereon; the whole is in good repair; now in the tenure of Aſaph Wilſon; late the eſtate of Matthias Harvey; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

TO be ſold by public vendue on Saturday, the firſt of July next, at 7 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, if not ſold before by private ſale; SIX certain meſſuages or tenements, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, a little below Walnut-ſtreet, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet near 27 feet, with two brick tenements two ſtory high, and continue the ſame width to Dock-ſtreet; whereon is a new two ſtory brick tenement, well finiſhed, fronting ſaid ſtreet, with a 6 feet alley adjoining, leading up to the back of the firſt mentioned tenements, with a new pump, and excellent water. There are in ſaid alley three brick tenements, two ſtory high, and are bounded ſoutherly by ground of Henry Liſle, and northerly by ground of the Widow Armit, and Hannah Steel. The above tenements are inſured for 600 l. for 7 years. The whole lett now for above 90 l. per annum. The whole ſubject to a groundrent of 40 l. currency per annum. For further information, apply to Mr. PAUL ISAAC VOTO, Scrivener, or JOHN NEWBY, at Fogg's Manor, in Cheſter County.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber by bond, note or otherwiſe, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame by the firſt of Auguſt, or expect to be dealt with as the law directs, without further notice. ‡ JOHN NEWBY.

TO be SOLD, the 1ſt day of July next, at public vendue, in the Borough of Briſtol, Bucks County, Pennſylvania, A valuable LOT, containing about 3 acres of good LAND; whereon there is a large brick houſe and kitchen, 2 ſtories high, a convenient ſhop for a ſhoemaker, or ſeveral other trades, a bearing orchard, of about 70 apple-trees. The conditions of ſale to be made known at the time and place, by me

§ SAMUEL BURGES.

N. B. Likewiſe to be SOLD at the ſame time and place, ſeveral ſorts of HOUSHOLD GOODS.

To be SOLD, *by public vendue, on Saturday, the firſt of July next, at noon, at the London Coffee-Houſe,*

The FAMOUS HORSE

NORTHUMBERLAND,

BRED by Lord Mazareen, in Ireland, and got by Old England, ſon to the Goldophin Arabian, and own Brother to his Grace the Duke of Ancaſter's famous ſtallion Blank, ſire to Lottery, his dam by Mr. Panton's noted Crab, his grandam by Old Partner, which was Mr. Panton's famous Witherington mare, his dam was alſo the dam of Ferdinand, high bred Froſty-face, and Mercury, and own ſiſter to Shepherd's Crab. Northumberland is fifteen hands high, ſtrong, boney, and beautiful; he won, with eaſe, the HUNDRED POUNDS purſe at Philadelphia, in October laſt, and three weeks after won a ſubſcription purſe, beating over the New-market courſe, on Hampſtead Plains, ſome very capital racers.

ON Tueſday, the 4th of July next, at One o' Clockin the Afternoon, will begin the Sale, at public Vendue, at Peele Hall, on Wiſſahickon Road, of all the Houſhold and Kitchen Furniture of the late Captain William Dowell, deceaſed, conſiſting of great Variety; alſo all the live Stock on the Farm, and Implements of Huſbandry. *Philadelphia, June* 17, 1769. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 5th day of July next, by the Subſcriber, living in Radnor townſhip, Cheſter county,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in the aforeſaid townſhip, 13 miles from Philadelphia, and nearly adjoining the road leading to Lancaſter, containing about 200 acres of good land, near (or about) one half cleared, the reſt well timbered; there is on ſaid place a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, and out-houſes, a conſiderable quantity of watered meadow already, and more may be made, alſo a large bearing orchard of the beſt grafted fruit, and a conſtant ſpring of water near the door, with a houſe over the ſame. The whole will be ſold together, or divided, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer. The conditions of ſale will be made known, at the time and place aforeſaid, by

¶ DAVID REES.

Suſſex County, on Delaware.

ON the ſixth day of June inſtant, was taken up a Negroe BOY, by John Wood, of Lewis Town, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway, and committed to the goal of the county aforeſaid; and upon examination, he is found to anſwer every deſcription (except his cloathing, which he ſays is changed) of a boy advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, No. 2110, by John Brockenbrough, of Hobb's-Hole, in Virginia. His maſter may have him again, by applying to

¶ BOAZ MANLOVE, Sheriff.

THE Adventurers in the Firſt Claſs of the PHILADELPHIA and WORCESTER LOTTERY, are deſired to take Notice, That the Time allowed them by Act of Aſſembly, to renew their Tickets in the Second Claſs, will expire the 27th Day of July:---The MANAGERS therefore requeſt thoſe that intend to renew, to apply within the Time, as many People are waiting to take up any Tickets that may be forfeited. The Drawing will begin on Monday, the 31ſt of July, at Mr. Joſiah Davenport's Long Room, in Third-ſtreet.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living near the head of Cheſter river, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, in the night of the 14th inſtant, a convict ſervant man, named William Prees, about 50 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, is broad ſet, his hair almoſt white, the top of his head bald, and has a particular wink, or leer, with his eyes, when talking. Alſo a Negroe fellow, named Ben, between 30 and 40 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and very black. They took with them 4 pair of old leather breeches, a new white ſhirt, the linen about 3 s. per yard, 2 white, and 2 brown ſhirts, much worn, 2 white country kerſey jackets, not milled, a dark coloured fearnought jacket, a white Welſh cotton ditto, a claret coloured and brown ditto, both cloth, a brown camblet coat, 3 felt hats, and 4 pair of ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid convict and Negroe, or either of them, ſo that the Subſcriber may have them again, ſhall receive Twenty Shillings each, if taken in the province, or Forty Shillings each, if taken out of the province, and reaſonable charges.

May 22, 1769. JOHN SEALE. ¶

LAWRENCE GROWDON,

Of Benſalem, in Bucks County, intending to quit Farming, has for ſale,

ONE NEGROE LAD, about 17 Years old, and one NEGROE WOMAN, about 20 Years old; both brought up to Country Buſineſs, and have had the Small-pox. ‖

Pompton, Bergen County, Eaſt-Jerſey, May 22, 1769.

WHEREAS on Friday, the 19th inſtant, the Subſcriber lodged in the houſe of the widow Fin, near Pompton, in Bergen county, Eaſt-Jerſey, and a certain John Moore, a Schoolmaſter, lodged along with him, but before morning was gone, and had ſtolen from ſaid Subſcriber 57 l. Proc. and a watch, with a china outer caſe, the inner one of ſilver, ſomewhat out of repair. Said Moore is a ſhort groſs man, very broad faced, much pock-broken, and has very black hair; had on a blue coat, ſcarlet jacket, lappel breaſted, new buckſkin breeches, braſs buckles in his ſhoes, and had with him a black velvet jacket and breeches. Any perſon that apprehends ſaid Moore, and lodges him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have Twenty Dollars reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me

ANDREW ARMSTRONG.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, living in Philadelphia, a Servant Man, by Trade a Blackſmith, named Hopkins Driver, about 34 Years of Age. He had on when he went away, a light coloured Coat, lately widened in the Sides, a ſtriped Linſey Jacket blue and green, a Pair of Buckſkin Breeches lately altered, light Worſted Stockings, a Pair of Pumps new ſoled, a half-worn Beaver Hat, an old Check Shirt, with a black Handkerchief about his Neck; but he may perhaps change or ſell his Clothes. He is very fond of running away, this being the 20th Time. He is about 5 Feet high, has a thin Face, brown Hair, the Front Part of his Head newly ſhaved, a pale look, very much pock-marked, bowed Thighs, and boſſoned, was born in London, is very fond of ſtrong Liquor, and exceſſive talkative about his Work. He calls himſelf an Iron-plate Worker, and pretends to be a Blackſmith in all its Branches. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, if taken in Philadelphia, and FORTY SHILLINGS if out of it, by me JOSEPH HOLDSTOCK, at the Sign of the Coffee-Mill, in Front-ſtreet, oppoſite the Bank Meeting-houſe, near Arch-ſtreet, at Philadelphia,

N. B. All Blackſmiths are forbid to employ him, and all Maſters of Veſſels to carry him off, at their Peril. ‡

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away on Sunday, the 28th of May, 1769, from the Subſcriber, Inn-keeper, at the Sign of the Black Horſe, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, a Servant Man, named JAMES WATSON, about 23 Years of Age, born in Scotland, came to Philadelphia laſt Fall, pretends to be a Clock-maker, and has ſeveral Tools belonging to that Trade with him, ſpeaks on the Scotch Dialect, about 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, walks light, has a lively Look, lightiſh coloured Hair, a browniſh coloured Coat, with Mohair Buttons, two white Shirts, two Hats, one new, and the other old, Buckſkin Breeches, about half worn, two or three pair of Stockings, new turned Pumps, and Buckles in them, and ſeveral other Clothes, not particularly known, ſo that he may change his Clothes, and diſguiſe himſelf as much as poſſible, can write a tolerable good Hand, and perhaps may write a Paſs, and endeavour to paſs for a free Man, has Money with him, but how much is not known. Any Perſon or Perſons apprehending and ſecuring ſaid Servant in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward of SIX DOLLARS, and reaſonable Charges, paid, by applying to

‡ WILLIAM GRAHAM.

This is to inform the PUBLIC,

THAT WILLIAM PARKINSON, Flax-dreſſer from Lancaſter, in Old-England, late of Elm-ſtreet, has now opened his ſtore in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, three doors from the Croſs Keys, where he keeps for ſale dreſſed flax, and hemp of all ſorts.-----Such of his former cuſtomers, and others, who pleaſe to favour him with their commands, may depend on having goods no ways inferior to any here, or in Europe, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

N. B. Any perſon wanting hemp milled, or heckled, by applying to the ſaid William Parkinſon, may have it done in the beſt and ſpeedieſt manner, and at the cheapeſt rate. §

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of choice WOODLAND (chiefly Hickory) containing near 100 Acres, ſituate in Blockley Townſhip, and bounded on Haverford and Lancaſter Roads, little more than one Mile from the Corporation Ferry on Schuylkill. There are ſeveral very fine Springs and Runs of Water running through it, and there may be readily made a few Acres of very good Meadow; it will be ſold the whole together, or in ſuch Lots as may ſuit the Buyer. For other Particulars, apply to HENRY LISLE, in Philadelphia, juſt below Second-ſtreet Bridge.

To be SOLD, or LETT on Groundrent for ever, on very eaſy Terms, by ſaid LISLE, ſeveral Lots, of different Dimenſions, Part being on Eighth-ſtreet continued, about 300 Feet to the Southward of Cedar or South-ſtreet of this City, and Part on a very pleaſant 50 Feet Lane or Street, running Weſtward from Southwark; a Plan whereof may be ſeen by applying as above.

N. B. A Purchaſer for the Land in Blockley, on paying one Third Part down, may have two or three Years to pay the other two Thirds, in which Time the Wood, being brought to this City (only three Miles from the Court-houſe) at proper Seaſons, will ſell for more than double the Purchaſe Money, and leave the Land clear to the Owner. †

To be LETT *or* SOLD,

By JAMES HALDANE, *Copperſmith,*

THE Meſſuage or Tenement, wherein he now dwells, with the Lot of Ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the Eaſt Side of Second-ſtreet, near the Corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia.---The many Advantages of the Situation for the carrying on of any Kind of Buſineſs, on Account of its Vicinity to the Market, renders the ſame very valuable, and nothing but the Owner's Intention of removing to Lancaſter, could have induced him to part with the ſame. Any Perſon inclinable to rent or purchaſe, may apply to the Owner, and know the Terms. ‡ 5 T.b.c.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land, containing 200 acres, ſituate in Reeding-Iſland Neck, St. George's Hundred, in the county of New-Caſtle, within a quarter of a mile of Delaware river, and a public landing, 40 acres thereof good meadow, the remainder upland, of which about one half is cleared, the reſt woodland, very well timbered; there is upon the premiſes, a convenient dwelling-houſe, a barn, ſtables, and other out-houſes. Alſo to be ſold, 100 acres of marſh, near ſaid tract. An indiſputable title will be made to the purchaſer, who (on giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt) may have conſiderable time given for payment of the purchaſe money, if deſired; for further particulars, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

‡ CORNELIUS CARTY.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO MEN; one a healthy Negroe Man, in the Prime of Life, very fit to wait on a Gentleman, or for any other Employment; he underſtands the Skinner's Trade well. The other a white Man, who has about 4 Years to ſerve, a ſtrong young Fellow, fit for country Buſineſs; he alſo underſtands the Skinner's Trade. Whoever has a Mind for either of them, may apply to

Philadelphia, May 30. ¶ NATHAN COOK.

RUN away, on the 16th of laſt month, from the Subſcriber, living in Pencader Hundred, New-Caſtle county, a ſervant man, named RICHARD SEBLEY, a woman's heel-maker by trade; he is a thick ſhort fellow, about 5 feet 4 inches high; had on, when he went away, a blue-grey broad cloth coat, a cotton and linen jacket, a pair of ſerge-denim breeches, almoſt new, and a caſtor hat; he wears his own hair, has ſhort legs, and very flat footed; he is given to ſtrong drink, and when in liquor talks much; and generally has a large quid of tobacco in his mouth. He was born in the weſt of England, and talks generally in that dialect. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſends him to WILLIAM HEMPHILL, at Wilmington, ſhall have Fifty Shillings reward; or if taken at Philadelphia, and put in that goal, Forty Shillings, paid by me

§ CHARLES WILSON.

Bucks County, May 30, 1769.

RUN away the 27th of this Inſtant, from the Subſcriber, living in Warwick Townſhip, a Servant Girl, named Martha Clemens, about 15 Years old, much pitted with the Small-pox, buſhy black Hair, dark Complexion, with a ſullen down Look; had on when ſhe went away, a blue and white ſtriped ſhort Gown, a Linſey Petticoat, a white Linen Bonnet and Apron, and other Clothes unknown; it is ſuppoſed ſhe will make towards Durham Iron-works. Any Perſon that will take up the above deſcribed Servant, and ſecure her, ſo that her Maſter may have her again, ſhall have THREE DOLLARS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

† JOSEPH DUNCAN, junior.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1769.

RUN away, from on board the Brigantine Nancy, DANIEL DINGEE Maſter, from Cork, on the Morning of the 7th Inſtant, two Iriſh Servant Men, one named WILLIAM LYONS, about 5 feet 5 Inches high, and a well ſet Fellow, has a remarkable ſquinting ill Look, is ſuppoſed to have changed his Cloaths, and to appear as a Sailor; he is a Fuller and Dyer by Trade. The other named JOHN MAHER, about the ſame Height, ſmooth Face, dark Complexion, and crooked Noſe, wears his own Hair tied behind, and profeſſes to have ſerved as a Gentleman's Servant. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants, ſo that their Maſter may have them again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS Reward, or FIFTY SHILLINGS for each or either of them, and reaſonable Charges, paid by the ſaid DANIEL DINGEE, or JOSHUA FISHER and SONS. †

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